

IELTS, BBA, MBA, BCS-সহ বিভিন্ন competitive পরীক্ষা

Viva-র জন্য এই বইটি therapy-র মতো কাজ করবে।

Saifur's

VIVA

Question Bank

এবং সমাধান

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IELTS-এর Speaking Module-এর জন্য এই বইটিতে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলো practice করলেই চলবে। প্রথম ৩ পৃষ্ঠায় ব্রিটিশ কাউন্সিলের কিছু উপদেশ সরাসরি তুলে দেয়া হলো।

Tips from British Council

The Speaking Module takes between 11 and 14 minutes.
It consists of an oral interview between the candidate and an examiner.

Important tips for phase one

In part 1 the candidates answer *verb* (উত্তর দেয়া) general questions about themselves, their homes/families, their jobs/studies, their interests, and a range of (আ রেইঞ্জ অফ) similar familiar topic areas.

This part lasts between 4 and 5 minutes.

Personal details:

These are the details (ডিটেইলস) you will have to fill in for the phase one.

Family name, other name, Nationality, First language, Occupation, Home town, District, Ambition(উচ্চাকাঙ্ক্ষা).

How did you learn English?

What are your personal interests?

What is your future plan?

Why are you taking this test?

In part 2 the candidate is given a verbal prompt on a card and is asked to talk on a particular topic. The candidate has one minute to prepare before speaking at length, for about two minutes. The examiner then asks one or two rounding-off questions.

অর্থাৎ IELTS Speaking Test-এর দ্বিতীয় অংশে একটি card(তার মানে, এক টুকরো শক্ত কাগজ) দেয়া হবে। এই card-গুলোকেই প্রচলিত ভাষায় cue card বলা হয়। এই card-এ কিছু মৌখিক prompt দেয়া হবে। নীচে 1 থেকে 12 পর্যন্ত বারোটি verbal prompt উদাহরণ হিসেবে দেয়া হলোঃ

1. Your favorite TV serial/movie/drama

What is it? When is it shown?

Why do you like it?

How does it influence your attitude(এটিটিউড - দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি)?

2. Your favorite person

Who is he/she?

Why do you like the person?

How does this person influence your decision? (এই ব্যক্তি আপনার সিদ্ধান্ত নেয়ার ক্ষেত্রে কিভাবে প্রভাব ফেলে?)

3. Favorite garment

What is it?

Does your dress style represent your personality?

4. A trip you made

When did you take the trip?

How was it?

Why do you think the trip was memorable?

5. Future plan

What is your future plan?

Why did you choose it?

How will this help you in your future?

What can you do for your country by this?

6. Clothes(ক্লোজ - পোশাক পরিচ্ছেদ)

What kinds of clothes do you like to wear?

Why do you prefer such kinds of clothes?

Tell me something about traditional clothes.(তোমাদের ঐতিহ্যবাহী পোশাক সম্পর্কে কিছু বল।)

What is the importance of traditional clothes? (ঐতিহ্যবাহী বা প্রচলিত পোশাকের গুরুত্ব কি?)

7. Gift

What is the best gift in your life?

Who gave you the gift?

Why is it special to you?

8. What is the extreme weather you have experienced?

Where were you?

What happened then?

How is the weather of your region?

9. Animal right

What do you mean by it?

Do you support it?

Is animal right preserved in your country?

10. Environmental hazard(হাঝার্ড - ঝুঁকি)

What sort of environmental hazards do you see in Dhaka city?

What are the causes of these hazards?

Give some suggestions to solve these problems.

11. Building and safety

What is your favorite building?

Where is it?

Why is it your favorite building?

What is your opinion about safety and construction?

12. Your city

What are the specialties of your city? (তোমার শহরের বিশেষত্বসমূহ কি?)

What are the drawbacks?

What can be done to overcome(ওভারকাম - কাটিয়ে ওঠা) the problems?

Cue Card (Verbal Prompt) অংশের সময় কথা চালিয়ে যাওয়া এবং to the point-এর উপর কথা বলা একটি vital (গুরুত্বপূর্ণ) factor। তাই কিছু tricks apply করলে খুব সহজেই ভাল করা যায়, আর তা হলোঃ Prepared হবার জন্য Cue Card-এ প্রদত্ত Topic-এর উপর কথা শুরু করার আগে আপনাকে ১ মিনিট সময় দেয়া হবে এবং সাথে একটি blank sheet দেয়া হবে। Cue Card-এ যে ৩/৪-টি প্রশ্ন আছে, তার উত্তরের জন্য কিছু key words চিন্তা ভাবনা করে ঐ sheet-এ লিখে ফেলুন। কখনোই ১ মিনিট শেষ হবার আগে বলা শুরু করবেন না। Examiner-ই আপনাকে কথা বলার জন্য বলবেন।

আপনি কথা শুরু করার পর প্রথম ১ মিনিটের মধ্যে এই key words-এর মাধ্যমে conversation করে cue card-এ প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নের উত্তরগুলো দিয়ে ফেলুন। এবার নির্বিধায় আপনি পরবর্তী ১ মিনিট related topic-এর উপর কথা চালিয়ে যান। এই কথা বলার সময় কোন প্রশ্ন উচ্চারণ করা যাবে না। আসলে এ পর্যায়ে আপনাকে একটা Monologue (একক বক্তব্য, অর্থাৎ একলা একলাই একটানা কথা বলা) চালিয়ে যেতে হবে; এই monologue-এর মধ্যে Verbal Prompt-এর প্রশ্নগুলোর জবাব থাকতে হবে।

এতে আপনার ২টি লাভ হবেঃ

প্রথমতঃ যেহেতু question-এর উত্তরগুলো logically এবং clearly দেয়া হলো এতে proved হলো যে, আপনার বক্তব্যের **content and relevance** হলো very good!

দ্বিতীয়তঃ পরবর্তী ১ মিনিটে আপনি Cue Card topic-এর ঠিক যে বিষয়ের উপর emphasis (জোর দেয়া) করবেন, আপনার পরবর্তী Question এর উপরেই করা হবে, ফলে আপনি জানতে পারছেন যে, আপনার পরবর্তী Question কি হচ্ছে!

মনে করুন, নীচের Cue Card-টি আপনাকে দেয়া হলো।

Gift

What is the best gift in your life?
Who gave you the gift?
Why is it special to you?

এবার, একবার একটু চিন্তা করে উপরের প্রতিটি প্রশ্নের ব্যাপারে key words আপনাকে দেয়া blank sheet-এ নীচের মত করে লিখে ফেলুন।

**a book "The Brief History of Time"
Uncle
easy explanation about science.
the English was easy to understand
new idea.**

Examiner: Could you start, please?

Student: Well, a gift is a very important thing for a person's life. Recently, I have got one gift from my uncle and that is a book named "*The Brief History of Time*", written by Stephen William Hawkins. It has some specialty like very simple and easily understandable explanation of the recent developments of science. Really, I found it unbelievable that how a world class scientist has explained the critical scientific concepts in the easiest way so that anybody can understand them.

This gift is special to me because the book is enjoyable & it is instructive as well. It opens new windows for a person's life. It has enriched my knowledge

এভাবে দু মিনিট ধরে বলতে থাকুন

Important tips for phase 3

The examiner and the candidate will engage in a discussion of more abstract(আবস্ট্রাক্ট - বিমূর্ত = ধরা ছোঁয়া যায় না এমন) issues and concepts (ধারণা) which are thematically(বিষয়বস্তুগতভাবে) linked to the topic prompt in Part 2. The discussion lasts between 4 and 5 minutes.

অর্থাৎ IELTS Speaking Test-এর এটি হলো তৃতীয় বা শেষ পর্যায়। এই পর্যায়ে প্রার্থীকে এমন কিছু প্রশ্ন করা হবে যেগুলো Speaking Test-এর দ্বিতীয় পর্যায়ের Verbal Prompt-এর topic-এর সম্পর্কযুক্ত।

Example question for phase 3:

1. Festival related

Do you think festival(ফেস্টিভাল - উৎসব) can change in future?

What's your opinion about spending(স্পেন্ড - ব্যয় করা) a lot of money on certain festivals?

Holidays during festivals diminish(ভিনিশ - হ্রাস করা) the productivity of a country.

How far do you agree with the statement(স্টেটমেন্ট - উক্তি)?

2. Food related

What type of food do you eat everyday?

Compare the food habit(খাদ্যাভ্যাস) of Europe with that of the subcontinent(উপমহাদেশ).

Do you agree that with the change in food habit the life span(স্প্যান - জীবনের কিছু সময়) of a person can vary(ভ্যারি - ভিন্ন হওয়া)?

Cooking(রান্নাবান্না) is an essential(য়েসেনশিয়াল - অপরিহার্য) quality for all women - do you agree or disagree?

What are the types of food necessary for a healthy diet(ডাইয়েট - খাদ্য)?

3. Person Related

What makes people famous? How do people become famous (বিখ্যাত)?

What are the advantages and disadvantages(ডিস্যাডভ্যান্টেজেস - অসুবিধাসমূহ) of being famous?

Do you agree that famous people can influence public opinion? (তুমি কি এ ব্যাপারে একমত যে, বিখ্যাত ব্যক্তি জনমত গঠনে প্রভাব ফেলে?)

4. School subject education

What was the range(রেঞ্জ - area) of subject taught in your school?

Did you feel any topic or area of interest was missing from your school curriculum(কারিকিউলাম - নির্ধারিত পাঠ্যক্রম)?

What are the benefits of studying on your own and learning with a teacher?

How far do you think school education prepares people for life? Are there any practical/useful subjects taught in your school?

5. Educational System related

Do you think schools in your country provide very stupid(স্টিউপিড - অর্থহীন) education for your children?

What can the government do to improve the quality of education in your country?

Do you support regular classes and attendance of students in your schools/ colleges?

Should students be allowed to take part in political activity?

6. Entertainment/film related

What types of film are most popular in your age group? Why?

Can you explain how people's taste(রুচি) in film changes as they grow older(বয়স্ক হওয়া)?

Have you seen any special film recently(সম্প্রতি)?

Do you think film seeing(দেখা) will increase or decrease in the next 10 years? Why?

7. Wedding(বিবাহ) ceremony/cultural heritage(হেরিটেজ - ঐতিহ্য) related

What sort of marriage is encouraged in your culture?(তোমাদের সংস্কৃতিতে কি ধরনের বিবাহের জন্য উৎসাহিত করা হয়?)

Do you agree that spending too much money in wedding should be encouraged(য়েন্কারেইজ্ - উৎসাহ দেওয়া)?

What is the ideal(আইডিঅ্যাল - শ্রেষ্ঠ ও সর্বোত্তম) age for getting married. Why?

Marriages are made by heaven(হেভন্ - ঈশ্বর; নিয়তি). If the statement is true, why do many marriages breakup(ভেঙ্গে দেওয়া)?

8. Free time/leisure related

What sort of leisure(লেইজার্ - অবসর) activities are most popular in your country?

Can you compare the leisure activities(অবসর কাটানোর কার্যক্রম) of your country with those of European countries?

9. Own family related

What is the family structure in your country?

Do you think joint family(যৌথ পরিবার) is becoming isolated (বিচ্ছিন্ন)?

What are the reasons behind it?

Now-a-days children have less contact(সংস্পর্শ) with their grand parents. How does it affect(এ্যাফেক্ট - প্রভাব ফেলা) their teenage(টিনেজ্ - তের হইতে উনিশ পর্যন্ত যে কোন বয়সী) mind?

10. Photograph related

Can you outline the reason why people take photographs?

On what different occasions are photos taken?

Photograph is sometimes used for blackmailing people - what's your opinion?

11. Science and technology related

In this age of computer, people of different parts of the world are still ignorant(অজ্ঞ) about the contribution(অবদান) of science. Comment(মন্তব্য করা) about it.

These days children prefer(প্রেফার - অধিকতর পছন্দ করা) watching T.V. to reading books - do you agree?

Can you describe how science and technology have made life easier?

In this modern world,-in which sectors(ক্ষেত্রসমূহ) do you think scientists and researchers will work in future?

12. Media related

Can you describe the function of a newspaper?

What type of people become journalist(সাংবাদিক)?

What responsibilities(দায়-দায়িত্ব) do journalists have to the public?

Can you compare the function of newspaper with that of TV?

13. Teacher related

Can you outline the qualities of a teacher?

Do you think teachers are more commercial (বাণিজ্যিক) these days?

What can the government do to improve the quality of a teacher? (একজন শিক্ষকের গুণগতমান উন্নয়নে সরকার কি করতে পারে?)

General Questions

001. What is your name?

Ans: My name is

002. By what name(কি নামে) should I call you?

Ans: You may call me

003. How long have you been living there?

Ans: I live in

004. How long have you been living there?

Ans: I have been living there for the last 20 years.

005. Describe yourself.

Ans: I believe I am a hard working person with a strong faith and a little emotion (a lot of other answers can be given). But the word that best describes me is 'punctual'.

006. Tell me something about your educational background(অভিজ্ঞতা).

Ans: I have completed my graduation fromBefore that I studied at I had my schooling in

007. Where is your native(নেইটিভ - স্থানীয়) town?

Ans: My native town isIt is situated near the city

008. How often do you go there?

Ans: I am afraid I have not had the opportunity to visit my town regularly in the past few years.

009. What sort of transport do you use?

Ans: I usually use a bus for distances too long for walking. I enjoy walking in the city. I also take the opportunity to ride a rickshaw if it is possible.

010. Tell me about your future plan.

Ans: I look forward to moving to (England) to seek higher education. After that, I may want to try to settle in a European country.

011. In which section do you want to be skilled(দক্ষ)?

Ans: I am willing to be skilled in the section. Nowadays, knowledge of this section has become very important to us from a national point of view. I think it will offer me a better future as well.

012. Describe one traditional(প্রচলিত) skill.

Ans: Well, people want to be skilled in various sectors - one of them is engineering. Engineering as a profession is often considered elite in our country. It has a vast area of operation ranging from building houses on earth to sending space shuttles to Mars.

013. How efficient(য়েফিশিয়েন্ট - দক্ষ) is it?

Ans: Engineering, in general, is quite efficient from the point of view of national progress and personal career development.

014. Do you live in a house or flat?

Ans: I live in a house/flat.

015. Advantage/disadvantage?

Ans: Living in a house has many advantages over living in a flat. A flat is a restricted piece of space with a lot of rules and regulations. A house is more free and it has a chance to be closer to the nature. The disadvantages include the lack of privacy which may occur in cases.

016. Problems you faced in your school life.

Ans: I actually had a happy school life. Still, I could not really get along with a few of my friends nicely. I also happened to dislike the way a few teachers taught. Other than that, it was smooth.

017. What is your leisure interest (অবসরকালীন সময় কাটানোর বিনোদনমূলক) উপায়)?

Ans: I spend my leisure in reading. I take a lot of pleasures in it.

018. Is it common in your country?

Ans: No, I don't think so. The habit of reading is slowly becoming rare among people over here. The advent (অ্যাডভেন্ট - আবির্ভাব) of the internet and mobile technologies has played an important role in this.

019. Why do you think reading is important?

Ans: Reading lets us know the thoughts of others. It is a great way to share our philosophies. It is a pleasant process of learning. Developing a habit of reading, therefore, is important to me.

020. What kind of festivals do you have in your country?

Ans: We have festivals which are chiefly religious but also includes cultural events. Eid-ul-Fitr and Eid-ul-Ajha are the most celebrated religious festivals. We also enjoy the events like Pahela Baishakh (the first day of the Bengali month Baishakh).

021. Which one is more important? Why?

Ans: The Eid festival are most important to us. Majority of our people are Muslims and therefore, we happily celebrate these events with a lot of expectation and waiting.

022. Describe any one sport which you enjoy most. (তুমি সবচেয়ে বেশী উপভোগ কর এমন যে কোন একটি খেলার বর্ণনা দাও)

Ans: I enjoy cricket most. It's rather complex but beautiful a game. Two teams each of eleven play on an outdoor ground. A player of one team throws a ball to a player of the opposite team and the latter tries to hit it to various corners of the ground while the opposing team members try to collect the ball. While the ball is being collected and thrown back, a pair of players of the other team including the one who hit the ball tries to run on a small piece of rectangular land called a 'pitch' and the number of 'run's tells us the score. Later, the opposing team has the opportunity to 'bat' or 'hitting the ball' to outscore the team that batted before. This is how, the game is played.

023. What type of food do you like?

Ans: Well, I like our traditional food the most.

024. What sort of restaurant do you prefer?

Ans: I prefer a restaurant which offers traditional food in a neat and clean environment. Nowadays, hygiene has become a chief concern.

025. Tell me about its food items.

Ans: The food items include traditional items such as rice, curries along with vegetables. They have other special recipes as well.

026. Do you believe in friendship?

Ans: Yes, I believe in friendship. I think friendship is divine and a present from God.

027. How many places have you been to?

Ans: I have not been to many places as traveling in our country is expensive and compared to most other countries, our country does not have too many attractive places to visit.

028. Why are you taking this exam?

Ans: I am taking this exam (IELTS) because this may help me fulfill the requirement of studying/staying in a foreign environment.

029. How do you think it will help you?

Ans: It is going to going to certify me suitable for the western environment in terms of the usage of language. This is very important indeed if you want to go abroad. This is how, this exam is going to help me.

030. Why do you want to go abroad(বিদেশে)?

Ans: I want to go abroad to receive higher education. I believe the institutions abroad are able to offer greater advantages and privileges.

031. Which country did you choose? Why?

Ans: I chose Australia because Australia, to me, offers cheaper opportunities of higher education.

032. Difference between foreign educational system and our educational system.

Ans: There is a huge difference between the foreign education system and ours. Our education system is backdated and inefficient with a lot of other problems while the foreign one is advantageous and up-to-date.

033. Where do you want to settle(সেটল - স্থায়ীভাবে বাস করা) and why?

Ans: I want to settle down in Australia after I complete my studies there. I believe, the opportunities of a better life are more available there. I want to ensure a decent (ডিসেন্ট - যথোপযুক্ত) future for my next generation as well.

034. If you were the owner of a multinational (বহুজাতিক) company, what would you do for your country?

Ans: I would have contributed in many ways to the economic situation of the country which is rather poor now. I would have created employment opportunities in mass scale and ensured a balanced society with more homogeneity (হ-ম-জেনেইটি - একই শ্রেণীভুক্ত; সমজাতীয়ত).

035. Describe your role model (রোল মডেল - যে ব্যক্তির প্রশংসা করা হয় এবং তাকে নকল করার চেষ্টা করা হয়).

Ans: My role model is Dr. Muhammad Yunus. He, a Nobel laureate, is a Bangladeshi economist and human activist. He has brought us glory and joy by establishing a reputation for our country. I want to be someone like him in the future. I want to serve my country and be remembered, as well.

036. Describe Dhaka city.

Ans: Dhaka has a very ancient history. In course of time, Dhaka has changed radically. Now Dhaka is a modern city with the advantages and properties of one of international standard. It is the capital of Bangladesh and therefore, the center of the life of the country. There are many places to visit over here and many important tourist spots as well. Despite the colors and beauty of the city, excessive pollution and dirtiness often hampers the looks of the city.

037. What are the best things you like about Dhaka?

Ans: I like the way Dhaka has maintained the traditional Bangladeshi culture even after maintaining the international standard of a city. You will see many posh (পশু - ফিটফাট উৎকৃষ্ট) cars running side by side with colorful rickshaws; an interesting sight indeed. This is what I like about Dhaka most.

038. Tell me something about your biggest asset (অ্যাসেট - সম্পদ).

Ans: My biggest asset is my honesty. To me, honesty is the most attractive feature of a person's character. It may become the chief reason for my success.

039. What is your latest interest (তোমার সর্বশেষ আগ্রহ কি)?

Ans: My latest interest is music. I have been learning how to play guitar. Music appears to be a very attractive arena for talented people for me.

040. How is this going to help you in your future life?

Ans: I may try to build a career in music as I have felt that I have the ability and merit for it. It is something I have passion for and something I would want to work on.

041. Tell me about one experience you gathered (গ্যাদার - অর্জন করা) in your college.

Ans: I have gathered experiences of many colors in college. They include memorable events along with things I would like to forget. Once I won the award for the best chess player in the college. I was very proud of my achievement. I never lost a match in the tournament held and it was indeed a great experience which I want to remember forever.

042. In your opinion which profession (পেশা) is the most important?

Ans: I think the profession of teaching is the most important profession at any era. The teachers are the ones who take an important part in building the nation a hard working and efficient one equipped with the right knowledge.

043. During which time of the day do you like reading?

Ans: I like reading just before I go to sleep. I get on the bed and read under the light of the bed-side lamp.

044. Why did you choose(ছব্ - পছন্দ করা) this time?

Ans: I am relaxed during this period and that is why I think this is the best time for me read something I like to.

045. Can you cook(কুক্ - রান্না করা)? How?

Ans: I don't think I am very good at cooking. I did cook at times but I was not proud of the way it tasted.

046. Do you think it is necessary for boys also to learn cooking?
Why do you think so?

Ans: Yes, I do think that boys also should learn how to cook. There are situations where the boys may have to live by themselves and they should therefore learn to be self-dependent. Learning how to cook is a part of that.

047. Which is your most favorite(প্রিয়) place?

Ans: My favorite place is my own room at home

048. What is the specialty(স্পেশাল্টি - বিশেষত্ব) of that place?

Ans: I feel relaxed and safe there. I can be myself in my own room. The feeling of being inside there is different from being at any other place and that is the specialty of my own room.

049. What type of accommodation(বাসস্থান) did you use?

Ans: I lived in my parents' house. It was a bungalow very decently built. I had a personal room in there.

050. Please give the advantages(সুবিধাসমূহ) and disadvantages.

Ans: The advantages included the amount of personal freedom we enjoyed. We were also closer to nature. To speak of disadvantages, the feeling of insecurity due to the absence of a large community often came upon us even though it was nothing serious.

051. What is the difference between a house and a flat?

Ans: A house is always going to be closer to nature while a flat is rather an urbanized solution to accommodate large number city-dwellers. The flat offers more privacy and security while living in a house has added advantages of living close to nature and having a spacious(স্পেইশাস্ - প্রশস্ত; বিস্তৃত) personal environment.

052. Which type of Bangladeshi food do you like to eat?

Ans: I like vegetables the most. Beside the obvious advantages concerning hygiene, they are fresh and delicious as well.

053. How can you develop your school?

Ans: Funding my school to equip (ইকুইপ - সাজানো) the classrooms with computers and other technological equipment may result in the above all improvement of the school if proper utilization of those are ensured.

054. Why do you think the viewers(দর্শক) enjoy a game?

Ans: The viewers enjoy a game because it has a sense of competition embedded (য়েম্বেড - দৃঢ়ভাবে নিহিত করা) in it. People have a tendency to enjoy a competitive event.

055. What is the difference between fast food(গরম খাবার যা দ্রুত পরিবেশন করা হয়) and traditional food?

Ans: Fast food and traditional food are quite different from one another. Fast food can be made and served faster while traditional food requires a greater degree of time to be prepared. Considering the food value and hygiene, traditional food is always considered preferable.

056. How can you develop the area in which you live?

Ans: My area can be developed if a good transport system is ensured (য়েন্শিউর্ - নিশ্চিত করা) within it. It requires spacious roads to be built. Schools with good standards are also a requirement. The local government has to be more efficient also to ensure a proper and clean environment.

057. Describe one of your memorable (স্মরণীয়) gifts.

Ans: I received a beautiful and delicate (ডেলিকেইট - মানানসই; হালকা) phone once.

058. Who gave that gift?

Ans: I received it from a colleague. We work at the same company.

059. Why is it so special(অসাধারণ) to you?

Ans: It is special to me because it had many attractive features which made me proud as an owner indeed. I could play music, watch videos and use it as a radio tuner as well.

060. T.V. or Computer – which do you prefer and why?

Ans: I prefer a computer to a T.V. A computer, compared to a T.V. is immensely

(ইমেন্সি - অত্যন্ত) powerful and it itself can be used to watch T.V as well!
Therefore, I prefer a computer.

061. What is the latest(সর্বশেষ) fashion(ফ্যাশন্ - পোষাক-পরিচ্ছদ পরার প্রচলিত রীতি) going on in your city?

Ans: The latest fashion is the usage of earrings among the teenagers. Some have a single one while the usage of a pair is getting popular as well.

062. Tell me something about the natural disasters(ডিসাস্টার্স - দুর্ভোগ) of Bangladesh.

Ans: Floods, cyclones, droughts etc. are the common natural calamities of Bangladesh. Sometimes tornados attack in summer. Earthquakes are rare and weak. All of these disasters often put death blows on our countrymen.

063. You are a tourist(পয়টিক) guide – how would you describe your country?

Ans: Nature has blessed my country with its various gifts. It's a country of rivers, luscious (লাশাস্ - মনোরম) greenery, vast flora and fauna, majestic hill tracks and the longest sea shore on earth.

064. What sort of music do you like?

Ans: I like the traditional Bangladeshi music which has been in vogue (ইন্ডৌগ্ - প্রচলিত; বর্তমানে জনপ্রিয়) for a long time. I also have a soft side for folk music.

065. Since when do you like it?

Ans: I grew an admiration for folk music during my childhood. It only increased as time went by.

066. What do you think about our traditional music?

Ans: Our traditional music is very rich and it has great potential. I think, in the future, it is going to influence our modern music greatly.

067. Describe your favourite building in Dhaka city.

Ans: My favorite building in the city is the Parliament building which is a beautiful piece of architecture indeed. It is also situated in a very nice place. The extraordinary architecture of the building draws many tourists from home and abroad regularly.

068. Describe any one of the experiences which you gathered on one of your tours.

Ans: Once we went on a trip to Chittagong by bus. The bus faced a lightly dangerous

accident which could have led to disastrous consequences. The driver lost control of the bus for a while but managed to regain it somehow. We were saved at the right time. I still remember those tense (টেন্স - উত্তেজনাপূর্ণ) moments.

069. What kind of clothing do you like?

Ans: I like the casual Western dress-up. It suits my style because I am a person light in nature.

070. Which type of clothing do most people like at the present time?

Ans: In the younger generation, the Western clothing is hugely popular nowadays. Among the older age group, the traditional Bangladeshi clothes along with simple shirts and pants are quite in vogue.

071. Why do you think we are deviating(ডেভিয়েইট - বিচ্যুত হওয়া) from traditional clothes?

Ans: The post Western culture has been injected in us through public media such as the internet and TV. These have greatly influenced our youth and they are more inclined to be with the modern culture.

072. If you were told to settle in a rural side, would you settle?

Ans: I don't think so. The goals of my life that I pursue are impossible to follow in a rural environment. Therefore, I want to live in the city.

073. What is the difference between city lifestyle(জীবন যাপন প্রণালী) and village lifestyle?

Ans: The city lifestyle is obviously faster and more up to date. Compared to the rural life, life in the cities is rather emotionless. People in the cities are more practical and not bound to most of the superstitions. The opposite is more or less true about the people in the rural side.

074. Give me two advantages or/and disadvantages of city life and village life?

Ans: The city life has the advantage of higher life style and better opportunities for those who have aspirations. But the city life is monotonous and often rather cruel. On the other hand, the village life is full of energy and closeness. The village life also has the disadvantages of being backdated and the opportunities of a better life are rare there.

075. What is the relation between sports and media?(খেলাধুলার সাথে গণমাধ্যমের সম্পর্ক কি?)

Ans: Sports have been greatly illustrated these days by the media. The coverage of media for any sporting event is hugely important nowadays. The sportsmen become public faces and the games themselves may be publicized in a positive way.

076. In what other sections do you think media is important?

Ans: Media is important for the news section in a radical way. For the distribution of information, we also need a sound application of media.

077. What is/was your favourite academic subject?

Ans: My favorite academic subject was management. I have enjoyed studying it greatly because of my keen interest and understanding of the subject.

078. Which do you think is the most important meal of the day?

Ans: I think the breakfast is the most important meal of the day.

079. Why do you think so?

Ans: It is the first meal of a day and therefore has to be rich and proper.

080. Usually what do you have in that meal time and why do you have it?

Ans: I usually have bread, milk and eggs at that meal time along with lightly cooked vegetables. I have them because they add up to make a balanced diet for me. I also drink enough water after breakfast.

081. Give a comparison between our culture and western culture(পশ্চিমা সংস্কৃতি).

Ans: The western culture is more practical and intuitive while our culture has a greater importance on traditions. Our culture is also influenced by moral values but that is not of great importance in the Western culture.

082. Why do you think it is very necessary to stick to(লেগে থাকা) one's culture?

Ans: I think it is necessary to practice one's own culture because one must be respectful to the environment he has been brought up in. Moreover, borrowing the culture of others' reflects a poor self-respect.

083. Why do you think we need forest?

Ans: We need forest to ensure a sound ecological balance of the environment. Forests help us by absorbing the carbon dioxide we emit in the air and releasing fresh oxygen. Without forests, life can not be imagined on this planet.

084. Which is your favourite shopping center?

Ans: My favorite shopping center is Agora.

085. Tell me about its specialty.

Ans: I like Agora because it offers a clean environment for shoppers. They also charge reasonable prices for their products which is a very attractive feature.

086. Why do most people want to settle abroad?

Ans: The Western countries offer better life opportunities and there is a better prospect of future personal development there. Therefore, people often want to settle abroad.

087. Where do you want to settle and why?

Ans: I want to settle down in Australia. Australia offers a migration policy which suits my personal position.

080. Why do you think people or individuals should work for nature?

Ans: The nature has an undeniable relationship with us. Everyone should work for the nature for our own need. We are dependent on the nature and we should work for it to ensure that our existence is comfortable.

089. What are the young generations most interested in? (নতুন প্রজন্মের সবচেয়ে বেশী আগ্রহ কিসে?)

Ans: The young generations seem to be mostly interested in technology these days. The latest mobile phones or technological inventions influence them greatly.

090. What sort of steps should we take in order to build a better future?

Ans: We should ensure a better and balance economic system to ensure a better future. We also should make sure that our education system is efficient and up to date.

091. Describe your memorable event.

Ans: I once wrote an article which got published in a national daily newspaper. It was a joyous moment indeed. My friends were very happy and they all congratulated me. I still store the issue of the daily containing my article. I will always remember it.

092. Tell me about your country's heritage (হেরিটেইজ্ - ঐতিহ্য).

Ans: Our country has a very rich culture with colorful heritage. We have cultural events such as Pahela Baishakh and religious events which have become a part of our heritage. Issue of national interest such as the Independence Day and others have also played an important role in enriching (য়েন্রিচ্ - সমৃদ্ধি করা) our heritage.

093. What must be the steps taken to build a better future for the students in the school?
Ans: Many steps may be taken to ensure the better future of the students. We must recruit better teachers to ensure a better teaching method. We also may have to bring changes to our education system to make it more effective.
094. Removal of Polythene bags – how is it helpful?
Ans: The polythene bags are harmful for the nature because they are not environment friendly. They do not decompose (ডিকম্পোজ - পচানো) and therefore can not be destroyed permanently without harming the nature. Therefore, the removal of polythene bags is going to help us greatly.
095. Why is IELTS so famous now-a-days?
Ans: IELTS is a system that tests one's ability in English language. This is a very widely accepted system of checking English language proficiency (প্রোফিশিয়েন্সী - দক্ষতা) and many countries along with universities in them consider it important to have an IELTS score if you are planning to migrate to them or study in them. Therefore, IELTS is very important nowadays.
096. What impact did banning of polythene bags create on our society?
Ans: Banning of polythene bags has brought many positive impacts in our environment. Soil pollution has been stopped greatly which is a huge achievement.
097. What impact did restriction of old vehicles create on our society?
Ans: The old vehicles used to emit (য়েমিট - নির্গত করা) a large amount of unwanted gases which were polluting the air. Stopping those faulty vehicles from running on the streets has reduced the air pollution to an impressive extent even though proper implementation of laws still requires further strict steps.
098. What do you understand by globalization(বিশ্বায়ন)?
Ans: Globalization is a process by which people born or raised in a locality migrates to some other portion of the world to live there. Mixing of physical properties along with culture is the most noteworthy (নোটওয়ার্দি - লক্ষ্যণীয়) point to note about globalization. It has brought a global change to our world.
099. What sort of global problems do you expect(য়েক্সপেক্ট - প্রত্যাশা করা) in the near future?
Ans: The global warming has been of great concern recently to different countries of the world. I think this issue along with global pollution is going to be greatly discussed in the near future.

100. What can be the solutions?

Ans: Raising the awareness globally can be an effective solution. Application of strict laws is also necessary. International negotiations also have to be effect.

101. What do you think are the major causes of these global problems?

Ans: The improper use of technology, to me, is the major cause of these global problems.

102. Do you believe in punishment?

Ans: think punishments are necessary.

103. Why do you think punishment is needed for people?

Ans: Punishments are necessary so that people think twice before committing a crime.

104. Do you think criminals should be given a second chance to rectify?

Ans: It depends on the nature of the crime they committed. If the crime is severe (সিভিআর্ - প্রবল), a second chance may not be well deserved.

105. How can we utilize these persons to develop our country?

Ans: These people can be employed in various jobs that suits their qualification but under strict observation. This can be considered a decent way of treating them.

106. Why is globalization(বিশ্বায়ন) such an important factor to us?

Ans: Globalization is an important factor for us because it often may be impossible to lead a nation properly without the skill of the people of the other parts of the world. Places with huge population density may be relieved by making some migrate to areas with a light population load.

107. What is your favourite book?

Ans: My favorite book is Gitanjali by Rabindranath Tagore.

108. Why is it your favourite book?

Ans: It is my favorite book it has a mixture of beautiful pieces of poetry. It displays the literary ability Tagore had. Many poems there reflect my personal feelings. So, I like that book.

109. If globalization concept(কনসেপ্ট - ধারণা) is not there, what do you think will happen to the world?

Ans: I think a very unpleasant scenario will occur if globalization is not there. The exchange of population is bringing a decent homogeneity which will be hampered (হ্যাম্পার - ব্যাহত করা). The exchange of culture and emotions will also face a fall.

110. What is the impact of satellite(স্যাটেলাইট - কৃত্রিম উপগ্রহ) on your country?

Ans: Satellites have had a mixture of positive and negative impacts on us. Our own culture has faced a great change as it has been influenced by the Western culture. On the other hand, it has helped us prosper in the field of information nicely.

111. Describe environmental hazards(হ্যাজার্ড - ঝুঁকি) of Dhaka city.

Ans: 112. Dhaka is one of the most polluted cities of this planet. The air of Dhaka is rich in hazardous (হ্যাজার্ডাস - ঝুঁকিপূর্ণ) gases. The water pollution has been a chief concern for many years as the water resources in and around the city has been polluted to a worrying extent. Other forms of pollution such as sound pollution also are there.

112. What do you understand by neighbour(নেইবার - প্রতিবেশী)?

Ans: A neighbor is someone living by in close vicinity (ইন্ক্লোযা ভিসিনিটি - অতি সন্নিবন্ধে).

113. What is the difference between a friend and a neighbour?

Ans: A friend is a more dependable and loved person. A neighbor can also be a friend or a friend can also be a neighbor but generally comparing a friend is closer and more intimate.

114. Do you think neighbours are more important than your friends?

Ans: Well, I think I should try to turn my neighbors into friends. That way, the problem of differentiating between them is not there. But, generally speaking, I think a neighbor is less important than a friend.

115. What is the recent subject in your country in which students are interested?

Ans: The students have been finding it interesting to study management and business administration in recent times.

116. What do you understand by a community(কমিউনিটি - একই রাজনীতিক, ধর্মনৈতিক বা সামাজিক দল, সম্প্রদায় বা গোষ্ঠী)?

Ans: A community is a mass of people living in a common locality or that sharing a common goal.

117. Tell me the difference between community and neighbour (প্রতিবেশী এবং সম্প্রদায় এর মধ্যকার পার্থক্য বল।)

Ans: A neighbor is someone who lives close by and a community is a mass of people living in a common locality or that sharing a common goal.

118. Are you a good neighbour? Explain why you think so.

Ans: Well, I think I am not disliked by my neighbors. I consider myself to be a good one, yes. I am in good terms with them and I try to help them in their need and try to keep social contact with them as well.

119. What do you like to do with your neighbour?

Ans: I like to play chess with my neighbor as a pastime. I enjoy playing chess a lot.

120. Why do you think rural community is stronger than urban(শহরে) community?

Ans: The rural community is stronger because it has a less 'personal' environment. Privacy is there but social mixing is a considered very important which is not the case in urban life. This is why, the urban community is weaker.

121. Which community will become stronger in the near future?

Ans: I think the rural community will stay stronger and it is not going to change in the future.

122. What is your favourite colour and why?

Ans: My favorite color is green.

123. What is the impact(ইম্প্যাক্ট - প্রভাব) of this colour on our society?

Ans: Our country is full of green. We have a nature riched in the color green. Therefore, the green color has an impact on our society. Even a major part of our national flag is green in color.

124. Do you have any special colour in your country?

Ans: Green is a special color in our society as it speaks of the amount of greenery we have in our nature.

125. Can you tell me the difference between a big shop and a small shop?

Ans: A big shop includes a lot of items and it is larger. Usually a large shop can supply any item required in everyday life. The small shops usually concentrate on a specific category of items and the investments are therefore smaller.

126. Do you see any difference between the youngsters(তরুণ বয়স্ক ব্যক্তি) and the older persons in their shopping habits?

Ans: The youngsters and the older people vary in shopping habits. The younger generation puts more importance in the looks and colors of the items they buy, be it a normal bag. On the other hand, the outward looks are less important to older people.

127. What sort of movies(চলচ্চিত্র) do you like?

Ans: I like animated movies the most.

128. Why do you like such movies?

Ans: I like them because they are usually light in nature and fun to watch.

129. What is the difference between an actor who acted in the past and an actor who is still acting today?

Ans: I believe, the movies have become more realistic day by day and therefore the actors have to be more potent nowadays and looks have become an obvious concern as well.

130. What are the different types of music which you have in your country now?

Ans: Along with the traditional folk songs we have a genre called 'modern songs' which is greatly popular now. We also have music from the Indian movies invading (ইন্ডেইড - হস্তক্ষেপ করা; আক্রমণকারী) our music world. The western music also is quite popular.

131. After 10 years, what sort of changes do you expect in the musical instrument of your country? (দশ বৎসর পর, তোমাদের দেশের বাদ্য যন্ত্রের মানের কিরূপ পরিবর্তন আশা করছ?)

Ans: I expect electronic artificial instruments to creep in (ক্রীপ ইন্ - কোন কিছু অংশ হওয়া) more in modern music.

132. What is the impact of rural community?

Ans:

133. How can you compare rural community with urban community?

Ans: Rural community can be compared with the urban one in terms of intimacy of the people in the respective regions. Many other terms such as economic condition and education standard can be used to compare the two communities.

134. How can we develop our rural communities?

Ans: Introduction of modern education and basic science can be a good measure to take to develop our rural community.

135. What is the importance of colour?

Ans: The choice of color often reflects personality. Bright flashy colors may reflect a 'show-off' personality while a calm tender color may reflect the personality of the same qualities. But exceptions are quite frequent.

136. What is the impact of colour on the young people?

Ans: Young people like flashy, attractive colors so that they can consider themselves different as they have an addiction to stand out (স্ট্যান্ড আউট - ব্যতিক্রম বা অসাধারণ হওয়া) in the crowd. They are usually very careful in choosing colors of whatever they use or wear.

137. What is the impact of colour on the old people?

Ans: On old people, the colors do not have a strong role to play. They do not have a strict range (রেইন্জ - পরিসীমা) of choices about them. A decent light color, especially white, is often preferred by them.

138. What is the future of small shops?

Ans: Small shops are slowly vanishing from the city and in the near future, shopping malls are all we are going to have.

139. Why do people go to large shops?

Ans: Large shops usually have attractive items and they also have a range of items gathered in one place. Thus large shops have the advantage of you not having to go to a lot of shops for your needs.

140. What can you tell about the service of these shops?

Ans: The large shops are usually more organized in providing their service. They have a systematic method of running the shop. Therefore, the provided service is usually impressive (ইম্প্রেসিভ - মনের ভেতর দাগ কাটে এমন).

141. Do you think our shopping habits are increasing day by day?

Ans: Yes, I think so. Our daily needs have been somehow amplified (অ্যাম্প্লিফাই - পরিপূর্ণ করা) and to lead a city life we require a lot of things that could be collected from our own homes in the past, rather than having to buy them.

142. At the present time, how do people become famous?

Ans: People obviously need to achieve something great in their field of interest to become famous these days. It is getting increasingly difficult to be famous day by day. The attention of the media is something one must have to become famous these days.

143. How do you think they became famous in the past?

Ans: In the past it was almost the same but the contribution of the media in making someone famous was not as emphasized (য়েম্ফ্যাসাইব্ - জোড়া দেয়া) like it is nowadays.

144. How will they become famous in the future?

Ans: I think the media is going to play a role even more important in the future in making someone famous. Without the focus of media, someone will fail totally to win fame.

145. Give me a comparison(তুলনা) between a school boy and an adult(বয়স্ক) boy.

Ans: A school boy is younger and therefore more immature. On the other hand, an adult boy is mostly full of aspirations and he concentrates more on the future while a school boy likes to be absorbed in (অ্যাব্সার্ব ইন্ - নিমগ্ন করা) the present.

146. Mention(মেনশন্ - উল্লেখ করা) a favourite festival of yours.

Ans: Pahela Baishakh.

147. Briefly(ব্রীফলী - সংক্ষেপে) discuss the activities(কার্যক্রম) related to this festival.

Ans: In Dhaka, Pahela Baishakh is celebrated with joy and festivity. People gather in a place called the Romona Botomul to enjoy music and cultural programs. Later on, there is an event where we all take the traditional Bangladeshi food to remember the first day of the Bengali New Year. Many other activities are there throughout the day.

148. Do you think globalization influences the festivals of your country in any way?

Ans: I think so, yes. The cultural mixing has its influence on any part of the world which is, in the end, largely a result of globalization.

149. What is the condition of computer education in your country?

Ans: Computer education in our country is not commendable (কমেন্ডেইবল্ - প্রশংসনীয়). The rural areas, especially, suffer poor computer knowledge. The government has taken steps to fight problems against development of technological knowledge.

150. How will you compare your computer knowledge with your father's computer knowledge?

Ans: My father is not very comfortable with computers as he is not too familiar with them. He has not grown up seeing computers around himself like me. Therefore, his knowledge in computers is poorer than mine.

151. How can you explain the computer education in your country?

Ans: We have a weak education system. Many basic fields, let alone the field of computer knowledge, are still to be effectively taught in vast areas. Strengthening the education system to increase its efficiency (য়েফিশিয়েন্সী - দক্ষতা) may bring good results.

152. Describe a typical (টিপিক্যাল - আদর্শ; শ্রেষ্ঠ) working day of yours.

Ans: I try to arrive at my work place at the right time. I sign the attendance book and then take a cup of coffee to energize (য়েনার্জাইজ - উদ্যমী করা) myself for the day's work. Then I sit before my PC and start working. I take lunch at the break and then resume working. I leave the office in the late afternoon, usually tired and rush back home.

153. What are the main sources of entertainment (য়েন্টারটেইন্মেন্ট - চিত্তবিনোদন) in your country?

Ans: These days, TVs have become the main source of entertainment in our country for a large portion of the population. In the cities, the richer or moderately well-off people have the advantages of being entertained by high-tech equipment.

154. Tell about the advantages and disadvantages of entertaining people.

Ans: Too much entertainment can harm people as it keeps them from working and may turn them into lazy and inefficient workers. An ample (অ্যাম্পল - প্রচুর) and regular amount of entertainment can keep a person fresh and energetic all the time.

155. Do you like museum (মিউজিয়াম - সংগ্রহশালা; জাদুঘর)?

Ans: Yes, I like museums.

156. How often do you go to the museum?

Ans: I don't go to museums very frequently as I have a tight working schedule.

157. What are the attractions (এ্যাট্রাকশন্স - আকর্ষণীয় বস্তু) you like in the museum?

Ans: There are artifacts of the medieval age along with inscriptions (ইনস্ক্রিপশন্স - পাথরে খোদিত শব্দাবলি) which are very interesting to watch indeed. The museums give me an opportunity to take a tour of the past we left behind us.

158. What sort of museum do people like?

Ans: I think people like the museum that puts pieces of art and artifacts of ancient times on display.

159. What can we do to develop our museums?

Ans: The caretaking procedure has to be carefully monitored. The authority should concentrate more on enriching the museum with more and more attractive items.

160. Do you think people should stay more in high-rise buildings?

Ans: As times goes by, an increasing number of population need to be provided accommodation in the cities. High rise buildings are the only solution to this problem.

161. Do you think particular movies should be banned(ব্যান - নিষিদ্ধ করা)?

Ans: I think so, yes.

162. What sort of movies should be banned and for whom?

Ans: Movies containing vulgar (ভাল্গার - অমার্জিত বা কুরুচিপূর্ণ) scenes of sexuality or violence should not be publicly displayed. They may have restrictions for particular age groups specially the children as their psychology is vulnerable (ভাস্নেইবল - সহজে আক্রান্ত হওয়ার যোগ্য).

163. Do you think that the choice of movies changes with the viewer's age (দর্শকের বয়স)?

Ans: Yes, I think so. As people grow up, they tend to like movies closer to reality.

164. How can you improve the standard(মান) of Bangladeshi movies?

Ans: I think, the attention and proper funding is needed first. Attracting young and innovative minds in this field is another important issue.

165. Which places in Dhaka city do you like as recreational(রেক্রিয়েইশনাল - বিনোদনমূলক) places?

Ans: Well, there are several places where we can recreate ourselves such as- the park for children, the Romona Park, the Fantasy Kingdom and so on. All these places offer either a serene (সেরীন্ - শান্ত) place to recharge after work or various entertainment sources.

166. What are the problems you face in those places?

Ans: Problems with security have been an issue which has been tackled recently. Proper transport to these places is also rather hard to get.

Community

01. Are you satisfied(সন্তুষ্ট) with your neighbors?

Ans: More or less, yes, I'm happy with my neighbors. I think I'm lucky enough to have such helpful neighbors too.

02. What sort of neighbors do you want?

Ans: First of all, they must be friendly. And a true friend must be helpful and responsible. That's all I want.

03. Why do you think so?

Ans: Friendliness has always been a great quality to me since my very childhood. I always look for it in anyone near to me.

04. What are the advantages and disadvantages of high-rise buildings?

Ans: High risers are essential in urban regions to accommodate more people in small area for executing (য়েগঝিকিউট্ - সম্পাদন করা) huge commercial, official and industrial activities. But the troubles are: they block the free circulation of air, they snatch away the sunshine, and they don't even let us look at the blue sky. Another serious problem is the greater probability of fatal accidents due to the constructional errors or earthquakes.

05. What is the impact_{noun}(প্রভাব) of buildings on communities?

Ans: Free spaces are scarce (স্কেয়ার্ন্স - অপ্রতুল) where the gigantic buildings are situated. They devour (ডেভাওর্ - দ্রুত গ্রাস করা) the playgrounds, parks and many natural elements which are essential for a healthy human community. The social communication becomes also weak.

06. Make a comparison between the tropical country's people's lifestyle and the cold country's people's lifestyle.

Ans: People in the tropical countries are used to wearing light clothing while the ones in the cold countries are more comfortable with heavier clothes. I think the difference in weather has its effect in respective cultures as well.

07. What is the difference between city lifestyle and village lifestyle?

Ans: I find the differences mainly in food habit, clothing and cultural activities. Difference may be seen in terms of social structure as well.

08. Give me two advantages and disadvantages of city life and village life.

Ans: You can pursue (পারসু - কোন কিছু পিছনে ছেঁটা) the goals of higher education and better life standards in a city. These opportunities are not available in rural areas. The city life, on the other hand, may appear dull and lifeless. The rural life is friendlier and life is full of energy and sympathy there.

09. What are the advantages of global economy(অর্থনীতি)?

Ans: Easy transactions and comfortable business strategies are two advantages of global economy that we have. If all the local economies were independent and separate, it would have been impossible to market a product globally.

10. What are the disadvantages of it?

Ans: There are certain disadvantages concerning the value of money which may appear to be less in a foreign country and thus a loss may occur.

11. What is the relationship between money and happiness?

Ans: I don't think there is a relationship between money and happiness. I have often seen richer happy people and many are quite satisfied with less money as well. So, there is no strict relationship between money and happiness.

12. How can neighbors create a community?

Ans: Neighbors may come together to know each other well and share their happiness and sorrow to form a community.

13. Do you think it is necessary to have birthday parties?

Ans: I don't see any special reason to celebrate a birthday because to me, it is like any other day.

General Questions

01. What should we do to live longer?

Ans: We should try to lead a healthy and conscious life to live longer. We should be concerned about what we eat and if we are working out an ample amount of time. These, I believe, will make us live longer.

02. Do you think it is advantageous(এ্যাডভান্টেইজাস - সুবিধাজনক) to live longer?

Ans: Yes, I think it is beneficial to live longer.

03. Why do you think so?

Ans: I will have more opportunities to serve the human kind if I live longer. I will also be able to help others more.

04. What are the expectations(প্রত্যাশা) of old generations(বয়োবৃদ্ধগণ) from young people?

Ans: The old people expect the younger generations not to make the same mistakes they made in their own lives. They also expect them to succeed in their lives and lead a healthy and normal life.

05. What can be the problems of settling(স্থায়ীভাবে বাস করা) in a foreign country?

Ans: Cultural conflict is a common problem if you settle in some other country as you may not find people who dress the same, talk the same or consider things bad which are not bad to you. The weather may be another problem to be concerned of. The weather difference often makes life uncomfortable.

06. Why do young people like western music?

Ans: The Western music is lighter in nature and speaks of issues with a philosophy which is easily understandable. There is also the fact that 'fashion' seems to be an integral (ইন্টেগ্রাল) part of the western music which is appreciated (আগ্রহীণি এইট্ - মূল্যায়ন করা) by the younger people.

07. What is the difference between the hot country's people and the cold country's people?

Ans: The people of the hot countries are usually darker in complexion (ইন্ কম্প্লেক্সন - দেবতে) and they are more used to wearing lighter clothes. On the other hand, the ones from colder countries are usually fairer and have better physical features. They are also used to wearing warmer clothes.

08. What do you think are the roles(রোল - ভূমিকা) of parents?

Ans: The parents have many roles to play in a child's upbringing. They must provide the child with appropriate environment to grow up in. They should protect the child from the known dangers and should help it to grow up to be self-dependent.

09. What can the old people do to pass their time?

Ans: Old people are usually left out and they spend time in watching the television or listening to the radio. Their time is rather miserable indeed with a few exceptions.

10. What do you think about our world?

Ans: Our world changes with time. The present generation is that of technology. We are dependent on technology in almost every step of our life. Lack of sympathy, harsh lives and global pollution problems are common characteristics of today's world.

11. What do you think about our society?

Ans: Social rules are changing with time so quickly. Maybe it is common and normal in this era (যেহা - যুগ) of globalization but we still should be concern about the preservation of our own heritage and culture.

12. Do you think that the marriage age(বিয়ের বয়স) for both the sexes is proper?

Ans: The age of marriage for both the sexes in Bangladesh is a little lower compared to that of the first world countries. I think the minimum age should be increased a bit. This will let them get proper physical and mental maturity.

13. What sort of age would you suggest for both the males and the females?

Ans: I suggest at least 25 for males and 21 for the females to get married.

14. Why do you think we need forests(বনাঞ্চল)?

Ans: Forests are like the lungs of a country. They are the main source of fresh oxygen which is must for all the living creatures. Localized ecosystem is heavily dependent upon forests. Regional flora and fauna are reserved in them. They prevent soil from decay (ডিকেই - ক্ষয়) and play a vital role at economic development.

15. What is the main factor for happiness in human life - success, love, or money?

Ans: As a person from modern civilization I find all of them are necessary and related to each other. Love is the main factor but money and success keep you free from many anxieties and agonies (অ্যাগোনি - শারীরিক বা মানসিক যন্ত্রণা) which assure your continuous happiness.

16. In what way do men and women feel differently about marriage?

Ans: It is all about mainly bearing the expenses and responsibilities. In our society the

17. Modern society is often called 'materialistic'(বস্তুবাদী). Why do you think it is?

Ans: It is because the human emotions became weaker and everyone's life is now more or less mechanized.

18. How does climate affect the design of the high-rise buildings?

Ans: The climatic condition is an important factor in building design. The speed and the direction of wind, average weather condition, solar direction etc. are considerable features in designing a building.

Childhood

01. As a parent, how much time would you give your children to play?

Ans: At least two hours in the afternoon.

02. Why do you choose this time?

Ans: I think two hours a day are enough to complete any sports or physical exercise program perfectly. And human strength level attains at its maximum in the afternoon which is essential for better performance.

03. Do young boys and girls like the same type of toys?

Ans: In general, no. Boys like toy vehicles, toy guns etc. and girls like dolls, miniature (মিনিএইচার - ক্ষুদ্রাকার) household objects etc.

04. Why do young girls specially like dolls?

Ans: Dolls are liked by girls for the maternal and housewifery attitude imbedded in their mind.

05. What should be the relationship between a mother and a child?

Ans: First of all, it should be friendly. They should be able to share each other's feeling very easily. And a mother must be concern and careful about her child's proper growth both physically and mentally that s/he gets prepared for future.

06. Describe your childhood playground(বাল্যকালের খেলার মাঠ).

Ans: My childhood playground is one of the most enjoyable elements of my life. It was very near to my home and covered with green grass. It was pretty big for me. I used to play soccer, cricket, badminton etc and perform various kinds of athletic activities.

07. What is the difference between today's playground and yesterday's(নিকট অতীতের) playground?

Ans: Today's playground is pretty smaller compared to yesterday's. Especially in towns due to scarcity of lands playgrounds are rare and tiny (টাইনি - অত্যন্ত ছোট).

Some playgrounds are made with concrete and synthetic turf nowadays. But vast and green playgrounds like yesterday's are almost extinct (য়েকটিংকট্ - ধ্বংস প্রাপ্ত) except the stadium grounds.

08. Describe a toy that you received as a child. (একজন শিশু হিসেবে তুমি যে খেলনাটা পেয়েছিলে তার বর্ণনা দাও)

Ans: I used to receive many toy gifts from my parents and others but the most memorable among them was a remote controlled vehicle. It was very rare and expensive at that time. It was my dream toy. I used to preserve it like a treasure.

09. Who gave you the toy?

Ans: It was my father who gave it on my birthday.

10. Why did he give it to you?

Ans: It was my birthday gift and I also scored the highest in my math exam.

11. With whom did you play?

Ans: I always used to play with it quite alone. It was a very valuable asset to me and I never let anyone touch that.

12. What type of child do you prefer?

Ans: I prefer a little naughty but intelligent child.

13. Why do you prefer such type of children?

Ans: All children are funny and the sources of great pleasure. But the type I like is really enjoyable and tremendously (ট্রেনেন্ডাসুলি - প্রচণ্ডভাবে) entertaining. They will simply keep you busy in many funny ways but make you happy.

14. Do you think that children should live with the parents?

Ans: Of course!

15. Why do you think like that?

Ans: What else s/he could do without her/his parents? A child without parents is one of the most tragic sites on earth. Only parents can take care of a child properly and no one else. So, for the proper upbringing of a child, s/he must live with her/his parents.

16. What is the basic(মৌলিক) difference between your life as a child and your present life?

Ans: Self responsibility and self sustainability, I think.

17. How did these changes take place?

Ans: I think it's the combination of all the experiences I collected and the lessons I learnt throughout my life yet.

18. Where do the children of your country like to go?

Ans: The children of our country like to rush towards playgrounds, amusement parks, zoos, museums etc.

19. Are you satisfied with your childhood?

Ans: Yes, I think I'm lucky enough to have such a sweet childhood.

20. Why?

Ans: I consider my childhood to be the most enjoyable phase (ফেইব - পর্যায় বা ধাপ) of my life. I was with my very friendly and loving parents, my siblings, lots of school mates and went through so many interesting events. These all made my childhood heart content.

21. Is there any proper environment which helps a child to grow up(বেড়ে উঠা) properly?

Ans: A friendly but responding environment which can look after all the needs and guidance demanded by a child properly, I think.

22. What is your opinion about today's(বর্তমানকালের) children?

Ans: I think they lack proper guidance and sufficient company from their parents.

23. Are the children getting sufficient(সাক্ষিগিয়েন্ট - পর্যাপ্ত) amount of time from their parents?

Ans: No, I don't think so. Since both the parents are getting busy with their outside jobs, they cannot manage sufficient time for their children nowadays.

24. Do children like their mother more than their father?

Ans: It is not certain. It varies from child to child. I've seen several children who prefer their fathers to their mothers.

25. Why?

Ans: Many children prefer their fathers to their mothers. Because some mothers are over conscious about their children which make them strict and strictness is never accepted cordially (কর্ডিআলী - আন্তরিকভাবে) by the children.

26. The style of looking after(দেখাশুনা করা) the children is changing now. Do you agree or disagree?

Ans: I agree. It is changing with time and easily noticeable (নোটিশিএইবল - লক্ষ্যণীয়). Today's style is mainly based on outside institutes where it was based on family and home yesterday.

27. Describe your childhood.

Ans: I had a wonderful childhood with so many happy moments. . I was with my very friendly and loving parents, my siblings, lots of school mates and went through so many interesting events. These all made my childhood heart content.

28. Why is it important to give more time to the children?

Ans: Children are imitating and curious. They learn lessons from their surroundings. Only the parents can be the best friends of a child and from a friendly environment a child can understand and learn anything so easily and perfectly. So, it is essential to give more time to the children rather than leaving them with others.

29. Is pressure from school on the children good for them?

Ans: 29. Suitable and bearable pressure is ok but excess pressure? never.

30. What are the advantages?

Ans: Suitable pressure is ok. It makes them responsible and helps them to learn essential lessons for their near future.

31. What are the disadvantages?

Ans: Excess pressure from school is decaying their mind, spoiling (স্পয়েল - নষ্ট করা: ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত করা) their creativity and above all snatching away the sweetest moments of their life. A child under excess pressure is never an acceptable scenario.

32. Do you think your city is a perfect place(সঠিক স্থান) for the children to grow up?

Ans: I never think so. My city air is full of pollution, lots of noises and crowds which are never friendly for the proper growth of a child. Entertainment facilities for the children are not sufficient too.

Business & Work

01. Do you want to change your area of job?

Ans: No, I'm satisfied for now.

02. Why don't you want to change your job?

Ans: First of all, this job is directly related to my learnt lessons and knowledge. Then I receive a handsome (হান্ডসাম্ - থচুর; মোটা অঙ্কের) remuneration from it which I think, is sufficient for now. My workplace is near to my house and they give me many other facilities.

03. What do you want in your job?

Ans: I want the opportunity for the direct implementation of my knowledge I earned and lessons I learnt throughout my life and I want the proper evaluation (ইভালিউএইশন্ - মূল্যায়ন) for I can do.

04. What are the things you like in your job?

Ans: I'm an engineer and I work in an engineering sector. Here I can use my knowledge and enhance (য়েন্হ্যান্স্ - বাড়ানো) my skills. I always found my engineering lessons interesting and my job is directly related to them. My efforts and activities are well treated and evaluated here. Above all, this job has a bright prospect. So, my job is really encouraging to me.

05. What can you do in order to change the situation (অবস্থা) of your job?

Ans: I want the rapid and proper expansion (য়েক্সপ্যানশন্) of my job sector in my country. It should be based on the industrialization of the production of engineering materials.

06. What do you think about women's empowerment(নারীর ক্ষমতায়ন) ?

Ans: I never mind female authority. If they are skilled and capable enough to carry out their duties then it's ok. I'd rather always welcome this step because it is essential for our proper economic development since half of our population is woman and without empowering them we cannot achieve our target.

07. Are the organizations of your country setting any goals about empowering the women?(নারীর ক্ষমতায়নে তোমার দেশের কোন সংস্থা কি কোন লক্ষ্য স্থির করছে?)

Ans: Yes, they are trying to do so. The government and many of the non government organizations are taking necessary steps.

08. If suddenly any problem arises(অ্যারাইঝ - আবির্ভূত হওয়া) in your office, how would you solve it?

Ans: At first I decide can I solve it myself or not upon studying the problem. If I need anyone's help then I seek for it and discuss the problem with others. Sometimes effective advices can ease (ঈঝ - সহজকরা) solving a problem very efficiently. So I'd try to find them too.

09. Do you think in the future the job environment(চাকরীর পরিবেশ) would change?

Ans: Yes, I can clearly guess so.

10. Why will it change?

Ans: To meet the demands of rapid growing population, the systems and techniques in job environment must be adjusted.

11. How will it change?

Ans: The changes will occur mainly in technical sides. As the technical sectors are improving very rapidly with time, they will influence the job environment, too. Workers will be more dependent on technology and systems will be more mechanized.

12. Do you think it is better to stick(লাগিয়া থাকা) to one job?

Ans: It is ok if the job seems to be perfect and satisfactory enough for you but if it is not, you should be looking for other opportunities, too.

13. What is important for man and woman to choose in their job?

Ans: Satisfaction.

14. If you were an employer, what would you do in order to increase the salary of employees working under you?

Ans: I'd do that depending on their skills, efficiency, amount of work output, seniority, creativity, etc.

15. In future, what criteria(ক্রাইটেরিয়া - মানদণ্ড) would determine(নির্ণয় করা) the increase of an employee's salary?

Ans: Skills, I think. That means the ability to do something efficiently and perfectly.

16. Compare your current(বর্তমান) salary with the salary you would get in the future.

Ans: Of course it will be more in future. I hope to double it within two or three years.

17. What is the main thing for choosing a job – money(অর্থ), environment(পরিবেশ) or designation(পদমর্যাদা)?

Ans: The choices may vary from person to person based on their demand. To me all of them are to be considered.

18. How can you develop your career(ক্যারিয়ার - পেশা) opportunity?

Ans: I can develop it through enhancing my skills and earning new experiences. Sometimes higher educational achievements are needed.

19. Are you satisfied with your office staffs?

Ans: More or less, yes. I'm happy and satisfied to have such friendly and helpful stuffs.

20. What would you change in your office if you could?

Ans: I'd like to digitalize the database systems of my office firstly. Then I'd introduce modern and technical equipments in all the sectors. I'd like to improve the interior decoration too. All other things seem to be ok.

21. What do you think about the timetable (সময়সূচী) of the offices?

Ans: It should be a little modified based on day time saving system since ours is a tropical country and plenty of sunlight is available here.

22. What type of people become more interested in journalism?

Ans: Curious and brave people who like challenges.

23. What sort (সোর্ট - ধরন) of boss(অফিসের বড় কর্তা) would you want?

Ans: Friendly and responsible who treats his employees like his own family members.

24. Give me the advantages of being a boss.

Ans: When you are a boss your orders are promptly (প্রম্পটলি - অবিলম্বে) executed. If your decisions are right then they won't be criticized and your time will be saved. It is easier to improve your organization for you if you are the boss.

25. What can be the disadvantages of being a boss?

Ans: All the responsibilities are to be taken by the boss alone. Only one wrong decision from him can derail (ডিরেইল - লাইনচ্যুতি করা) a whole organization from its destination. A boss is always under tension.

26. What type of environment do people like in their workplace(কর্মস্থল)?

Ans: Friendly and secured (সিকিউর্ড - নিরাপদ) environment which suits him mentally and physically.

27. Is this the same for both men and women?

Ans: Yes.

28. What type of qualities should the employees have?

Ans: Patience, integrity, sincerity, honesty, responsibility etc.

29. When do you think is the right time to choose your career, before or after completing your education?

Ans: After completing my education, I think.

30. Why do you think so?

Ans: It is tough to go through both of them properly at the same time. So I'd like to learn my lessons first and then implement (ইম্প্লিমেন্ট - বাস্তবায়িত করা) it perfectly.

31. What is the difference between a customer(ক্রেতা) and a consumer(ভোক্তা)?

Ans: A customer refers to individuals or households that purchase goods and services generated within the economy. On the contrary, consumers refer to individuals or households that use goods and services generated within the economy.

32. What is the difference between an employer and an employee?

Ans: An employer is a person or institution that hires employees or workers. Employers offer wages or a salary to the workers in exchange for the worker's labor power, depending upon whether the employee is paid by the hour or a set rate per pay period. On the other hand, an employee contributes labor and expertise to an endeavor. Employees perform the discrete (ডিসক্রীট - পৃথক; ধারাবাহিকতাহীন) activity of economic production.

33. What is the condition (অবস্থা) of today's business world?

Ans: Today's business world vastly differs from the yesterday's one. As the population is increasing, newer adjustments and modifications are taking place everyday in business sectors. New techniques and systems are introduced to meet (মিট - পরিপূর্ণকরা) the increasing demands. Modern technology influences this sector vastly.

34. What are the advantages and disadvantages of being a manager?

Ans: A manager with effective and efficient managerial skills can contribute a lot for his organization. But it is a matter of great responsibility.

35. What is the relationship between an employer and an employee?

Ans: An employee is any person hired by an employer to do a specific "job". Employers offer wages or a salary to the employees in exchange for his labor power, depending upon whether the employee is paid by the hour or a set rate per pay period.

36. How do you think should the employer behave with the employees?

Ans: I think the employer should be cordial and friendly with his employees. He should be caring enough and treat them like his own family members.

37. In the future, do you expect any changes in the employer's behavior?

Ans: I expect all employers to be friendly, sincere and caring with their employees. It is essential for the maximum output from the organization.

Miscellaneous (মিসেলেইনিয়াস্ - বিবিধ, ম্রিত)

01. Do you think young girls like to live with their parents?

Ans: Yes, I think young girls like to live with their parents. Because in our culture children are supposed to live with parents.

02. Why do you think like that?

Ans: The reason I think like that because by staying with their parents they can get the love, affection and the guidance only their parents can provide.

03. What are the advantages of living with your friends?

Ans: The advantages of living with friends are we can have an easy life without any supervision and we can relax with them.

04. What are the disadvantages?

Ans: The disadvantages are by not having any adult supervision we can easily fall prey to bad suggestion and we are also deprived of our parents love and affection.

05. What are the advantages of living in a hostel?

Ans: The advantages of living in a hostel are it is cheap to live there and we can make friends easily.

06. What are the disadvantages?

Ans: The disadvantages are the food is not that good and the environment may not be healthy for students to conduct their study.

07. Do you think that in the future young girls would like to live in flats?

Ans: Yes, I think in future young girls would like to live in flats. Having your own flat is a symbol of status.

08. If you had enough money, where would you like to build up your house?

Ans: If I had enough money, I would like to build up my house in Gulshan because it is the most fashionable part of Dhaka city.

09. Are the people of your country getting fat(মোটা হওয়া) day by day?

Ans: Yes, some people in my country are getting fat day by day.

10. Why do you think so?

Ans: The reason it is happening because they are addicted to food that are heavy in fat and they don't get enough exercise.

11. How can our people control their health?

Ans: People can control their health by maintaining healthy eating habit and by getting regular exercise.

12. What are the expectations of today's people from the teaching profession?

Ans: The expectations of today's people from the teaching profession are several. The students want that teachers should explain the subject matters thoroughly while on the other hand they don't want teachers to be too commercial in their approach to teaching.

13. Do you think teaching student is easy?

Ans: It depends on the teacher. They have to show dedication to their profession.

14. Why or why not?

Ans: If a teacher is dedicated about his profession, then I don't think he would have much difficulty. On the other hand, if he is only thinking of making money it would be difficult for him.

15. Say something about your primary school.

Ans: The primary school I went to was Little Jewel school. It is situated in Dhaka city. It is an English medium school.

16. What kind of benefits did you get from your primary school?

Ans: The benefits that I received from that school were several. Because it was an english medium school it put heavy emphasis (রেম্ফ্যাসাইন্ - গুরুত্ব বা জোড় দেয়া) on grammar. The foundation of modern English education was planted there.

17. What are the differences between "Natural park" and "Theme park" (উপভোগের পর্যাপ্ত ব্যবস্থাসহ বড় পার্ক)?

Ans: There are several differences between Natural Park and Theme park. While the latter is man made the former is made by nature.

18. What kind of parks are more effective in our lives?

Ans: Both the Natural Park and Theme Park are effective (ইফেক্টিভ - কার্যোপযোগী) in our lives. While we can go to Natural park to refresh our mind by visiting Theme Park we can refresh both our mind and body.

19. What are the responsibilities of the government to increase the facilities of a park?

Ans: The government has some responsibilities to increase the facilities of a park. The government should increase the budget for the forest department and hire more personnel's.

20. Tell me something about food and restaurant.

Ans: Food is something that we eat to survive. Which is also very important to stay healthy. Restaurant is a place where we go to eat. There can be several different types of restaurants. People go to restaurant according to their taste of food and budget.

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21. What are the bad influences of T.V. programs?

Ans: The bad influences of TV programs are several. First of all by watching programs that are only suitable for adults the children can get their moral corrupted. In addition, watching too many violent (ভাইওলেন্ট - হিংস্র; প্রচণ্ড আক্রমণাত্মক) programs can make people to act violently.

22. Do you think that the condition of the restaurants can be changed?

Ans: Yes, I think that condition of the restaurants can be changed.

23. How can it be changed?

Ans: There are several ways it can be done. The government should enact (য়েন্যাক্ট - পাশ করা) a food safety law. It should also make it mandatory for the restaurant owners to follow it and the violators should be fined.

24. What is your favourite fruit?

Ans: The food I like most is mango. The reason is it is sweet and very nutritious.

25. What type of fruits do you find in the winter season?

Ans: The fruits that are generally available in winter are apple, orange, grape etc. These kind of fruits are very tasty to eat.

26. What type of climate(জলবায়ু) do you prefer?

Ans: I generally prefer cold weather. Different kinds of vegetables and fruits are available in winter.

27. Why do you prefer this?

Ans: The reason I prefer this kind of weather is in Bangladesh we have mild winter. We can work long hours without getting tired. In addition, generally, people stay healthy in winter season.

28. Tell me the reasons for which you are satisfied with your childhood.

Ans: There are several reasons for which I am satisfied with my childhood. First of all, I have very loving parents who showered me with love and affection and my siblings also loved me besides. I grew up in a very nice neighbourhood where I had many good friends.

29. What are the positive things(ভাল দিক) of being a child?

Ans: The positive things of being a child are they don't have to worry much about anything and can always depend on others for the things they need.

30. Say something on the facilities that today's children are getting.

Ans: Today's children are getting many facilities that were not available in earlier times. Like day care facilities and access to modern toys and computers games.

31. Why do you think so?

Ans: The concept of day care is new in our country. In many families both the parents work so it is essential for children of those families. On the other hand, modern toys and computer games are new inventions.

32. Why are most of the children more interested in indoor(ঘরোয়া) games?

Ans: Most of the children are interested in indoor games because it does not require much physical skills to play more game. On the other hand, because for lack of sport facilities outside children have no choice but to play indoor games.

33. Do you believe that people's working condition is changed by different seasons?

Ans: Yes, I believe people's working condition is changed by different seasons. They can work long hours during summer but in winter it get shortened.

34. What is the difference between climate and weather?

Ans: The difference between climate and weather is for one day and climate is for a year.

35. Describe Bangladeshi climate.

Ans: Bangladeshi climate can be described as hot and muggy for most part of the year. For few months during winter it becomes mild.

36. Do you think that today's Bangladeshi climate is appropriate(যথাযথ) for living?

Ans: Yes, I think that today's Bangladeshi climate is suitable for living although during summer it sometimes get unbearable (আন্বিআরেইবল্ - অসহনীয়/অসহ্য).

37. Why or why not?

Ans: The reason it is suitable because it is not too hot or too cold. This kind of weather is suitable for living.

38. What type of food is good for our health?

Ans: The food that is generally good for our health is the kind of food that is rich in nutrition but low in fat. Also the kind of food that use less oil is also good for our body.

39. Do you always have healthy food?

Ans: Yes, I always have healthy food. I really enjoy eating these kinds of foods.

40. Do you think any food change occurred during the last 20 years?

Ans: Yes, I think there was a great change in food during the last twenty years. People are much more interested in fast foods.

41. Will the American fast food companies come to our country to operate(ওপারেইট্ - চালানো) their business?

Ans: Yes I think American fast food companies will come to our country to operate their business. There is a huge interest in american fast food.

42. Why do you think like that?

Ans: The reason think like that because fast food companies are always trying to expand (য়েক্সপ্যান্ড - প্রসারিত করা) their market. Bangladesh having a population of 150 million is quite a lucrative (লুক্রেইটিভ্ - লাভজনক) market.

43. What is your opinion about the western dresses worn(ওর্ন্ - পরিধান করা হয়েছে) by our young girls?

Ans: I don't think young girls should wear western dress because it doesn't reflect the tradition and culture of our country.

44. Who completes your household markets?

Ans: Generally, I complete my household market. But sometimes my father does.

45. From where do you buy your vegetables?

Ans: I buy my vegetables from neighbourhood market.

46. Why do you go to that place?

Ans: The reason I go to that place because I always get fresh vegetables from there and the price is quite reasonable (রীসনেইব্ - সম্মতিপূর্ণ; পরিমিত).

47. Why do most of the students not pass in the H.S.C exam?

Ans: The reason most of the students do not pass the HSC exam for lack of preparation. Most of them don't attend class regularly and have poor study habit.

48. On which holiday do your country people like to go to restaurants?

Ans: Generally in Bengali New Year's day people like to go to restaurants. They can enjoy and relax in the holiday

49. At what age(কোন্ বয়সে) do children go to school in your country?

Ans: The children in my country begin their school at age 4 or 5. I think it is the right age for them to begin.

Heritage/Our country

01. How do you feel about living in Dhaka?

Ans: I really enjoy living in Dhaka. It is a mega city. It is also the business and political capital of the country. All sorts of modern amenities (অ্যামেনিটিয়েন্স - সুযোগ সুবিধাবলী) are available here.

02. What changes have been made in Dhaka since your early age?

Ans: There has been quite a bit of change in Dhaka since my early age. We can see many new multi storied buildings and many shopping malls. Also the population has increased many fold.

03. Why does every country have its own National Anthem(ন্যাশনাল অ্যান্থেম - জাতীয় সংগীত)?

Ans: Every country has its own National Anthem because it reflects the identity and tradition of the people of that country.

04. What do the Bangladeshi people think about reading books?

Ans: The people of Bangladesh enjoy reading books. There is a great tradition of reading books and buying them at book fair.

05. How can you motivate(অনুপ্রাণিত করা) the Bangladeshi people to read books?

Ans: I can motivate the Bangladeshi people to read books by telling them about the benefits that can be gained from reading books.

06. What will happen to Bangladesh after 10 years?

Ans: Hopefully the country will prosper a lot and develop its infrastructure. Also the living standard of people will be also increased.

07. If you have the power, how can you improve your city?

Ans: If I have the power I can improve my city by doing different things.

First of all, I will try to improve the law and order situation by hiring more law enforcement personnels. Then I will develop the infrastructure of the city. Finally, I will encourage (য়েন্কারেইজ্ - উৎসাহিত করা) wealthy businessmen and industrialists to invest in the city.

08. Do you think any seasonal change occurred(উকাল - ঘট) during the last 10 years in Bangladesh?

Ans: Yes I think the country went through a great deal of seasonal change in the last 10 years. The weather pattern has changed a lot. Now we have a longer summer and shorter winter.

09. What kind of changes do you expect in the next 10 years?

Ans: In the next 10 years the weather will be changed a lot. Because of global warming we can expect the temperature to rise and winter will be even more milder than it is now.

10. At what age do the people of your country get the permission to vote?

Ans: People of my country get the permission to vote at the age of eighteen.

11. Do you support this age? Why?

Ans: Yes I support this age. Because generally people reach maturity at this age. Also in most other countries people start to vote at this age.

12. Name some animals of your country.

Ans: Some animals of my country are tiger, deer, elephant, monkey etc.

13. Why are these animals important?

Ans: These animals are important because they keep the ecological balance. Some of these animals for example elephant are also useful in many kinds of works.

14. Tell me about your country briefly (সংক্ষেপে).

Ans: The name of my country is Bangladesh. The population is about 150 million. It became independent in 1971. Most of the citizens are Muslim. It is basically agricultural based country. The major exports are garments, tea, shrimp, jute products etc.

15. Compare your hometown (নিজ শহর) with the other cities.

Ans: The name of my hometown is Dhaka city. It is the capital of the country and also the largest city. It is a mega city with 14 million people. Compared with other cities the population is much higher and it is much more developed. It is also the home of many large educational institutions.

16. Which part of your country has a high-density population?

Ans: The part of my country which has a high density population is the capital city Dhaka. It is home to about 10 percent of the country's population.

17. What kind of industries do you have in your country?

Ans: The major industries of my country are garment, Jute and textile. We earn a lot of money by exporting these products.

18. Why are industries important for a country?

Ans: Industries are important for a country because without industries a country cannot prosper. Most of the countries that have developed have done so because of their industry.

19. Does climate have any impact on your country?

Ans: Of course climate has great impact on my country. It has influenced the way people lead their lives. Agricultural products and fruits that are available have also been affected by the climate.

20. What kind of impacts do you notice (নোটিশ - লক্ষ্য করা)?

Ans: The kind of impact that can be seen are several. Firstly, the way people dress. Also the kind of food we eat.

21. What type of clothes do people wear in every season?

Ans: The types of clothes people wear depend on the season. During the summer people wear light color clothing that are comfortable. On the other hand, in winter they wear clothes made of wool.

22. How would you define (ডিফাইন্ - সংজ্ঞায়িত করা) festivals?

Ans: Festivals can be classified on two categories: one is religious and the other is cultural. People celebrate (সেলিব্রেইট - উদযাপন করা) both kinds festivals.

23. How can you improve your movie industry through computers? (কম্পিউটারের মাধ্যমে তুমি কিভাবে তোমার দেশের চলচ্চিত্র শিল্পকে উন্নত করবে?)

Ans: Computers can play a great role in developing movie industry. We can use computers for animation and developing special effects.

24. Why don't we wear our traditional clothes everywhere?

Ans: The reasons we don't wear our traditional clothes everywhere can be several. Because on formal occasions we have to wear clothes that are appropriate for that occasion. On the other hand, some people do feel comfortable wearing traditional clothes.

25. What would you suggest (সাজেস্ট - প্রস্তাব করা; পরামর্শ দেওয়া) a visitor in your country should see and do?
- Ans: There are several things a visitor should see and do in my country. First of all they should see the national monument and (মন্মেন্ট - স্মৃতিস্তম্ভ বা ভাস্কর্য) other important sites. In addition, they should follow the local culture and customs while visiting places and talking to people.
26. Are there any traditional arts or music you would recommend (রেকমেন্ড - সুপারিশ করা)?
- Ans: Yes, I would recommend that they should listen to traditional folk music which are quite popular in my country. They can learn a lot about tradition and culture of the people.
27. Tell me about the kind of foreign visitors or tourists who go to your country.
- Ans: Different kinds of foreign visitors visit our country. They fall in several groups. Some of them are just tourists who want to see the country. Other visits our country for business purpose.
28. In what ways has tourism changed your country?
- Ans: Tourism has changed our country in several ways. Firstly, it has benefited our country by bringing in valuable foreign exchange. Secondly it has broadened our cultural horizon (হরাইজন - দিগন্ত). Finally, it has made us aware of other people in this world.
29. How important are ceremonies (সেরিমোনি - বিভিন্ন উপলক্ষে আয়োজিত অনুষ্ঠান) in our life?
- Ans: Ceremonies are very important in our life for several reasons. Firstly, it reflects the values of our culture. Finally, religion plays an important role in economics.
30. Do you see the role of private and public ceremonies changing in the near future?
- Ans: Yes, the role might change in future according to time and tradition. As we become much more modern in our attitude in daily life the role (রোল - ভূমিকা) of private and public ceremonies may change.
31. What sort of national events make the headlines (সংবাদপত্রাদির পৃষ্ঠার শীর্ষ দেশস্থ শিরোনাম) in your country?
- Ans: Different kinds of national events can make headlines in our country. They can be political, religious or some sport events.

32. Does the media in your country pay more attention to global or national events?

Ans: I think media pays more attention to national events for obvious reasons. Most of the people in this country want to know about the things that are taking place in this country. Although global events also get attention, it doesn't grab headlines unless it is something major.

33. What kinds of possessions (পজেশন্ - সম্পদ) show status in your country?

Ans: Possessions showing status in my country can be several. Owning a house or apartment can be one. On the other hand, having a large bank balance or driving a nice car also indicates (ইন্ডিকেইট - নির্দেশ করা) high status.

34. Do you think they were different for your grandparents?

Ans: It were a bit different for my grandparents. In those days having an university or college education was the mark (মার্ক - প্রতীক) of status.

35. What types of newspapers are available in your city?

Ans: There are several types of newspapers available in my city. They are daily, weekly, biweekly and monthly.

36. What is the condition of our local singers?

Ans: The condition of our local singers are not good. The reasons could be several. The quality of singers have gone down and the lyrics of song don't attract people that much.

37. What is the specialty of the city from which you come?

Ans: I come from Dhaka which is a mega city. It is the largest city of our country. It is also the political and business capital of the country. People from all over the country come to the city in search of better future.

38. What are the developments you see in the people's living standard (জীবনযাত্রার মান) compared to the people's living standard 10 years back?

Ans: Living standard of people have improved considerably (কনসিডর্যাবলী - উল্লেখযোগ্য পরিমাণে) over the last ten years. Whereas, only few people owned house apartment and cars ten years ago the number has increased quite a lot since then.

Technology (প্রযুক্তি)

01. What are the suggestions (প্রস্তাব বা সুপারিশ) to improve the technologies in your country?

Ans: I can give several suggestions to improve the technology in my country. First of all, we have to put emphasis on science education in high school and college. Secondly, we have to increase the number of universities and institutes giving technical education. Finally, we have to ask businessmen to set up companies based on technology.

02. Do you think everyone in your country is using computer?

Ans: No, I don't think everyone in my country is using computer. There are several reasons for that. Firstly, the price of a computer is beyond the range (রেইন্জ - সীমা) of most people. In addition, lack of regular electricity prevent people from using computer.

03. What sort of development can happen in your society regarding computers?

Ans: Several kinds of development can take place in my society based on computers. First of all, we can increase the number of programmers who can contribute a lot for the economy. In addition, we can set up industry based on developing software.

04. We are being dependent(নির্ভরশীল) on modern technology. Do you agree or disagree?

Ans: Yes, I agree that we are dependent on modern technology. Life without technology is unthinkable. Our daily life will be totally disrupted (ডিসরাপ্ট - ব্যাহত করা) if we lose access to modern technology.

05. How do technological developments affect_{verb} (প্রভাব ফেলা) old persons?

Ans: Technological developments can affect old people in several ways. Because they are not used to it they might feel uncomfortable about it. On the other hand, they will feel losing traditional values because of modern technology.

06. Do you think computer games are harmful (হার্মফুল - ক্ষতিকর) for children?

Ans: It depends on the amount of time children spent playing games. If they spent too much time, it can be harmful for children.

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07. Why or why not?

Ans: Playing games on computer is a form of entertainment for children. But they shouldn't spend too much time on it. Otherwise, it will take away time from other things.

08. Do you think older persons have some negative attitudes (বিরোধী বা নেতিবাচক মনোভাব) towards modern technology?

Ans: Older persons are generally conservative and as such are resistant (রেজিস্ট্যান্ট - বিরোধিতা করে এমন) to change. They always try to cling on (ক্লিঙ্গ অন্ - লেগে থাকা) older way of life.

09. Why do you think so?

Ans: Older people are generally comfortable the way things are. As technology keeps changing they might feel uneasy about it.

10. What are the negative impacts (খারাপ বা নেতিবাচক প্রভাবসমূহ) of modern technology?

Ans: There are several negative impacts of modern technology. It might led to breakdown the traditional family values. In addition, it will create unemployment. Company will layoff (লেই অফ - কাজ থেকে অব্যাহতি প্রদান করা) workers because of modern technology.

11. Do you support modern technology?

Ans: Yes, I support modern technology. Modern technology has made our life much more comfortable and easier.

12. Why do you support it?

Ans: There are several reasons for it. As mentioned earlier it has made our life much more comfortable. In addition, it has created many jobs.

13. Do you think there is any difference in their attitude towards modern technology between men and women? (তুমি কি মনে কর যে আধুনিক প্রযুক্তির প্রতি নারী-পুরুষের দৃষ্টিভঙ্গিতে কোন পার্থক্য আছে?)

Ans: No, I don't think there is much difference in attitude towards modern technology between men and women. Since technology has made our life much comfortable both men and women have positive feeling about it.

14. Do you think we are getting more dependent on modern technology?

Ans: Yes, we are getting more dependent on modern technology. We can't imagine our life without it.

15. What are the advantages of getting more dependent on modern technology?

Ans: There are several advantages of getting more dependent on modern technology. First of all, it has made our life much easier. Secondly, it has created jobs for many people. Finally, by making huge progress in medical field the life span (স্প্যান - আয়ু) of humans have increased.

16. What are the disadvantages of becoming more dependent on modern technology?

Ans: There are several disadvantages on depending on technology. Firstly, it creates isolation, Secondly, loss of jobs. Finally, breakdown of traditional values.

17. What are the disadvantages of telecommunication?

Ans: The disadvantages of telecommunication are firstly people spend a lot of time using it. It will be a waste of money. Secondly, it takes away valuable time from students. Finally, it creates isolation among people.

18. What is the impact of electronics(পদার্থবিদ্যার একটি বিষয়) on medical science?

Ans: Electronics has played a vital role in developing medical science. By employing electronics surgeries can be performed on body parts which were not possible before. In addition, it has led huge advancement to medical research.

19. Describe a way in which a child uses a computer.

Ans: Most of the time a child uses a computer to play games. It is easy to use and it is lots of fun.

20. What are the advantages and disadvantages of using computers?

Ans: There are several advantages and disadvantages of using computers. The advantages are we can communicate with anybody in the world and can get information on almost anything. The disadvantages are we can get isolated from others and spending a lot of time on computers can harm our eye sight.

21. How do people accept(গ্রহণ করে) a new convention or technology when they are living in an urban area?

Ans: People living in an urban area are much more receptive (রিসেপ্টিভ - গ্রহণ করতে সক্ষম) to new convention or technology. The reason is that generally urban people are educated and open minded.

22. How does the same person accept the technology in the rural area?

Ans: People living in rural area generally are more conservative than others. Education level is also less in rural area. So it might be bit a more difficult to convince (কন্ভিন্স - বোঝানো) rural people to accept modern technology.

23. What is visual(ভিজিউআল্ - picture, video, map ইত্যাদির দ্বারা জনগণকে শিক্ষাদান পদ্ধতি) communication?

Ans: By visual communication we mean correspondence using picture. It can simplify and make things much enjoyable.

24. What is the impact of visual communication on our society?

Ans: Visual communication has great impact on our society. It has made long distance learning possible. Also, it makes people feel much closer than before.

25. What are the advantages we can get from visual communication?

Ans: There are several advantages we can get from visual communication. We can use it for education purpose and use to inform (ইন্ফর্ম - অবগত করা বা জানানো) people about several measures govt. will take. Also, picture and video give much clear information.

26. Do you think it might have any disadvantages?

Ans: There might have some disadvantages regarding visual communication. If govt. wants, they can use it for propaganda purpose to mislead (মিস্‌লীড্ - বিপথগামী করা) citizens.

Inventions

01. Which country do you think invents(আবিষ্কার করা) more things?

Ans: Generally the country that invests more on research and development invents more things. As United States of America is the country that spends most in research it invents more things.

02. Why are new inventions important for us?

Ans: The new inventions are important for us because it makes our life a lot easier and comfortable. It is also necessary for progress of science.

03. If you could, what would you invent?

Ans: If I could I would try to invent a robot that could do household works. That would make our life a lot easier.

04. Why would you invent it?

Ans: The reason I would invent a robot who could do household works because it would lessen (লেসেন্ কমিয়ে দেয়া) the burden of doing housework.

05. What kinds of things are important for a new invention?

Ans: The countries that invest most on research and development are capable (কেইপেইবল্ - সক্ষম) of inventing the most things. United States and Japan are leading countries in that front.

06. What types of countries are capable(সক্ষম) of inventing the new things?

Ans: Certain things are important for a new invention. They are clear mind, good conception about the thing and will have to invest time and money.

07. Do you think all the people have the ability to invent new things?

Ans: No, I don't think all the people have the ability to invent new things. In order to invent new things people need some talent patience (পেইশন্স্ - ধৈর্য্য) and willing to work long and hard.

08. How do you think the Internet would affect the buying patterns in the future?(তুমি কিভাবে চিন্তা কর যে ইন্টারনেট ভবিষ্যতে ক্রয়-বিক্রয়ের ধরনে প্রভাব ফেলবে?)

Ans: Internet would have a great impact on buying patterns in the future. It will save time and money for the consumers.

09. Describe an invention before computer age.

Ans: An invention before computer age is Air Conditioner. It has made our life a lot more comfortable. We can work long hours in summer sitting inside an air conditioned room.

10. What are the drawbacks(অসুবিধাসমূহ) of the invention?

Ans: The drawbacks (ড্রব্যাক্স্ - অপকারিতা বা অসুবিধাবলী) of that invention are it is not affordable (অ্যাফরডেইবল্ - সক্ষম) to everyone. By spending a lot of time in an air conditioned room, a person can develop health problems.

11. What are the advantages of that invention?

Ans: There are several advantages of air conditions. It made possible for us to live in an hot and humid (হিউমিড - আদ্র) environment without getting tired. In addition, we can work long hours.

12. Which do you think is the more powerful media - radio or television?

Ans: Between the radio and television I think television is the most powerful. The reason is by displaying pictures of events it can touch the feelings of people.

13. Why do you think so?

Ans: The reason I feel like that TV is more powerful media because it can show the events live and by doing so it can have a much more impact.

Media (মিডিয়া - গণমাধ্যম)

01. What is the best part of the newspaper you like?

Ans: Although a newspaper has many sections the part I like most is sports news. I am a big sports fan (ফ্যান - ভক্ত) and enjoy reading about different events.

02. What is the difference between newspaper & magazines? (সংবাদপত্র ও ম্যাগাজিন এর মধ্যে পার্থক্য কি?) (Magazine বলতে Newspaper-এর ভিত্তিতে বিশেষ বিষয়ের উপর লেখা সাপ্তাহিক বা মাসিক পত্রিকাকে বুঝায়।)

Ans: There are several differences between newspapers and magazines. Firstly, newspapers come out everyday while magazines get published every week or two. Secondly, a newspaper carries new stories, in contrast, the stories carried by magazines are bit old. Finally, newspaper focus on matters that affect everyday life. On the other hand, magazine carries stories that reflect readers taste.

03. What are the differences between the newspaper writer and the magazine writer?

Ans: There are several differences between newspaper writer and magazine writer.

↳ Firstly, Newspaper writer has a deadline. In contrast, magazine writer has some luxury on that. Secondly, a newspaper writer has to file the story from the place it happened while the magazine writer doesn't have to do the same.

04. What is the difference between the newspaper readers and magazine readers (পাঠক)?

Ans: There is a difference between newspaper readers and magazine readers. Firstly, most of all the literate people read newspapers. In contrast, people with particular area of interest read magazines.

05. Which one do you prefer and why?

Ans: I prefer newspaper to magazine because I like to be informed about what is happening everyday. Also, i can learn about many different kinds of things.

06. Which part of the newspaper do the general people find more helpful?

Ans: It depends on the taste of the people reading the papers. For example, people looking for jobs will read the classified sections. While sport lovers will focus on sports section.

07. What is the main purpose of newspaper?

Ans: The main purpose of newspaper is to keep the reader informed about what is going on here and abroad. Besides, it also gives suggestions about problems facing the country.

08. Do they fulfill the general people's demands?

Ans: Generally they do fulfill people's demand. But sometimes newspapers with political bent try to focus on their political agenda.

09. What do you think would have happened if there had been no newspapers available? (যদি সংবাদপত্র না পাওয়া যেত তাহলে কি হত বলে তুমি মনে কর?)

Ans: We would have been living totally in dark without no newspapers around. It will breed (ব্রীড - ঘটানো বা কারণ হওয়া) ignorance about other people.

Housekeeping

01. What kind of changes do you observe in today's housekeeping (গৃহস্থালীর বা ঘর-সংসারের কাজ) and that of the past?

Ans: There are several kinds of changes that can be seen in today's housekeeping. The most important one is household work is shared by family members. The other one is use of modern appliances at home.

02. Why do you think so?

Ans: The reason it has happened because the mentality of people have changed. Now, family members feel much more comfortable sharing work. Also, development in technology has made many appliances available.

03. What are some of the important household(সংসার) work?

Ans: Some of the important household work are buying grocery, fish, cooking meal and keeping the house clean. Taking kids to school also is important household work.

04. What is the most important one?

Ans: The most important one is cooking meal for the family. The reason for it because it takes a lot of time and we all have to eat.

05. How do you divide your household work among your family members?

Ans: We have to divide household work by gender. Generally members will do outside work such as doing grocery shopping, paying bills. On the other hand, female members have to do cooking and cleaning.

06. What are the advantages of planting(রোপণ বা আবাদ) vegetables and fruits in a garden?

Ans: There are several advantages planting vegetables and fruits in garden. We can get fresh fruits and vegetables from the garden. In addition, it would be much cheaper than buying them from the market.

07. Why is it necessary to do so?

Ans: The reason it is necessary to do so is by planting vegetables and fruits in garden we can utilize the space. Also, we can increase the production.

08. What type of changes do you expect in the housekeeping in the near future?

Ans: In the near future we can expect some changes in the housekeeping. Because of modern appliances, doing the work will take less time than it does now.

09. What kind of household work do you do?

Ans: I generally tend (টেন্ড - ঝোঁকা; প্রবণতা দেখানো) to do grocery shopping. In addition, I also pay the utility bills.

10. What do you understand by housekeeping?

Ans: By housekeeping I mean doing the work to keep the house tidy (টাইডী - পরিপাটি; পরিচ্ছন্ন) and keep the family members well-fed. Also, doing the things to keep the family within a system.

11. Is housekeeping a new concept in your country?

Ans: I don't think housekeeping is a new concept in my country. It is going on for long time.

12. What are the benefits(বেনিফিট - উপকারিতা) of housekeeping?

Ans: There are several benefits of housekeeping. It keeps our rooms clean. In addition, it also takes care of family members.

13. How do you manage your housekeeping part?

Ans: I manage to keep my housekeeping part by doing the job assigned to me. For example, I do grocery shopping twice a week. In addition, I also pay the utility bills.

14. Is there anyone to help you out with the household works?

Ans: Yes, there is someone to help out with the household works. There is a maid servant who comes twice a day to do the work.

15. How else is that person helpful to your family?

Ans: That person is very helpful to the family. If she doesn't come one day, then all the household works get delayed.

16. Do you think our country needs house workers?

Ans: Yes, I think our country needs house workers. Without house workers it will be hard for people to do the household jobs.

17. What are the advantages of an old house and a new house?

Ans: A new house has many advantages. All sorts of modern amenities are available in the new house. The old house has also some advantages. The foundation of old house is generally very strong. In addition, the old houses are much larger than new house.

18. Do people use modern machines in the household works?

Ans: Generally, people do use modern machines in the household works. But it depends on the financial resources of the people living there.

Animals

01. Which animal do you want to keep as a pet (পেট - পোষাপ্রাণী)?

Ans: I want to keep animal as a pet which is not violent. Dog, cat or rabbit will fall in this category. I prefer to keep a dog.

02. Why do you choose this animal?

Ans: The reasons I like to keep dog as a pet because dog can protect when the owner is not home. Also the children like to play with the dog.

03. What are the demerits (ডিমেরিটস্ - অপকারিতাসমূহ) of keeping a pet?

Ans: There are not too many demerits of keeping a pet. But sometimes it can damage furniture or can harm some family members. Also it can make the place dirty.

04. What type of animals do you use in your country?

Ans: We use several types of animals in my country. For example, cats, dogs, cows, goats etc.

05. Why are animals important?

Ans: Animals are important for various reasons. First of all, they are major source of protein. Secondly, we can use them for agriculture and transport. Finally, we need animals to keep ecological balance.

06. What type of animals do we use for farming (পশুপালনের জন্য খামারকরণ)?

Ans: We generally use cows, chickens, ducks, and goats for farming.

07. Do you like wild (বন্য) animals?

Ans: Yes, I do like wild animals. I think they are important part of nature.

08. Why do people think that animals are important for our lives?

Ans: People think animals are important for our lives for several reasons. First of all, they are source of our diet. Secondly, they can be used for various purposes.

09. How do animals help us?

Ans: Animals help us in several ways. They are the major source of our food, and also is very useful for agriculture and transport.

10. Do you think people of your country have sympathy (হিম্ম্যাথী - সহানুভূতি) towards the animals?

Ans: People of my country have sympathy towards the animals. They are very kind in their treatment towards them.

11. What kind of animals should be farmed (খামারীকরণ)?

Ans: Generally, animals that are major source of food should be farmed. For example, cows, goats, hen, ducks can be farmed.

12. Why do people of our country take care of (যত্ন করা) animals?

Ans: There are several reasons people of our country take care of animals. The important one is that they are major source of food. The other one is that it also helps us financially.

13. How do they take care of the animals?

Ans: They take care of the animals in several ways. They provide food, shelter and other necessities for them.

Parks and Gardens

01. Why do people make gardens?

Ans: There are several reasons people make gardens. They can use garden for mental recreation. In addition, it can be used to make money.

02. How can you increase the fertility(ফার্টিলিটি - উর্বরতা) of your land?

Ans: The fertility of the land can be increased by using different methods I can plant different type of seeds every year. In addition, fertilizers should be used every year.

03. When did you last visit a garden?

Ans: I visited a garden a few months ago. Some of my relatives came to visit me. I took them to the Botanical garden.

04. Why did you go there?

Ans: The reason I went there my relatives came to see me. I took them there because it is a nice place to visit.

05. What should be the characteristics of the park?(পার্কের কি কি বৈশিষ্ট্য থাকা উচিত?)

Ans: A park should have many characteristics. For example, many flower gardens and plenty of place to sit down.

06. What should the government do to make parks?

Ans: The government can take many steps to make parks. It should increase the budget of park service and hire more personnels. Besides, it can allocate (অ্যালোকেইট - বণ্টন করে দেয়া) place to build parks.

07. What is the necessity of parks for city people?

Ans: Parks are very essential for city people for various reasons. For example, we can go to park to relax and get away from everyday life for a while. In addition, it is also important for environment.

08. Where should the parks be made in the city?

Ans: Parks should be made where most of the city people live. Other factor should be where people can go easily.

09. Why do you choose that place?

Ans: The reason I choose that place because it is very close to my house. I can go there easily.

10. Which do you think is better, park or free land?

Ans: I think park is better than free land because we can always go to park to relax.

11. Why do you think so?

Ans: Parks are a great place to go and sit down and take a break from daily life.

12. What is Safari Park (যে পার্কে বন্যপ্রাণী সংরক্ষিত থাকে এবং পর্যটকরা গাড়ীতে বসে দূর থেকে বন্যপ্রাণী দেখতে পারে)?

Ans: Safari park is a place where tourists can go and see the animals in their natural environment. Generally, they are situated in Africa.

General Questions

01. How can a writer get success?

Ans: A writer needs to do several things to achieve success. He has to generate (জেনারেইট - তৈরি করা) ideas and translate them into a book. In order to do that he is required put time and effort to.

02. What can a writer do for publicity (প্রচার)/popularity (জনপ্রিয়তা)?

Ans: It depends on the writer. If a writer is well established, then he doesn't need much publicity. On the other hand, for a new writer he needs to get his work published from a big publishing house to get attention.

03. How does climate affect people?

Ans: Climate has a great impact on how people live. It reflects how we dress, how we work and the kind of food we will produce.

04. Do you foresee (ফোরসি - আগেই বোঝা; আগাম জানা) any changes in weather in the next 50 years?

Ans: Yes, I can foresee great changes in weather pattern in the next 50 years. For example, because of global warming our planet is getting warmer. In addition, population increases, deforestation will also affect the weather.

05. What is the importance of shopping?

Ans: Shopping is very much important to us. Because without doing shopping we can't get the things we need to live.

06. Give me the difference between the departmental shops(বড় ধরনের দোকান যা কতকগুলি অংশে বিভক্ত এবং প্রত্যেক অংশ ভিন্ন ধরনের পণ্য বিক্রয় করে) and the small shops?
Ans: There are some differences between the departmental shops and the small shops. We can't get all the things we need from the small shops. In contrast, most of the items we require is available from departmental store. On the other hand, prices of food items in departmental stores are much cheaper compared to the small shops.
07. Describe the environmental condition of every season of your country.
Ans: We have a variety of environmental conditions for every season in our country. For example, during summer the weather gets hot and humid. On the other hand, during winter we get mild weather which is very comfortable. In addition, during the spring it starts to get warmer. During the rainy season it rains a lot.
08. Tell about the difference between the tropical(ট্রপিক্যাল - গ্রীষ্মমণ্ডলীয়) environment and the polar(পোলার - মেরুদেশীয়) environment.
Ans: There are several differences between the tropical environment and the polar environment. First of all, temperature level is quite opposite between the two. While the tropical region is very hot the polar region is quite opposite. Population is much higher in tropical than polar region. Animals that are found in polar region are not available in tropical region.
09. How do you think censorship_{noun}(সেন্সরশিপ - পুস্তক, নাটক, চলচ্চিত্র মুক্তির পূর্বে আপত্তিকর জিনিস কাটছাট করার কর্ম) laws would change in the next 20 years?
Ans: I think there will be a lot of change in censorship laws in the next 20 years. The laws governing censorship will become liberalized. There will be much more freedom for people to publish their work.
10. After 10 years what kind of music will the young generation(নতুন প্রজন্ম) like?
Ans: The taste in music will change with the young generation. Young people always like different types of music more than their previous generation. The choice will depend on the time.
11. Do people spend(ব্যয় করা) excessive(য়েক্সেসিভ - অতিরিক্ত) money during shopping?
 (মানুষ কি কেনাকাটায় অতিরিক্ত অর্থ ব্যয় করে?)
Ans: Not everyone spends a lot of money on shopping. Of course, people with a lot of money can do that very easily. But people with limited budget are generally careful when doing shopping.

12. What are the changes you see in shopping?

Ans: There will be a lot of changes in shopping. The most important one will be buying things on the internet. This will save people a lot of time and money. In addition, the number of big departmental stores will increase.

13. Are they good changes or bad?

Ans: The changes will be mixed. Because of shopping on computer people will save time and money. On the other hand, the growth of departmental stores will contribute to the lose of jobs.

14. Is there any industry near your house?

Ans: No. There are not any industries near my house. I live in a residential area. Most of the stores in my neighborhood are small shops.

15. What kind of industries are increasing in our country?

Ans: The industry that is increasing in my country the most is garments industry. In addition, the shrimp industry is also seeing high growth rate.

16. Do you think industries should be built in residential areas (আবাসিক এলাকা)?

Ans: No. I don't think industries should be built in residential areas. There are several reasons for that. First of all, residential areas are for people to live. Secondly, having industries in local neighbourhood would destroy peace and tranquility (ট্র্যানকোয়িলিটি - শান্ত অবস্থা). Finally, industries create pollution and damage atmosphere.

Regulations (রেগিউলেইশন্ - নিয়ম বা বিধান)

01. How can we make people know about some new rules?

Ans: There are several ways to go about it. First of all, we can publish them on newspapers, because most of the people read newspapers. Secondly, it should be broadcasted on T.V. and radio. Finally, group of people should be sent to areas where people don't have access to T.V. and newspaper, to let them know about new rules.

02. What should be done in order to make them obey (মেনে চলা) these rules?

Ans: In order to make citizens obey new rules, some steps should be taken. First of all, we have to let them know about the consequences of breaking rules. Secondly, people who break rules should be punished.

03. Who should take the responsibility?

Ans: The government should take the responsibility. The people also have to do their part.

04. Removal (অপসারণ) of polythene bags - how is it helpful?

Ans: Removals of polythene bags are helpful for several reasons. Firstly, it is good for environment. Secondly, it removes the blockage of drains. In addition, by removing polythene bags increases market for jute products.

05. In what condition is our law and order system?

Ans: The conditions of our law and order have improved greatly in the last few months. Firstly, the numbers of crimes have decreased. Secondly, many criminals have been arrested. Finally, many regulations have changed for better.

06. What can the general people do to overcome the problems?

Ans: The general people can do several things to overcome the problems. First of all, they should follow regulations. In addition, they should inform the authorities of people who have broken the rules.

07. What steps should our government take?

Ans: Same as 02.

08. Do you believe in punishment (শাস্তি)?

Ans: Yes, I believe in punishment for several reasons. The main reason is that it deters (ডেটের্ - নিরুৎসাহিত) people from committing crimes. In addition, people who have broken the rules are punished for it.

09. Why do you think punishment is needed for people?

Ans: Same as 08.

10. Do you think criminals (অপরাধী) should be given a second chance to rectify (সংশোধন করা) their mistake?

Ans: It depends on the nature of the crime. For people committing minor crimes should be given second chance. On the other hand, people who have committed major crimes no second chance should be given.

11. How can we utilize (ইউটলাইজ - ব্যবহার করা) those persons to develop our country?

Ans: People who are given second chance should be given proper training so that many can become model citizens. They should also be taught skills so that they can find jobs, when they are released.

12. If we do according to our law and order system, what sort of effect do you expect in the country in the near future?

Ans: We can expect several positive developments. First of all, the general condition will be improve Secondly, the image of country will change for better. Finally, more foreign investments will come in because of that change.

Transportation (পরিবহন/যাতায়াত ব্যবস্থা)

01. Do you think our transportation system has any errors?

Ans: Yes, I think our transportation system has several errors. First of all, we don't have enough roads and rail lines. Secondly, the numbers of vehicles plying on the road are not enough. Finally, traffic rules and regulations are not properly followed.

02. Is our transportation system responsible for the environmental pollutions (পলিউশন্ - দূষণ)?

Ans: Of course, I think transportation system is responsible for polluting the environment. The reason for it because most of the vehicles use petrol instead of C. N. G. In addition, most of the cars and buses don't have proper maintenance. They emit smoke while traveling on the street.

03. What steps should be taken in order to increase the transportation facilities? (পরিবহনে বা যাতায়াতে সুযোগ-সুবিধা বৃদ্ধির জন্য কি কি পদক্ষেপ নেওয়া উচিত)

Ans: Several steps should be taken in order to increase the transportation facilities. Firstly, the numbers of roads and railway networks need to be increased. Secondly, the number of vehicles should be raised (রেইন্ - বাড়ানো). Finally, the government should increase the budget for the transportation sector.

04. When do you prefer public (সরকারী) transport?

Ans: I generally prefer public transport where private transport is not available. The other reason for it because it is cheap.

05. When do you prefer private transport?

Ans: I prefer private transport when it is available. In addition, the other reason for it because it is very comfortable.

06. What is the most popular transport now?

Ans: The most popular transport in my country is bus. The reason for it because people can go almost everyone by bus.

07. Why do people like it?

Ans: The reason people like it because it is cheap and easily available.

08. If you get the chance (সুযোগ) to develop the transportation system in your country, what changes would you make?

Ans: If given the chance, I would make several changes in the transportation system. First of all, the numbers of roads and railway tracks would increase. Secondly, the number of vehicles for the sector would also be raised.

09. What are the advantages and disadvantages of public transport?

Ans: There are several advantages and disadvantages of public transport. The advantages are it is cheap and we can go almost anywhere. On the other hand, the disadvantage is that it is not comfortable.

10. Which one is better? Why?

Ans: It depends on the financial ability of the person. Because public transport is cheaper than private one it is preferred by most of us. On the other hand, if someone wants to travel comfortably private transport is the mode (মৌড়-ধরণ) of choice.

11. What is the condition (অবস্থা) of public transport?

Ans: The condition of public transport in my country is not that good. Because for lack of funds and mismanagement it has reached a pitiful (পিটিফুল - দুঃখজনক করণ) stage.

12. What changes would you make in your transportation system if you get the power (ক্ষমতা)?

Ans: Same as 8.

13. What sorts (সোর্ট - ধরন) of public transports are available at the place where you live?

Ans: Several kinds of public transport are available in my locality. For example, bus and train are available in my area.

14. What sort of development will happen in public transport (সরকারী পরিবহন) in the future?

Ans: Different types of development will take place in public transport in the future. The number of vehicles would increase. In addition, people will be able to travel more comfortably than before.

15. Name the transportation by which a person can visit the whole of Bangladesh.

Ans: Although many kinds of transport is available in Bangladesh the one by everyone can visit the whole country is bus. One can go almost anywhere by bus.

16. Why did you choose this transport?

Ans: The reason I choose this transport because it is cheap and easily available.

17. Is transportation system of Dhaka efficient (ইফিশিেন্ট - কার্যকর)?

Ans: No, the transportation system of Dhaka is not efficient at all. First of all, the numbers of vehicles are very low. In addition, the traffic rules are not followed properly.

18. If you were given a chance (চান্স - কোন কিছু করার সুযোগ), what would you do for the development of public transport?

Ans: If I were given a chance, I would take several steps to improve the public transport. Firstly, I would increase the number of vehicles. Secondly, length of the roads should be widened. Finally, traffic rules should be properly enforced (য়েন্ফোর্স - প্রয়োগ করা; কার্যকর করা).

19. Do you like to travel by train?

Ans: Yes, I really enjoy travelling by train. It is very comfortable and I can enjoy the natural scenery.

20. Why or why not?

Ans: The reason I like travelling by train because it is comparatively (কম্প্যারাটিভলী - তুলনামূলকভাবে) cheap.

21. What are the differences between today's transportation system and that of 50 years ago?

Ans: There are quite a bit of difference between today's transportation system and that of 50 years ago. First of all, the number of vehicles have increased manifold (ম্যানিফোল্ড - বহুগুণী). Secondly, the numbers of roads and railway networks have also increased. Finally, the traffic rules have also been changed.

Color

01. What is the importance of color?

Ans: Color has several importances. First of all, it reflects the change of season in nature. In addition, color represents (বিশ্লেষণ - ব্যাখ্যা করা) people's taste.

02. What is the impact of color on young(কমবয়সী) people?

Ans: The impacts of color on young people are several. Young people are very much influenced by color. It also represents their choice on clothes.

03. What is the impact of color on the people?

Ans: The impact of color on the people can be represented by age. Generally, young people like dark colored clothing. On the other hand, older people usually prefer light colored clothes.

04. By seeing a man how can you understand which color he likes?

Ans: Generally, taste in color vary (ভ্যারি - ভিন্নতর হওয়া) from age to age. Older people like light colored clothing. On the other hand, young people choose to wear dark colors.

05. Why is there a difference between the older and the younger in their taste for(টেইস্ট ফর - রুচি; পছন্দ) color?

Ans: The difference between the older and the younger is their taste of color one. By choosing a particular type of color, one can represent their personality (পার্সোনালিটি - ব্যক্তিত্ব).

06. How can color affect one's personality(ব্যক্তিত্ব)?

Ans: Color reflects choice of individuals. By choosing a particular type of color, one can represent their personality.

07. Is there any change in the color you like now and the color you liked when you were young?

Ans: Yes, there is quite a bit of change in my taste in color now than when I was young. During my younger days, I used to prefer very sharp (সার্প - তীব্র) colored clothing. Now, I like a bit more light color.

08. Why is there a change in the color?

Ans: The reason there is a change because of my age. As I got older. I became bit more conservative.

Photography

01. What message does a photograph give?

Ans: A photograph represents a collection of event and memories. By looking at photograph, we can recall (রিকল - স্মরণ করা) the moment, the event and the people who are in that picture.

02. Why do people take photograph on different occasions (অকেইবান্ - অনুষ্ঠান পালনের উপলক্ষ)?

Ans: There are several reasons people take photograph. As picture represents memory, by looking at a picture a person can get back into the past. In addition, we can remember the people who were in that picture but no longer alive.

03. A written document or a photograph – which is more believable (বিশ্বাসযোগ্য)?

Ans: I think both of them are believable but it depends on the circumstances. For instance, in the case of an accident, a picture will carry more weight than written evidence. On the other hand, for business transactions and contracts written document will be more important.

04. Do you always keep photograph with you?

Ans: Yes, I always keep photograph with me. The reason for it because it reminds me of that person whom I love very much.

05. What is the necessity of photograph for newspapers?

Ans: There are several reasons photograph is necessary for newspapers. For example, disasters and tragedies can be understood much more effectively by the readers through pictures. In addition, pictures represent emotion of people involved in those events. That makes those events much more real.

06. Describe an old photograph which you have in your house.

Ans: I have an old photograph of my grandfather at home. He passed away few years ago and by looking at the picture I can remember him.

Museums

01. Should there be any entry fee (প্রবেশ ফি) in the museums?

Ans: Yes, there should be entry fee for the museums. There are several reasons for that. By paying entry fee we can contribute funds that are needed for the maintenance of museums. In addition, the money can also be used to increase the collection of the museums.

02. What can be done to increase the attraction (অ্যাট্রাকশন্ - আকর্ষণ) towards the museums?

Ans: There are several things that can be done to increase the attraction towards the museums. First of all, government should increase the budget for the museums. Secondly, there should be publicity in T.V. and newspapers. Finally, many efforts should be made to increase the collections.

03. In your opinion (তোমার মতে), why do people come to Dhaka?

Ans: People come to Dhaka for various reasons. Foremost of all, it is the capital and largest city of the country and as such many jobs are available here. In addition, many good educational institutions are also in this city. So many people come here for the purpose of a good education.

04. What type of things do people see in the museums?

Ans: People see different kinds of things in the museums. For example, they want to look at old historical things and documents. In addition, they can also learn about figures who have played important parts in our history.

05. Do you think the government preserves (সংরক্ষণ করা) our museums?

Ans: Yes, I think government should preserve our museums. The main reason is museums represent things that reflect our tradition and history. Also, it is important for the future generations.

06. Do you think everybody should pay for the development of the museums? (তুমি কি মনে কর যে যাদুঘরগুলোর উন্নয়নের জন্য প্রত্যেকেরই ব্যয়/খরচ করা উচিত?)

Ans: Yes, I think every body should pay for the development of the museum. Museums are the source of our culture and tradition. In addition, by paying for the development they can contribute for history preserving (প্রিয়ার্ - সংরক্ষণ করে রাখা) it for future generations.

07. What is our national color?

Ans: Our national color is rectangular green with red circle inside. The green represents the color of nature. In addition, the red reflects the blood shed during war of independence.

Tourism

01. How can we attract people towards tourism (টুউরিজ্‌ম্ - পর্যটন)?

Ans: There are several things we can do to attract people towards tourism. Firstly, we can start a campaign to draw attention of people. Secondly, the government should increase the budget for the tourism sector. Finally, many motels (মোটেল - এক ধরনের হোটেল) need to be built.

02. What is the condition of our present tourism system? (আমাদের পর্যটন ব্যবস্থার বর্তমান অবস্থা কি?)

Ans: The condition of our present tourism system is not satisfactory. The number of tourists coming to Bangladesh is very low. In addition, the infrastructure required to attract tourists needs to be upgraded.

03. Compare today's tourism system with that of 15 years ago.

Ans: There are quite a bit of differences between tourism now with that of 15 years ago. Although many people are coming to Bangladesh now the numbers were relatively few before. In addition, government has allocated more money than before for tourism.

04. What are the suggestions (সাজেশন্ - প্রস্তাব) of our local people about the improvement of our tourism sector?

Ans: Several things can be done for development of our tourism sector. Firstly, government should try to protect old buildings and other historical sites. In addition, communication system needs to be developed and investment should be made in tourism sector.

Food

01. What type of food do you like?

Ans: There are many types of food in Bangladesh. Among them the one I like most is spicy food. The reason I like that kind of food is spicy food tastes very good.

02. Which type of Bangladeshi food do you like to eat?

Ans: There are several kinds of food in Bangladesh. For example: spicy, dried food, vegetable dishes. Among them I like the spicy food most.

03. Do you think fast food will bring bad effect in your daily food habit? (তুমি কি মনে কর যে fast food তোমার দৈনন্দিন খাদ্যাভ্যাসের উপর প্রভাব ফেলতে পারে?)
Ans: Yes, I think fast food will bring bad effect in my daily food habit. There are various reasons for that. Firstly it is not healthy for body. Secondly, food is not that tasty. Finally, taking it for long time can cause serious health problems.
04. What are the disadvantages of taking food in restaurants?
Ans: There are several disadvantages of taking food in restaurants. Firstly, the prices are very high. Secondly, the food may be cooked in dirty environment. Finally, the quality of food may not be that good.
05. What sort of food do you dislike?
Ans: I don't like oily food. Food that are cooked in too much oil is not good for health.
06. Why do you dislike such food?
Ans: The reason I dislike oily food is because it is not that tasty and hard to digest.
07. What are the advantages and disadvantages of outside food?
Ans: There are several advantages and disadvantages of outside food. The advantages are the food is generally good and we don't have to cook. The disadvantages are it is costly to eat outside and some of these foods may not be healthy for body.
08. What is the general menu (মেনিউ - তৈয়ারী খাদ্যের তালিকা) in your daily dishes (ডিশ্ - খাবার টেবিলে পরিবেশনকৃত খাদ্য)?
Ans: There are varieties of food items in my daily dishes. These are rice, lentil (লেন্টিল - ডাল) fish, meat and vegetables. In addition, I also take some fruits after finishing my meal.
09. What are the differences between fast food and traditional foods?
Ans: There are quite a bit of differences between fast foods and traditional foods. Firstly, fast foods are not healthy. In contrast, the traditional foods are health. Fast foods are very costly in comparison to traditional foods.
10. Why do people go to restaurants?
Ans: People generally go to restaurants to eat good food. In addition, they can relax (রিল্যাক্স - আরাম করা) and have a good time.

11. What do you mean by fast food?

Ans: By fast food I mean food that can be prepared easily. In addition, fast food tastes quite different from traditional foods.

12. Do you think restaurants (রেস্টুর্যা - খাবারের দোকান) are clean and hygienic (হাইজিনিক - স্বাস্থ্য সম্মত)?

Ans: Some of them are clean and some of them are not. The reason is that they don't follow the regulations.

13. If yes, why?

Ans: They should be clean and hygienic (আইজিয়েনিক - স্বাস্থ্যকর) for health reasons. In addition, it creates good environment for eating.

14. If not, why?

Ans: Some of them are not clean because they don't follow the regulations. Also, they try to save money by not spending to clean the restaurants.

Toys

01. What kind of toys did you like when you were a child? (ছেলে বেলায় তুমি কি ধরনের খেলনা পছন্দ করত)?

Ans: I used to like several kinds of toys when I was a child. For example, toy plane, cars, and small railcars were my favorite toys.

02. Do young boys and girls like the same type of toys?

Ans: No, young boys and girls don't like same type of toys. Young boys generally prefer cars and planes while the young girls prefer dolls.

03. Why do young girls especially like dolls?

Ans: Young girls like dolls for various reasons. First of all, they can relate them with human figures. In addition, it fits in with their nature.

04. Why do today's children prefer indoor games(আবদ্ধস্থানে যেমনঃ জিমনেসিয়ামে যে খেলাধুলা করা হয়)?

Ans: There are several reasons children prefer indoor games. The main reason is lack of playing fields. In addition, it doesn't require much physical skill to play these sports.

05. Describe a toy that you received as a child.

Ans: I received many gifts as a child. The one I liked most was a car. It was given to me by my father on my fifth birthday. I really enjoyed playing with it.

06. Who gave you that toy?

Ans: Same as 05

07. Why did he give it to you?

Ans: Same as 06

08. With whom did you play?

Ans: I often played with my friends. They were living my next door to me. We often used to play in the near field.

09. Do you think that dolls can be used for educational purposes? (তুমি কি মনে কর যে doll (পুতুল) শিক্ষামূলক উদ্দেশ্যে ব্যবহৃত হতে পারে?)

Ans: Yes I think dolls can be used for educational purposes. The reason is as dolls are like human figures children can relate to it easily.

10. What do you mean by educational toys?

Ans: By educational toys I mean the toys that can be used for teaching purpose. Also the kind of toys children can easily relate to.

11. What kind of toys can be called educational? -

Ans: Several kinds of toys can be used for educational purpose. For example, dolls, cars, planes etc.

12. Compare between yours and today's children's toys.

Ans: There are quite of bit of difference between my and today children's toys. Toys that children plays these days are much more computers oriented. In my time they were not available.

13. Which do you think is better?

Ans: Well, it depends on the opinion of the person. In my opinion toys were better in my time. On the other hand, children these days would prefer modern toys.

Music

01. What sort(সোর্ট - ধরন) of music do you like?

Ans: There are different kinds of music these days. People prefer music according to their taste. Personally, I prefer Rabindra Sangeet.

02. Since when do you like it?

Ans: I began to like Rabindra Sangeet when I was in seventh grade. Whenever I have free time I listen to music.

03. Why do young people like western music?

Ans: There are several reasons young people like western music. Firstly, people from all over the world listen to western music. In addition, young people can relate to that kind of music.

04. What is the importance of our traditional (ঐতিহ্যবাহী) music?

Ans: Traditional music is very important for several reasons. Firstly, it is the source of our heritage and culture. In addition, when people from abroad listen to that kind of music they can learn about our culture.

05. What should be done in order to preserve our traditional music?

Ans: There are several steps that should be taken in order to preserve our traditional music. First of all, government should increase fund for traditional musicians. Secondly, cultural institutes should be set up for training the musicians. Finally, more time should be allotted for airing the songs on TV and radio.

06. How do you feel about the use of electronic instrument (বাদ্যযন্ত্র) in music?

Ans: I feel very good about use of electronic instrument in music. The reason is by adding electronic instruments songs become much more interesting to listen.

07. Do you think classical (সর্বোৎকৃষ্ট হওয়ার কারণে চিরাচরিত) songs are being neglected day by day? (তুমি কি মনে কর classical গানসমূহ দিন দিন অবহেলিত হচ্ছে?)

Ans: Yes, I think classical songs are being neglected day by day. There are several reasons for that. First of all, not too many people listen to classical music. Secondly, singers don't earn much money. Finally, governments don't pay much attention to that sector.

08. Why or why not?

Ans: Same as 07.

09. What is the importance of cultural (সাংস্কৃতিক) songs?

Ans: Cultural songs reflect our culture and heritage we can learn a lot about culture by listening to cultural songs.

10. What do you think about our traditional music?

Ans: Same as 04

11. What are the different types of music you have in your country?

Ans: There are several different types of music in my country. They may be classified as folk songs, band music, modern songs, rabindra songeet etc.

12. After 10 years what sort of changes would you see in the musical instruments (বাদ্যযন্ত্র) of our country?

Ans: 10 years from now there will be some changes in the musical instruments. First of all, there will be a lot of more musical instruments. In addition, it will add much more rhythm in music.

13. Why do you feel like this?

Ans: The reason I feel like this is because of advancement in sound engineering there will be a lot of more musical instruments.

14. What are the technological impacts on today's music? বর্তমানে সঙ্গিতে প্রযুক্তিগত প্রভাব কি?

Ans: There are several impacts of technology on today's music. First of all, it has added much variety on music. In addition, it has made music much more interesting to listen.

15. Do you have any musical background (অভিজ্ঞতা)?

Ans: Although I don't have any musical background, i really enjoy listening different of music.

16. Which musical bands (বাদকদল) do you like and why?

Ans: There are many musical bands in Bangladesh and among them I like the band plies most. The reason is the lyrics of their songs are much more interesting than other bands.

Photography

01. What is your favorite photograph (আলোকচিত্র)?

Ans: There are many photographs at my house. Among them the one I like most is a picture of my grandfather. He passed away long time ago whenever I look at that picture it brings back many memories.

02. Why is it your favorite?

Ans: My grandfather had a great influence in my life. Although he is no longer with me by looking at his picture i fed he is still with me.

03. Do you like taking photographs?

Ans: Yes, I enjoy taking photographs. Whenever I get a chance I like taking pictures.

04. Do you always keep photographs with you?

Ans: Yes, I always keep a photograph with me. It is a picture of my nephew.

Singer

01. Who is your favorite singer(গায়ক)?

Ans: There are many singers in my country. Among them James is my favorite singer. The reason he is my favorite that I really enjoy the lyrics of his songs.

02. What is the specialty(স্পেশালিটি - বিশেষত্ব) of this singer?

Ans: The specially of his music is the lyrics and rythm of his music are quite different from other singers. He can really connect with the audience.

03. Have you ever met him/her?

Ans: Although I have attended some of his concerts. I never had the opportunity to meet him face to face.

Happy experience

01. Do you have any happy event(ঘটনা) in your life?

Ans: Yes, I have many happy events in my life. Among them the one that is happiest to one is when I got my S.S.C result.

02. Why is this event special to you?

Ans: There are several reasons the event is special to me. First of all, I scored very high marks on my result. In addition it gave me the opportunity to get admitted in a good college.

03. Who were with you in that event?

Ans: The day I got my result was very special to me. I bought sweets from the store and many of my relatives gave me gifts. Also, my parents there arranged a party for me.

Family members

01. Can you tell me something about your family members?

Ans: We are two brothers and one sister. My dad is retired bank officer and my mother is housewife. In addition, my brother is a doctor and my sister is married with two children.

02. How much time do you manage to spend (ব্যয় করা) with the members of your family?

Ans: I have to spend a lot of time at work. Whenever I have free time I try to spend it with my family. I generally spent 2-3 hours each day with my family.

03. Do you *get on well with* (কারো সাথে বন্ধুত্বপূর্ণ সম্পর্ক থাকা) your family members?

Ans: Yes I get on well with my family members. We always have regular contact with each other.

04. Why do you say so?

Ans: The reason I say so whenever one of the family members is in trouble he or she can depend on the other members of the family.

05. If you have enough money, do you think the attitude (দৃষ্টি ভঙ্গি/মনোভাব) of your parents about you would change?

Ans: I don't think that would happen. The reason is that my parents don't judge people by their financial worth.

06. What is your mother's profession?

Ans: My mother is a housewife by profession. She always takes care of the whole family.

07. Is she satisfied with it?

Ans: Yes, she is satisfied (স্যাটিসফাইড - সন্তুষ্ট) with it. She really enjoys doing the shopping and cooking for the whole family.

08. In your family, who goes to purchase (পার্চেইজ - ক্রয় করা) things for your family members?

Ans: In my family my father goes to purchase things for the family members. He does that couple times a week.

09. Do you go sometimes?

Ans: Yes, I do go sometimes. Whenever I have free time, I do the shopping.

10. Tell me about something which you do not have now but would be interested (আগ্রহান্বিত হওয়া) to have in the future.

Ans: I don't have a car but I would love to have one in the near future. It would save a lot of time for me.

11. How can this change your life?

Ans: By having a car there would be several advantages for me. First of all, it would save a lot of time for me. In addition, I can go easily to wherever I want.

12. Do your parents arrange (অ্যারেঞ্জ - আয়োজন করা) birthday parties (জন্ম দিনের অনুষ্ঠান) for you?

Ans: Yes, they used to arrange (অ্যারেঞ্জ - আয়োজন করা) birthday parties for me when I was young. It was a lot of fun.

13. Who does the shopping (কেনাকাটা করা) for your family?

Ans: Same as 08.

14. What kind of things do you usually buy?

Ans: Whenever I go to shop to buy things. I generally buy rice, fish and vegetables. In addition, I also buy other food items.

Neighbor (নেইবার - প্রতিবেশী)

01. Who is your favorite neighbor and why?

Ans: My favorite neighbor is Abdul Ali. There are several reasons for that. He lives next door and whenever I need advice on something I can consult with him. Also, he is a man of great character and he is also honest.

02. How long has he/she been a neighbor?

Ans: He has been my neighbor for 10 years. He always keeps in touch with me.

03. How did he/she influence (ইন্ফ্লুয়েন্স - প্রভাব ফেলা) your life?

Ans: He has great influence in my life. Because he is much older than me he has much more knowledge about life. I can always consult with him about anything.

04. What type of difficulties (বাস্থা) do you face when you try to make something?

Ans: Whenever I try to make something I always face some difficulties. First of all, when ingredients will need to make these thingy. In addition, they have to be put in properly.

05. How can you overcome those difficulties?

Ans: I can overcome (ওভারকাম - পরাভূত করা) those difficulties by having a lot of patience and time.

06. Why do you want to go abroad (বিদেশে)?

Ans: There are several reasons I want to go abroad. First of all, I can get a good education. In addition, by having a foreign degree I can get a good job back.

Animals

01. Which are your favorite animals?

Ans: There are several animals in my country. Among them, I like dog most.

02. Why are these your favorite?

Ans: There several reasons I like dog. First of all, it is very loyal (লয়েল - অনুগত). In addition it protects my house when I am not at home.

03. Say something on a success(সফলতা) of yours.

Ans: One of the success stories of my life when I finished my high school. My high school result was very good and my parents were proud of me.

Helps

01. What kind of help do you get from your family members?(তুমি তোমার পরিবারের কাছ থেকে কি ধরনের সাহায্য পাও?)

Ans: I get many kinds of help from my family members. It could be financial or any other type of help.

02. What kind of help do they get from you?

Ans: They also get same type of help from me. They can always count on me.

Dislike (অপছন্দ)

01. Tell me about someone you do not like.

Ans: One of the persons, I don't like is one of my relative. He is a distant cousin of mine.

02. Why don't you like him/her?

Ans: The reason I don't like him because he is not honest with other people. In addition, he is not trustworthy (ট্রাস্টওয়ারদি - বিশ্বস্ত বা নির্ভরযোগ্য).

Leisure Interest (অবসর বিনোদন)

1. Why do people enjoy cinema on big screen (বড় পর্দা)?

Ans: There are several reasons people enjoy cinema on big screen. Firstly, it creates a natural environment to watch (ওয়াচ - দেখা বা উপভোগ করা) a movie. Secondly, the sound system of a movie is much better at theatre. Finally, it makes the movie more enjoyable (য়েন্জয়এইবল - উপভোগ্য).

2. What do the foreign people (বিদেশীরা) think about our T.V. programs?

Ans: I think people from abroad have positive feelings about our T.V. Programs. The reason for that is in the programs made on T.V is of very high quality. In addition, these programs reflect the culture of the people.

3. What are the impacts (ইম্প্যাক্ট - প্রভাব) of those programs?

Ans: These programs have several impacts. People can learn a lot about the culture and life in Bangladesh. In addition, the programs can increase the knowledge of people watching them.

4. What is your opinion about people who watch T.V. all day long? (যারা দিনভর T.V. দেখে তাদের ব্যাপারে তোমার অভিমত কি?)

Ans: I have very negative opinion about people who watch TV all day long. It is a total waste of time. In addition, watching television all day can be harmful (হার্মফুল - ক্ষতিকর) for health.

5. What is your advice towards those people?

Ans: My advice towards those people is they should limit the time they spend to watch television. In addition, they should find something to keep them busy in some activities.

6. What is the importance of T.V. programs in the development of a country and a nation? (দেশ ও জাতির উন্নতির ক্ষেত্রে T.V. program (অনুষ্ঠান)-এর গুরুত্ব কি?)

Ans: T.V. programs have a great role to play in the development of a country and a nation. First of all, it can educate and inform (ইন্ফর্ম - অবগত করা) citizens about various programs government is undertaking. Secondly, the cultural awareness of people can also increase from watching T.V. Finally, T.V programs can be used to increase patriotism (প্যাট্রিওটিজম - স্বদেশ প্রেম) among citizens.

7. Would you change the T.V. programs of our country if you could? (যদি তুমি পারতে তাহলে কি তোমার দেশের TV program পরিবর্তন করতে?) -

Ans: Yes, I would change the programs of our country if I have the opportunity. I think the quality of the T.V programs is not that good.

8. How would you change?

Ans: There are several steps that can be taken to change the programs. First of all, quality of programs could be improved. In addition, varieties of programs should be shown on T.V.

9. Why would you change?

Ans: The reason I would want to change is that the quality is not good. In addition, most of the programs are of same kind.

10. How do people of your country enjoy their free (অবসর) time?

Ans: There are different ways people in my country enjoy their free time. Some of the people go to the theater to watch movies. On the other hand, many others go to the park or play different kinds of games.

11. What are the demerits (ডিমেরিট্‌স্ - দোষ-ত্রুটি) of our T.V. program?

Ans: The demerits (ডিমেরিট্‌স্ - অপকারিতাসমূহ) of our T.V program are the quality is not up to the mark and in addition, there is a lack of variety in the programs.

12. What can be done about it?

Ans: Same as 8.

13. What are the differences between a child T.V. viewer (ভিউয়ার - দর্শক) and an adult T.V. viewer?

Ans: There are some differences between a child T.V viewer (ভিউয়র্ - দর্শক) and an adult T.V viewer. Firstly, they each like different type of program. In addition, they watch T.V. on different time of the day.

14. Why do people criticize (সমালোচনা করা) T.V. viewers?

Ans: The reason people criticize T.V viewers is it can harm morale (মোরেইল্ - মনোবল) by watching different kinds of programs. In addition, spending a lot of time in front of T.V can be harmful for students.

15. What types of people watch T.V. for a long time?

Ans: Generally old people and children watch T.V for a long time. The reason they do that they have plenty of free time on their hand.

16. Give me the difference between T.V. programs 20 years back and today's T.V. programs.

Ans: There are some differences between T.V. programs 20 years back and now. Firstly, there are more varieties now than before. In addition, the quality of programs have improved (ইম্প্রুভ্ - উন্নত করা) greatly.

17. What changes will occur after 10 years in T.V. programs?

Ans: There will occur (অকার্ - ঘটী) some changes after 10 years in T.V. programs. New types of programs will be shown. In addition, more T.V channels will be available for public.

18. What are the differences between a T.V. and a cinema hall?

Ans: There are some differences between a cinema hall and a T.V. We can watch varieties of programs on T.V. On the other hand, we can watch one movie in a cinema hall. In addition, the sound quality in a cinema hall is much better than T.V.

19. Can you compare (তুলনা করা) T.V. programs with the cinema in your country?

Ans: The quality of T.V programs are quite better than cinema in my country. There are much more varieties in T.V programs than cinema. On the other hand, lately only few good movies are produced.

20. Which one is more popular (জনপ্রিয়) in our country- T.V. program or cinema?

Ans: T.V programs are much more popular than movies. The main reason is the quality of T.V program is better than cinema. In addition, there is much more variety in TV program.

21. What is the difference between American movies (মুভি - চলচ্চিত্র) and other countries' movies?

Ans: There are some differences, between American movies' and other countries movies. The main difference is the quality of American movies is much higher than movies from other countries. In addition, the actors have great depth (ডেপথ্ - গভীরতা) in their acting.

22. What is your speculation (স্পেকুলেশন্ - অনুমান) about future movies?

Ans: My speculation about future movies is many. High quality movies will get made. In addition, the special effects will be much more spectacular (স্পেক্টেইকিউলার - জাঁকানো).

23. When do you like to watch T.V.?

Ans: I like to watch T.V. when I have free time Generally, I watch T.V. in the evening.

24. What kind of T.V. programs do the general people (সাধারণ জনগণ) like?

Ans: General people prefer to watch programs according to their taste. While most people like to watch dramas some prefer music and sports programs.

25. Do you think the foreign people are going to like the same programs?

Ans: I don't think foreign people are going to like the same programs as we do. The reason is that they are not familiar with the culture and tradition of our country.

26. Why do you think like that?

Ans: Same as 25

27. What is the condition (অবস্থা) of the Bangladeshi films?

Ans: The condition of the Bangladeshi films is pitiful. The main reason is films are being made for commercial purpose. In addition, quality of acting has gone down.

28. How can we improve it?

Ans: Several steps should be taken to improve the standard (স্ট্যান্ডার্ড - মান) of the films. First of all, censorship laws need to be properly enforced. Secondly, government should increase funds to encourage (য়েন্কারেইজ্ - উৎসাহিত করা) good films makers. Finally, directors and producers should be more careful about choosing scripts.

29. Why are the audiences sometimes disappointed (ডিস্‌এপয়েন্ট - হতাশ করা) when a book is made into a film? (বই (Book) থেকে তৈরি চলচ্চিত্র দেখতে দর্শকরা মাঝে মাঝে কেন নিরাশ হয়ে পড়েন?)

Ans: The audiences sometimes get disappointed (ডিস্‌এপয়েন্টেড - হতাশ) when a book is made into a film. There are some reasons for that. Main reason is the story is not properly followed in the movie. Also, the quality of actors could also be a factor.

Varieties of Questions

01. As a parent, would you encourage (য়েন্কারেইজ্ - উৎসাহ দেওয়া) your children to take part in (অংশ গ্রহণ করা) sports?

Ans: Of course, I would encourage my children to take part in sports. The main reason is it is important for physical health. In addition, by taking part in sports they can build up friendship which is also important.

02. If yes, why?

Ans: By participating (পার্টিসিপেইট্ - অংশগ্রহণ করা) in sports children can build up their social and communication skills.

03. Why do you think traveling (ভ্রমণ) creates an impact on our lives?

Ans: There are some reasons traveling creates an impact on our lives. The main reason is that it broadens (ব্রোডেন্ - প্রসারিত করা) our mind. In addition, we can learn a lot about culture and tradition of other people.

04. What is difference between our country and the western countries in the celebration (উদযাপন) of the birthday parties?
- Ans: There are some differences between our country and the western countries in the celebration (সেলিব্রেশন্ - উদযাপন) of the birthday parties. The main difference is that a lot of more money is spent on western countries. The other difference is that every body celebrates birthday there while only few do so in Bangladesh.
05. Do you find any changes in the celebration of parties in our country nowadays(বর্তমানকালে)?
- Ans: Yes, I find some changes in the celebration of parties in our country nowadays. The main change is that it is very common to most parts of the society to hold parties. In addition, a lot of money is being spent on these parties.
06. What are the changes you see?
- Ans: Same as 05
07. How did these changes take place?
- Ans: These changes took place for some reasons. The main reason is the change of culture and tradition. In addition, economic prosperity (খস্পেরিটি - উন্নয়ন বা অগ্রগতি) also played a part.
08. Compare a holiday(ছুটির দিন) which you would like to spend at home(বাড়ীতে) with a holiday you would like to spend outdoors (বাড়ীর বাইরে দূরে কোথাও).
- Ans: When I am at home during a holiday I like to spend time by watching T.V and chatting with my family members. On the other hand, when I am outdoors, I spend my time sightseeing.
09. How do people in your country celebrate parties (পার্টি - আনন্দ উৎসবে অংশগ্রহণের জন্য আনন্দিত অতিথিবৃন্দের সমাবেশ)?
- Ans: People in my country celebrate parties by different ways. First of all, many people are invited to the parties. In addition, varieties of foods are cooked for the occasion.
10. Describe a party which was celebrated (সেলিব্রেইট - উদযাপন করা) in the past but not celebrated now.
- Ans: A party which used to be celebrated in the past is when people finish their secondary education. It was a reason for throwing a party.

11. Why isn't it celebrated now?

Ans: The reason it isn't celebrated now because after finishing high school students have to get themselves admitted into a good college. There are only few good colleges around.

12. What do you know about parties, family parties and formal (আনুষ্ঠানিক) parties?

Ans: Family parties are a gathering of family members. On the other hand, formal parties are occasions when different types of people are invited.

13. Which one do you think is the most important?

Ans: Both of them are important for their own reasons. While family parties give us a chance to meet relatives, formal parties are nice way to meet important people.

14. Do you think exercise is needed for both men and women? (পুরুষ-মহিলা উভয়ের জন্যই (exercise) ব্যায়াম কেন দরকার/প্রয়োজন?)

Ans: Yes I think exercise is needed for both men and woman. The main reason is it refreshes (রিফ্রেশ - সতেজ করা) both mind and the body. Also, to lead a healthy life we need exercise.

15. Why do today's children prefer indoor games?

Ans: There are some reasons for that. The main reason is lack of playing facilities. The other reason is many of the children are not good at sports.

16. Did you ever go for a long trip (ট্রিপ - প্রমোদভ্রমণ)?

Ans: Yes, I went to a long trip after finishing my high school education. I went to Cox-Bazar and St. Martin Island with some of my friends.

17. Describe that trip.

Ans: After finishing my high school exam some of my friends and I went to Cox-Bazar. We took a bus from Dhaka and went there. We rented some motel rooms. Sea beaches over there is quite nice. From there we went to St. Martin's Island. We spent few days there.

18. How do sports represent(রিপ্রেজেন্ট - তুলে ধরা) the country to the world?

Ans: There are different ways sport represents a country to the world. If players from one country can do well in sports the whole world will take notice. In addition, poor and under developed countries can draw attention (ড্র অ্যাটেনশন্ - দৃষ্টি আকর্ষণ করা) from the rest of the world by achieving success in the field.

19. How is it beneficial(বেনিফিশল - হিতকর)?

Ans: By getting recognition (রিকগ্নিশন্ - স্বীকৃতি) from people from different countries, they can draw tourist from those countries. In addition, they can also help to attract foreign investment.

20. What kind of tour(টুউর্ - সফর) do you like?

Ans: I like to take trip to foreign countries. The reason is that I want to learn about other people and their culture.

21. Why do you like this kind of tour?

Ans: My outlook (আউটলুক - দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি) about the world would be broadened. By taking trips abroad.

22. Do you think it will change in the future?

Ans: No, I don't think it will change in the future. I would still be interested about other country.

23. Do you think there is any biological(জৈবিক) cause for the choice of sports of girls and boys?

Ans: Yes I think there is a biological cause for the choice of sports of girls and boys. Generally, boys prefer sports with heavy (হেভি - ভারী) physical activity. On the other hand, girls like sports with light physical activity..

24. Why do you think like that?(তুমি কেন এরূপ মনে কর?) ।

Ans: The reason I think like that because of physical reason. Male and female body structure (স্ট্রাকচার - গঠন) is built on different ways.

25. Say something on a trip which is memorable (স্মরণীয়) to you. Is this kind of trip necessary for people? (তোমার জীবনে স্মরণীয় একটি আনন্দ ভ্রমণের সম্পর্কে কিছু বল । এরূপ ভ্রমণ কি মানুষের জন্য প্রয়োজন?)

Ans: After finishing my high school exam some of my friends and I went to Cox-Bazar. We took a bus from Dhaka and went there. We rented some motel rooms. Sea beaches over there is quite nice. From there we went to St. Martin's Island. We spent few days there. Yes, this kind of trip is necessary for people to get away from daily monotony (মনটনি - একগেঁয়েমি) of life.

26. Why do you think so?

Ans: The reason I think like that because traveling refreshes peoples' mind and body. It also gives them a fresh perspective (পারস্পেক্টিভ - ধারণা) on life.

27. Why do people choose a particular(যত্ন) team in a game?

Ans: There are several reasons people choose a particular team in a game. By choosing a team they can identify (আইডেন্টিফাই - সনাক্তকরা) with a team. In addition, it makes the game much more enjoyable to watch.

28. What kind of leisure interests(অবসর কাটানোর বিনোদনমূলক উপায়সমূহ) do your parents have?

Ans: My parents have several kinds of leisure interests. Whenever they have free time, they like to listen to music. In addition, they like to visit parks and museums.

29. Do these interests influence you?

Yes, I am influenced (ইনফ্লুয়েন্সড - প্রভাবিত হওয়া) by these kind of interests. Listening to music soothes your mind. Going to parks and museums refresh both mind and body.

30. Do you give parties after you succeed (সাকসিড্ - সফল হওয়া) in something?

Ans: Yes, I give parties after I succeed in something. I think it is important to enjoy and relax. Throwing parties is a good way of doing it.

31. Whom do you invite (আমন্ত্রণ জানানো) to your parties mostly?

Ans: Generally, I invite my friends to my parties mostly. Sometimes, I also invite my neighbors and relatives.

32. Are these parties usually very expensive (ব্যয়বহল)?

Ans: These parties are not that expensive. My guests are invited to my house. We have some home cooked meal and relax.

33. Do you think free time is necessary?

Ans: Yes, I think free time is necessary. We need free time to relax and refresh our mind and body.

34. On which holidays do people mostly go to the restaurants? (ছুটির দিনগুলোর কোন্টিতে বেশীর ভাগ মানুষ Restaurant-এ খায়?)

Ans: There are some particular holidays people mostly go to the restaurants. For example, during Bengali New years day and Independence day people go to restaurants.

S@ifur's Viva Question Bank & Solve

35. Which sport is popular in the area in which you live?

Ans: There are several sports that are popular (পপিউলার - জনপ্রিয়) in the area. For example, many people play cricket in my neighborhood. In addition, some other people play football.

36. What kind of sports/games did your grandfather (পিতামহ) play?

Ans: My grandfather used to play football. He was a very good football player during his time.

37. What kind of transport did your grandfather have?

Ans: My grandfather used public transport available during his time. For example, he rode trains and buses while travelling.

38. Why don't you go to the cinema halls?

Ans: There are several reasons why I don't go to the cinema halls. First of all, the quality of movies are not good. In addition, the environment inside the cinema halls are not healthy.

39. What are the roles of actors regarding the development of the country and a nation?(দেশ ও জাতির উন্নয়নে চলচ্চিত্র নায়কদের ভূমিকা কি?)

Ans: Actors can play a great role regarding the development of the country and a nation. As they are good role models and popular they can inspire people to be good citizens.

40. What is your opinion about the actors (নায়ক) and actresses (অ্যাকট্রেস - নায়িকা) of your country?

Ans: My opinion about the actors and actresses are not that good. The cinema industry in my country is in really bad shape. Only few good movies are being made every year.

41. What are their roles in your life?

Ans: Since they are not good role models for me they don't have any roles to play in my life. I don't like local movies and don't watch them.

42. Why do people choose sports as a profession?

Ans: There are several reasons people choose sports as a profession. The main reason is that it is a good way to earn a lot of money. The other reason is that it doesn't require much education for this profession.

43. Do you think consumerism (কনসিউমারিজম - বেশী পরিমাণ পণ্য ও সেবা ক্রয় করা ও ব্যবহার করা ভাল, এই বিশ্বাস) is a positive or a negative development?

Ans: In my opinion consumerism is a positive development. There are several reasons for that. It helps citizens to be aware of (অ্যাওয়ার্ অফ - সচেতন) good products. In addition, it helps companies to make their merchandise better.

44. What is the role of advertisement (বিজ্ঞাপন)?

Ans: The main role of advertisement is to promote (প্রমোট - প্রচার করা) the product. In addition, it also helps the consumer to choose a product.

45. What are the advantages and disadvantages of making movies of real (বাস্তব) life events?

Ans: The advantage is it can make the movie really interesting to watch. In addition, people can relate to the story. The disadvantage is that people want to watch movie to get away from reality for a while. Movies based on real life event (বাস্তব জীবনের ঘটনার উপর ভিত্তি করে রচিত) don't do that.

46. How important do you think it is for the filmmaker to remain true to the original story? (গল্পের/প্রকৃত সত্যকে ধরে রাখা চলচ্চিত্র নির্মাতাদের জন্য কতটা গুরুত্বপূর্ণ বলে তুমি মনে কর?)

Ans: It is very important for the film maker to remain true to the original story. Otherwise, it may lose the real attraction of the movie.

47. Can you tell me the difference between a big shop and a small shop?

Ans: In a big shop people can buy a varieties of items. In addition, the price is also cheaper than small shops. On the other hand, small shops sell only few items. The price is also very high.

48. Do you think big shops have any influence on the small shops?

Ans: Big shops have some influences on the small shops since the price is bit cheaper at big shops. Small shops also have to make some adjustments to remain competitive (কম্পেটিটিভ্ - প্রতিযোগিতাপূর্ণ).

49. Do you think it is necessary to bargain (দরকষাকষি করা)? Why do you think so?

Ans: Yes, I think it is necessary to bargain. The main reason is by bargaining we can get a good deal on a product.

50. Say something about the selling system(বিক্রয় পদ্ধতি) in the big shopping malls.

Ans: In the big shopping malls there are a lot of products. The price is fixed but if you buy a lot of products you can get some discount.

51. Do you think shopping habits (কেনাকাটার অভ্যাস) are increasing day by day?

Ans: Yes, I think shopping habits are increasing day by day. People are much more interested in doing shopping now a day.

Education & Study



01. What are the roles of books in formal education(প্রাতিষ্ঠানিক শিক্ষা)?

Ans: Books have a great role to play in the formal education. Firstly, it can make it easy to understand the material. Secondly, it can be used to promote materials. Finally, education can be made accessible (অ্যাক্সেসিবিল্ - প্রবেশযোগ্য) to everyone.

02. How can we improve the books for our children?

Ans: There are several steps that could be taken to improve the books. Materials for the books should be properly selected. In addition, good writers should be given the task to write those books.

03. Do you think it will be expensive?

Ans: I don't think it will be expensive. It might cost a bit more to improve (ইম্প্রুভ্ - বৃদ্ধি করা) the quality.

04. Do you think that dolls(পুতুল) can be used for educational purposes (পার্পাস্ - উদ্দেশ্য)? How?

Ans: Yes, I think dolls can be used for educational purposes. Since they are human figures they could be used easily to educate children about many things. The children can easily relate to dolls.

05. What is the best part of your study life?

Ans: The best part of my study life was going to school. I really enjoyed my time at school. In addition, i learned a lot from my teachers.

06. What is the worst (সবচেয়ে খারাপ) part of your study life?

Ans: The worst part of my study life is when the results got published. Sometimes, the results were not that good and I got disappointed.

07. Do you have any extra qualifications (অতিরিক্ত যোগ্যতা) other than education?

Ans: Yes, I have some extra qualifications other than education. I can play cricket well.

08. What is the best time (সর্বোত্তম সময়) of your study?

Ans: The best time of my study is in the morning. My mind is fresh during morning. I can really understand the materials very easily.

09. Why is it your best time?

Ans: Same as 08

10. Do you think that children are getting too much of pressure from the school?

Ans: Yes, I think children are getting too much pressure from the school. Since students are much more competitive these days, they have to study very hard. In addition, the curriculums have become broader than before.

11. What sort of certificates (সনদপত্র) do you expect in the future?

Ans: I expect to finish my MBA in the next couple years. This will help me to find a good job.

12. What sort of changes do you want in your educational system?

Ans: There are some changes that I want in my educational system. The qualities of teachers have to improve. In addition, the curriculum needs to be changed.

13. What is the importance of books in education?

Ans: Same as 01.

14. Were you satisfied with your university?

Ans: I was satisfied with my university. The faculty was very knowledgeable about the subject they taught. The atmosphere was very conducive (কন্ডিউসিভ - সহায়ক) to study.

15. What were the advantages of your university?

Ans: There were many advantages of my university. First of all, the academic standard was very high. The faculties were very experienced. Many educational facilities were available.

16. What should we do in order to make our books more interesting?

Ans: There are several things that can be done to make books more interesting. The quality of writing should be improved. In addition pictures could be added to make it much more enjoyable to read.

17. What do the students who do not get the opportunity to study in the universities do?

Ans: The students who do not get the opportunity to study in the universities study in private university. In addition, they also have the opportunity to study under national university.

18. Hearing the advancements (অগ্রগতি) in medicine, do you think it might be better to spend money on ways of preventing illness, rather than on the expensive (ব্যয়বহুল) medical treatment (চিকিৎসা)?

Ans: Yes, I think it might be better to spend money on ways of preventing illness. The reason for that is by preventing illness we can save a lot of money. The money that can be saved should be used for longer purpose.

Your Job

01. What type of facilities do you get from your work place?

Ans: I get lots of facilities from my work place. The main facility is to get my salary at the beginning of month. In addition, ~~if~~ if have to work after office hour, I get paid extra money. *am*

02. Do you have a cordial (আন্তরিক) relationship with your ^Acolleagues (কলিগ - সহকর্মী)?

Ans: Yes, I have very cordial relationship with my/colleagues. They are very helpful with me. Whenever I have some problems, I can go and talk to them.

03. Why is this kind of relationship important in the work places?

Ans: This kind of relationship is very important in the workplace. In order to have a good working environment, you need to good relationship with your colleagues.

04. Are you satisfied with your salary?

Ans: Yes, I am satisfied with salary. Although I think I could use a raise (অ্যা রেইজ - বেতনবৃদ্ধি).

05. Do you need to compete for the increase of your salary?

Ans: Yes, I need to compete (কম্পীট - প্রতিযোগিতা করা) to increase my salary. If my performance is satisfactory then my salary will increase.

06. Why or why not?

Ans: The reason is salary increase that is related to performance.

07. Does your office give any long term security and pension? (তোমার office কি তোমাকে দীর্ঘস্থায়ী নিরাপত্তা ও পেনশন (অবসর ভাতা) দেয়?)
Ans: Although there is no pension program in my company, they do have long term security. Since it is a well established company, it can provide long term security.
08. What kind of security and pension do you have?
Ans: Being a well established company with strong financial base, it can provide long term security for employees.
09. What do you have to do for a promotion?
Ans: I need to work well and show dedication to my job to deserve (ডিবার্ভ - পাওয়ার যোগ্য) a promotion. We have certain criteria for promotion and we need to fulfill them to get promotion.
10. Does the office give the opportunities for promotion?
Ans: Yes, the office gives the opportunities for promotion. It is based on certain criteria.
11. Do you have to travel overseas (বিদেশে) from the office?
Ans: No, we don't have to travel overseas from the office. Since the work is based on this country, there is no need to travel.
12. What type of employees gets this opportunity?
Ans: Same as 11.
13. Do you have training courses in your office?
Ans: Yes, we have training courses in my office. It is required to improve the productivity of the employees.
14. If yes, what kind of training do you get?
Ans: We have varieties of training course. Some of them learn computer skill and other are to improve language and writing skills.
15. If no, what are the advantages and disadvantages of it?
Ans: Same as 14.
16. Is the organisation very progressive (প্রগ্রেসিভ - উন্নতিশীল) and dynamic (ডাইনামিক - প্রাণবন্ত, গতিময়)?
Ans: Yes, the organisation is very progressive and dynamic (ডাইনামিক - সক্রিয়). It is an organisation with a very creative management.

17. Why or why not?

Ans: The organisation is very progressive because of dynamic management. They are very dedicated to the welfare of the employees, and providing good service.

18. Would you say your job is challenging (উপভোগ্য) and interesting?

Ans: Yes, my job is challenging and interesting. I do enjoy working for the company and it is really satisfying.

19. Why do you think so?

Ans: The reason it is challenging (চ্যালেঞ্জিং - প্রতিদ্বন্দ্বিতাপূর্ণ) because I do have to work hard for the company and everything depends on my job performance. In addition, my work is related to my education. So, it is interesting for me.

20. What are the benefits of challenging (প্রতিদ্বন্দ্বিতাপূর্ণ) jobs?

Ans: There are some benefits of challenging jobs. First of all, the financial benefit is huge (হিউজ্ - অত্যন্ত). In addition, there are many other perks. Finally, if the performance is satisfactory (স্যাটিস্ফ্যাক্টোরী - সন্তোষজনক) we can make a career from it.

21. How can you make your job more challenging and interesting?

Ans: I have to work much harder and show much more creativity in my work. In addition, I need show dedication to make the job more interesting (ইন্টেরেস্টিং - উপভোগ্য) and challenging.

General Questions

01. What is your favorite recreational (রেক্রিয়েশনাল - বিনোদনমূলক) activity?

Ans: Different people have different kinds of recreational activity. The thing I like most for recreation is taking a walk in the park. The reason I like it because it refreshes my mind and body.

02. Which is your favorite shopping center?

Ans: My favorite shopping center is Bashundara city shopping complex. It is situated at Panthapath. The reason it is my favorite of brand names place to shop because it has varieties of stores which sell different kinds of items.

03. Tell me about its specialty (স্পেশাল্টি - বিশেষত্ব).

Ans: The main attraction of that shopping center is it is the largest mall in south asia. The location is also very convenient (কন্ভেনিয়েন্ট - সুবিধাজনক). Many foreign made goods are available there.

04. Describe your memorable moment.

Ans: People have different types of memorable moments in their lives. The moment that is memorable to me when I finished my high school. I received very high marks in the exam. Because of that it was possible for me to myself get admitted in a good college.

05. What is your favorite color and why?

Ans: There are varieties of colors. Among them the one I like most is blue. The reason it is my favorite color because it reflects the color of sky. In addition, it also matches the color of ocean water.

06. How would you describe the street in front(সামনে) of your house?

Ans: The street in front of my house is very well paved. Although there are some problems, the main problem is it is a low lying area. Whenever it rains, the street gets flooded. In addition, the street is also very narrow (ন্যারৌ - সংকীর্ণ).

07. Did any specific place help you to grow up(বেড়ে উঠা) properly?

Ans: Yes, I think the place where I lived helped me to grow up properly. The building was situated at very nice neighborhood. The environment was really nice.

08. How did it help you?

Ans: It helped me in different ways. Firstly, my neighbors were very well educated. Secondly, the children were very well behaved. Finally, all the people who lived in that locality always looked after each other.

09. Do you have the intention to join the film industry? (চলচ্চিত্র শিল্পে যোগদানের জন্য তোমার কি ইচ্ছা আছে?)

Ans: No, I don't have the intention to join the film industry. The film industry in Bangladesh is in really bad shape. I don't think I can contribute (কন্ট্রিবিউট - অবদান রাখা) anything for the film industry.

10. What type of movies would you make if you could?

Ans: If I have the opportunity to make movies, I would like to make comedy (কমেডী - হাস্যরসাত্মক ঘটনা) movies. By watching comedies, people can relax and enjoy themselves.

11. Which movie would you remake(পুনরায় নতুনভাবে তৈরী করা) if you could?

Ans: There are many good movies which could be remaked. Among them the one I like to remake is Devdas. It is a movie about tragic love.

12. Why do you choose this movie?

Ans: The reason I choose this movie is the story line. The main character of the movie falls in love but ends in tragedy.

13. If you have enough money, do you think that the attitude(মনোভাব) of your parents towards you would change?

Ans: I don't think money will be a factor in changing attitude. My parents don't judge people by their wealth. Their attitude towards me won't change because of my financial situation.

14. Did you ever see live(সরাসরি) concerts(কনসার্ট - সংগীতানুষ্ঠান)?

Ans: Yes, I had the opportunity to attend live concert. I enjoyed it thoroughly. There is a big difference in live concerts and music played at home.

15. Which bands(বাদক দল) do you like and why?

Ans: The band I like most is *Face to Face*. The lead singer is S. I. Tutul. The music they play is very lively (লাইভলি - জীবন্ত) and enjoyable. They always follow the latest trend (ট্রেন্ড - ধারা) in music.

16. Where do you want to settle? Why?

Ans: I would like to settle in the United States. There are many reasons for that. The main reason is that it is the most advanced country in the world. In addition, I can earn a good living there.

17. What sort of activities do you do with your best friend (তোমার সর্বোত্তম বন্ধুর কি ধরনের কাজকর্ম করে থাকে)?

Ans: There are many kinds of activities I do with my best friend. For example, we go to the movies, play sports. In addition, we also go the shopping together.

18. How much time does a boy/girl need to spend(কাটানো/ব্যয় করা) with his parents?

Ans: It depends on the age of the boy/girl. At earlier part of the childhood, it is very important for a child to spend as much time as possible with his or her parents. As the child gets older he or she may not need to spend as much time as they did before.

19. If you want to make a house, what design(নকশা) would be the first thing you would want?

Ans: If I want to make a house the first thing I would want the design of the foundation. The reason for that is a house rests on foundation. If the foundation is strong then the house would last long.

20. Tell something about group holidays(দলবদ্ধভাবে অবকাশযাপন) and individually spent holidays?

Ans: There are some differences between group holidays and individually spent holidays. Group holidays are spent by group of people who go to a place together. On the other hand, individually spent holidays are taken by people who go to vacation by themselves.

21. Do you think most people enjoy most of the individual holidays?

Ans: It depends on the person taking the holidays. If a person likes to be alone, then they might enjoy taking a trip by themselves.

22. Do you like chatting(চ্যাট - গালাগলি করা)?

Ans: Yes, I like chatting. By chatting with my friends I can relax. In addition, I can discuss many things with them.

23. Which type of people do you like to chat with?

Ans: Generally, I enjoy chatting with my friends. Besides, I also like to chat with my neighbors.

24. What do you understand by neighbors?

Ans: By neighbors I mean people living next door and in my locality. They can live in the same building and also in the same neighborhood.

25. What kind of clothing (পোষাক-পরিচ্ছদ) do you like?

Ans: I generally prefer formal clothes like shirts and trousers. In addition, I also prefer traditional clothes when I am at home.

26. What is the main problem in our country?

Ans: There are many problems in Bangladesh. Among them the one that is most critical (ক্রিটিক্যাল - গুরুত্বপূর্ণ) is the high population growth rate. Without solving that problem, no progress can be made in our country.

27. Did any global (গ্লোবাল - বিশ্বব্যাপী) problem arise (আবির্ভূত হওয়া) due to changes of weather (আবহাওয়া)?

Ans: Change of weather has created many problems globally. The rising temperature has many negative effects. The most important one is rising sea level. In addition, food production has also reduced (রিডিউস - কমে যাওয়া).

28. People in the city area often like to spend time in the countryside – why do you think it is so?

Ans: People living in the city often like to spend time in the countryside for various reasons. The main reason is that they can get away from the busy life in city. The other reason is that by spending time in village they can refresh their mind and body.

Future plan

1. **Future plan** (ভবিষ্যৎ পরিকল্পনা)

- * What is your future plan?
- * Why did you choose this?
- * How will this help you in your future?
- * What can you do for your country by this?

Ans: Every body has a future plan and so do I. My future plan is to join the Foreign Service and be a diplomat. I am also very much interested to know about other cultures. The reason I choose this because I want to know about other countries and people. Also, I can travel to different parts of the world. If I can join the Foreign Service, I can make a reasonable career. In addition, I can make a good living. Since being a government job it is also very secure (সিকিউর্ - নিরাপদ; ঝুঁকিমুক্ত). In order to do that I need to pass the BCS exam. By becoming a diplomat I can represent (রিপ্রেসেন্ট - প্রতিনিধিত্ব করা) my country abroad and protect her interest. Also, I can convince (কন্ভিন্স - বুঝিয়ে রাজি করানো) foreign companies to invest in my country. In addition, I can serve my fellow countrymen who are living abroad.

Clothes

02. **Clothes**

- * What kind of clothing do you like?
- * Why do you prefer such clothing?
- * Tell me something about your traditional clothes. (তোমাদের ঐতিহ্যবাহী পোশাক সম্পর্কে কিছু বল)

* What is the importance (গুরুত্ব) of traditional clothes?

Ans: People choose clothes according to their taste. It could vary in age and tradition. In general, old people prefer light colored clothing and young people prefer clothes to bright colors. Weather is also an important factor in choosing the type of clothes we choose to wear. Generally, I prefer formal clothes like shirts and pants. I also prefer clothes made with cotton. The reason I prefer such clothing that weather in Bangladesh is very warm. Loose fitting and light colored clothing are very comfortable (কমফোর্টেবল - আরামদায়ক) in the type of weather we have in our country. Clothes made with cotton are very comfortable in that kind of weather. There are many traditional clothes in Bangladesh, such as Lungi, Pyjama, Punjabi etc. Traditional clothes reflect the tradition and culture of a country. By wearing traditional clothes, we can represent and protect the traditional clothes industry.

Gift

03. Gift

- * What is the best gift you got? (তুমি পেয়েছিলে এমন সর্বোত্তম উপহারটি কি?)
- * Who gave you the gift?
- * Why is it special (স্পেশাল - অসাধারণ) to you?
- * Do you see the brand (ব্র্যান্ড - পণ্যদ্রব্যের মালিকানা, শ্রেণী ইত্যাদি নির্দেশক চিহ্ন) of the gift?

Ans: People receive gifts on different occasions. Gift symbolises (সিম্বোলাইজ - প্রতীক স্বরূপ হওয়া) love and affection one for another person. It can also be a token (টোকেন - প্রতীক) of friendship. It has become a tradition in our country to give gifts in different ceremonies. It can be birthday, graduation, marriage day. I have received gifts on different occasions. Among them the one that is most memorable to me is a pen I got from my father. I studied very hard for my high school final exam. After publication of the result my parents were very happy on my success. After finishing my high school I received that gift. I scored very high marks in my high school exam. The reason it is special to me it that my father gave it to me. I always wanted a parker pen. I still use this pen. I always cherish (চেরিশ - কোন কিছু পাবার আকাঙ্ক্ষা করা) that gift. The brand of the pen was parker which is a famous brand. The pen is a symbol of my success.

Law and Order

04. *Law and order*

- * What is the condition of Bangladesh's law and order system? (বাংলাদেশের আইন-শৃঙ্খলা পদ্ধতির পরিস্থিতি কি?)
- * What can the general people do to develop the system?
- * What should be the government's steps (সরকারী পদক্ষেপ)?

Ans: Law and order situation in a country is a very important factor. Much depends on the condition of law and order. Without having a proper system there will be chaos. The current condition of Bangladesh's law and order is satisfactory (স্যাটিস্ফ্যাকটোরি - সন্তোষজনক). Calm has been restored in the country. Many criminals and corrupted persons have been caught. Some of them have been tried and convicted. Although only few months ago it was totally the opposite. Previously law and order situation in Bangladesh were in terrible shape. There was no protection for the ordinary citizens. The rich and powerful were able to do as they wish (টেরিবল্ - ভয়ানক). But the situation has improved dramatically (ড্রামাটিক্যালি - আশ্চর্যজনক বা নাটকীয়ভাবে). General people can also play role to develop the system. They should follow the rules and regulations and inform the authorities about law breakers. The government should enforce the rules and regulations. In addition, they should also make sure people who break the rules are punished. General people should be aware of the law and order situation. Government should let people know about the consequence (কনসেকোয়েন্স্ - পরিণতি) of breaking the law.

Electronics

05. *Electronics*(পদার্থবিদ্যার একটি শাখা)

- * What is the impact of electronics first in families, then in your work place(কর্মস্থল)?
- * Do you think electronics, would make many employees unnecessary in many job.
- * After 50 years, what do you think will be the impact of electronics?

Ans: Electronics is a part of science. Electronics plays a vital (ভাইটাল্ - গুরুত্বপূর্ণ) role in our life. Many products have been invented because of advancement in electronics. We can't imagine our lives without electronics. It has made our live comfortable and easier. The role of electronics is vital in family life. All the modern accessories are related to electronics. Electronics has made family life very comfortable. In workplace also it plays a important part. Without electronics work place would come to a standstill (স্ট্যান্ডস্টিল্ - স্থবির; নিশ্চল). It has also some drawbacks. Yes, I think electronics would make many employees redundant (রিডান্ড্যান্ট্ - অনাবশ্যক) in many jobs. For example, computer has

eliminated (য়েলিমিনেইট - ধ্বংস করা) many jobs done previously by hand. Also, using robots has eliminated some jobs. Half a century from now our lives will be totally changed by electronics. Our lives will be much more comfortable because of it. 50 years from now we will be much more independent on electronics. We have to learn many new skills to get jobs.

English Language

06. English Language

- * What is the importance of English Language?
- * What are the applications of English Language in your country? (তোমাদের দেশে ইংরেজি ভাষার প্রয়োগ বা ক্ষেত্রগুলো কি কি?)
- * What is your first English Language class?

Ans: English is a global language. It is also the language of international trade. All the countries correspond (করেস্পন্ড - পারস্পরিক আদান-প্রদান) each other using English. Many of the advanced countries use English as their mother tongue. It is used as a second language in many parts of the world. Without the knowledge of English, no person can advance in their carrier. English language had many applications in our country. It is used in official correspondence and in universities. All the textbooks in universities are written in English. Since it is the most commonly used language, it is important to have knowledge of English. My first English Language class was in first grade. I went to a English medium school since then I because interested in that language. Many students also attend English medium schools.

Restaurant

- * What is your favourite (ফেভারিট - প্রিয়) restaurant (রেস্টুর্যা - বসিয়া খাইবার ব্যবস্থায়ুক্ত খাবারের নির্দেশ)?
- * What is the speciality (স্পেশালিটি - বিশেষত্ব) of that place?
- * How often do you go there?
- * With whom do you like to go?

Restaurant

Sometimes we got tired of eating home cooked meal. We need some changes in the type of food we eat. Restaurant is place where we go to get something to eat. We can go to a restaurant to have a good meal. It is also a place where we can relax while eating. Different restaurants serve different types of food. We go to restaurant according to our taste in food and our budget. There are many good restaurants in

Dhaka. Among them the one I like most is a restaurant named Pesta. It is situated at Kakrail in Dhaka. The specialty of that place is that it serves varieties of local and foreign dishes. The Pesta restaurant serves many foreign dishes like Thai and Chinese. In addition, the quality of food is very good while the price is reasonable (রিবোনেইবল - ন্যায়সঙ্গত).

I generally go there once or twice a month. Whenever some relatives or friends come from outside town. I prefer to go there with my friends. It is a good place to relax while having a meal. I generally go there to have a good meal.

Weather

- * What is the extreme (য়েক্সট্রীম্ - প্রতিকূল; কঠোর) weather you have experienced (য়েক্সপেরিয়েন্স্ - অভিজ্ঞতা লাভ করা)?
- * Where were you then?
- * What happened afterwards? (তারপরে কি ঘটেছিল?)

Weather

Weather is a element of nature. Generally, we are used to weather we get from day to day. Sometimes we face extreme weather. The most extreme weather I have experienced was a hurricane which occurred on November 15, 2007.

On that day, wind with speed over 200 kilometer per hour blew over part of the country causing severe (সিডিআর্ - প্রবল অত্যন্ত বেশি) damage to lives and property. I was in my office at that time. I came home early because of the bad weather. The wind begin to blow in the evening. It uprooted many trees and knocked down (নক্‌ডাউন্ - ভেঙে ফেলা) power line. It was raining heavily during the whole night.

By next morning when we woke up we found that there is no electricity. We had to wait till the newspaper came to find out what happened in the whole country. When the power came back couple days later we were able to watch television, only then the complete picture of devastation (ডেভাস্টেইশন্ - ধ্বংস) were clear to us. Thousands of people lay dead and tens of thousands were homeless. Sundarban forest took a huge hit and many thousands of trees were destroyed. The memory of this incident will remain with one for a long time.

Food

- * What type of food do you like?
- * Why do you like this type of food?
- * Can you cook (রান্না করা) these foods?
- * What are the differences (পার্থক্য) between Bangladeshi food and fast food?

Food

Food is something we have to eat to keep our body healthy and fit. It is an important part of our life. There are several types of food. People prefer food according to their taste. People's choice of food depends on the country and environment they grow up. My choice of food reflects the culture of our country. In Bangladesh the majority of people prefer rice, lentil and fish. For me the choice is same also.

Generally, I prefer food with lots of fishes and vegetables and rice.

There are several reasons like this type of food. First of all, fish and vegetables are very nutritious (নিউট্রিশাস). Secondly, they are easy to digest. Finally, we can cook them very costily. Yes, I can cook these foods. Whenever I have some free time, I try to cook this food. I enjoy cooking these type of dishes.

There are some differences between Bangladeshi food and fast food. First of all, fast food are not healthy. On the other hand, home cooked meal is also good for health and cheap. Secondly, they are costly to prepare. Finally, their taste is not as good as local food. Fast food are becoming very popular in Bangladesh, especially among young. In comparison, Bangladeshi food is much healthier. We can prepare (খিঁপেআর্ - প্রস্তুত করা) these foods very easily.

Environment Hazards (পরিবেশ বিপর্যয়)

- * What sort (সোর্ট - ধরন) of environmental hazards do you notice (লক্ষ্য করা) in Dhaka city?
- * What are the causes (কারণসমূহ) behind these problems?
- * Suggest (প্রস্তাব করা) some solutions (সমাধান) to these problems.

Environment Hazards

Dhaka is a mega city with a population about 14 million. As a city with a huge population, it faces many kinds of environment problems. Among them the ones that are most noticeable (নোটিশি এইবল - লক্ষ্যণীয়) are noise pollution, air pollution and water pollution. There are many causes behind these problems. Air pollution is caused (কঅর্বা

- সৃষ্টি হওয়া) by motor vehicles which are very old. These older model vehicles don't follow safety guidelines and emit (য়েমিট - নির্গত করা) smokes. Noise pollution is caused by many schools and offices that have been setup in residential areas. The gathering of many people is partly responsible for causing noise pollution. In addition, many factories have also been setup within the city limits which is also a reason. Besides, water supply system in the city is not good.

In order to solve the problems the government needs to take several steps. First of all, they have to be very strict about vehicle fitness rules. Vehicles who violate these regulations should be fined. In addition, factories should be moved out from city limits to outlying areas. Also, water supply system needs to be upgraded and quality should be maintained.

Building

- * Which is your favourite building?
- * Why is it your favourite?
- * What is its importance?

Building

There are many buildings in Dhaka city. Many of these are unique (ইউনিক্ - স্বাতন্ত্র্য মণ্ডিত) in their design and construction. Some of these buildings also have a long history. Many of these building house sare government offices while the others house private companies. Some of these buildings have eye catching (আইক্যাটিং - চোখ ধাঁধানো) designs which follow the latest style in architecture. Among these buildings the one that is my favorite is the Sena Kalayan Bhaban. It is situated at Motijheel in Dhaka. The building is used for commercial purpose. Many large business firms have their offices there. The building is close to my house. I have the opportunity to see the building everyday.

There are several reasons the building is my favorite. The construction was finished in 1990 and then the president of Bangladesh inaugurated (ইনোউগিউরেইট্ - উদ্বোধন করা) the building. The design of the building is much different from other high rise buildings. During national holidays, the building is decorated (ডেকোরেইট্ - সজ্জিত করা) by light which is quite beautiful. The building has many importance. First of all, it is owned by the Bangladesh armed forces. Secondly, it is a large money making source for them. Finally, it is a multistoried building in the center of commercial area in Dhaka.

Traveling

- * Do you travel (ভ্রমণ করা)?
- * What do you like to do when you go to new places? (নতুন জায়গায় গিয়ে তুমি কি করতে পছন্দ কর?)
- * Do you like to travel with your friends or family? Why?

Traveling

Traveling means going from one place to other. People travel for various reasons. It could be for education, business or just for pleasure. Some do for just to see a new place others do it for education or business purpose. I do travel sometimes. Sometimes, and I travel for business purpose and sometimes for sightseeing.

Traveling relaxes mind and also gives new perspective (পারস্পেক্টিভ - দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি) on life. We can learn a lot by traveling to different places. I like to see new places and meet new people. Whenever I go to a new place I like to visit the historical places and building if there are any in the area. I also like to visit any garden and meet the local people, and try to learn their culture and customs. I think everybody should travel. Exchange of ideas and culture are very important. Although sometimes I travel with my family, I like to travel with my friends because I can relax with them. It also makes the trip much more enjoyable (য়েন্জয়এইব্ল - উপভোগ্য). Besides, traveling with friends makes a trip memorable.

Globalization(বিশ্বায়ন)

- * What do you understand by globalization?
- * What sort of global problems do you expect in the near future?(অদূর ভবিষ্যতে কি ধরনের বিশ্বব্যাপী সমস্যা হতে পারে বলে তুমি মনে কর?)
- * What can be the solutions?
- * What are the major causes behind these global problems? (বিশ্ব সমস্যাগুলোর পিছনে বড় বড় কারণগুলো কি কি?)

Globalization

By globalization I mean something universal. Globalization has broken down barriers (ব্যারিয়ারস্ - বাঁধাসমূহ) among nations and has made every country part of global family. Rapid pace (পেইস্ - গতি) of development in communication and commerce means every country is much more interrelated than before. Every country has to trade with other countries. There are several kinds of problems we can expect in the near future. Firstly, global warming will cause serious problem for nations in low lying areas. Rise of sea

levels will force people from coastal areas to move from their homes. Secondly, increasing population will also cause problem for third world countries. It will lower the living standard of the people. In order to solve global warming wealthy countries and other industrially developed countries need to cut down carbon emission. To reduce population increase, government needs to take steps. Encourage (য়েন্কাৰেইজ্ - উৎসাহিত করা) people to have a small family. We have to lessen (লেসেন্ - কমিয়ে দেয়া) our dependence on cars and oil. To control the population growth rate we have to increase the literacy rate. Many of these global problems are caused by rapid industrialisation. Other reason is lack of interest among governments to tackle these problems.

Friendship

- * How is friendship helpful?
- * What is the difference between child and adult friendship?
- * What are the drawbacks(ড্রব্যাক্ - অসুবিধা) of friendship?

Friendship

Friendship is a bond age between two people who have similar type of interest. Friendship is a vital part of human life. It would be difficult to find a person without a friend. Life without friends is life without sunshine. We cannot imagine life without friends. We can always share everything with our friends. The things we cannot discuss with our family we can consult with our friends.

There are quite a bit of difference between child and adult friendship. In childhood we become friends with the children we play with or the children we go to school with. It doesn't make much difference who the friends are. But in adult life, we make friends by our own choice. These types of friendship last all our lives and it is very useful.

Some of the people who become friends with us in school remain our life long friends. Adult friendship is also helpful in other ways. If we get into some difficulty which we cannot discuss with our family or relatives, we can always ask our friends for help.

There are some drawbacks (ড্র-ব্যাক্ - অপকারিতাসমূহ) of friendship. Firstly, if we choose bad friends, they may give us wrong advice. Besides, we may grow bad habits because of friends with bad character. Many bright students have been led astray for keeping bad company.

Punishment

- * Do you believe in punishments(শাস্তি) for criminals?
- * Why do you think punishment is necessary for people?
- * Do you think criminals should be given a second chance(সুযোগ) to rectify(রেক্টিফাই - সংশোধন করা) themselves?
- * How can you use the rectified(সংশোধিত) persons?

Punishment

Punishment is something that is given to criminals for committing a crime. Punishment is a type of preventive measure. It can also act as a penalty. It is also a method to prevent (প্রিভেন্ট - বিরত রাখা) people from committing crime. Yes, I believe in punishment for criminals. People who commit crimes ought to be punished. It should serve as an example to others. The only thing that prevents us from committing a crime is the fear of punishment.

Punishment is necessary for people for various reasons. First of all, people who commit crimes should know that they must pay a price for the things they have done. In addition, it should serve as a warning to others. Yes, I think criminals should be given a second chance. But it is only for the criminal who has done minor crimes. They should be afforded a second chance so that they can learn from their mistakes. There are several ways the rectified persons can be used. First of all, they could be taught some skills so that they can make a living out of it. In addition, they could serve as counselor to young people to inspire (ইস্পাইআর্ - উৎসাহিত করা) them to lead a normal life and stay away from criminal activities. Also, rectified persons should act a symbol to others.

Festival(উৎসব)

- * Mention(উল্লেখ করা) some festivals(উৎসব) of your country.
- * Which one is your favourite and why?
- * How do you celebrate(উদ্‌যাপন করা) this day?
- * What is its importance(গুরুত্ব)?

Festival

By festival we mean celebration (সেলিব্রেশন্ - উদযাপন) of something. All the countries in the world have festivals of their own. There are different kinds of festivals in my country. They could be categorized in to two broad terms-religious and cultural. For

example, Eid, Language Day, Independence Day, Bengali new year day etc. Among the above mentioned festivals the one that is my favourite is the Bengali New Year day. The reason it is my favorite because it brings all sections of people together and renews the cultural spirit of the nation. Generally, the New Year day fall in the middle of April. On this day, we get up early in the morning and take a shower. Afterwards we take a light (লাইট - সামান্য) breakfast of traditional dish and wear the traditional clothes. Later on we go to the Ramna Batamul and enjoy the cultural function. Artists play many Bengali songs. In the evening we attend different cultural shows.

The importance of this festival is it in the start of a Bengali New Year. This festival reflects our culture and tradition. The other reason is since it is the beginning of the Bengali New Year it gives us a sense of new beginning.

Friendship

- * Do you like friendship?
- * Why do you like it?
- * How many friends do you have?
- * What do you do with your friends?

Friendship

By friends we mean people who share a common interest. They could be from the same neighbourhood or from same school. Yes, I like friendship because life without friends is unthinkable (আনখিংকএইব্ল - অচিন্তনীয়). It is a vital part of human life. There are several reasons I like friendship. The most important one is that we are social being. We need friends to share many things. Things that we can't share with our family we can share with our friends. We can discuss many things with our friends and take the right decision. Good friends can be a blessing. On the other hand, bad friends can lead us a stray. Another reason is that we can pass our time peacefully. I have about 10 friends. Most of them I know from my school days. We went to same high school and college together. We have remained very close since our school days. Whenever we have some free time, we like to chat or discuss many important things. Sometimes, we like to play sports or go to the movies together.

Transport

- * What sort(ধরন) of transports(পরিবহন) do you use in Dhaka?
- * What are the problems you face(মুখোমুখী হওয়া) regarding(রিগার্ডিং - সম্পর্কে; বিষয়ে) this?
- * Suggest(সাজেস্ট - প্রস্তাব করা) some solutions to these problems.

Transport

There are several sorts of transports that are available in Dhaka. Among them I generally use bus and rickshaw. I use rickshaw for short distance and bus for long distance travelling.

There are several types of problems I face regarding bus and rickshaw. For example, rickshaws are not available everywhere. Some of the roads are restricted to (রেস্ট্রিক্টেড টু - সংকীর্ণ করা হয়েছে) rickshaws. In addition, rickshaw puller charges high for going to some places. On the other hand, while using bus we face different types of problems. Firstly, the numbers of buses are very few in proportion to (ইন্প্রোপোর্শন্ টু - অনুপাতে) passengers. Because of that they are overcrowded. Secondly, they don't go every where. Finally, because of traffic jam it takes long time to go from one place to other. There are some suggestions to solve this problem. Regarding rickshaw the restriction about rickshaw movement should be lifted so that they can go most of the places. As for buses, there are several steps should be taken. The numbers of buses need to be increased. Also, new roads should be constructed to ease (ঈন্ - দূর করা) the traffic jam.

Home district

- * Where is your home district(ব্যক্তি যে শহরে স্থায়ীভাবে বাস করে)?
- * How often do you go there?
- * What is the main transportation(পরিবহন) of your home district?
- * What are the main drawbacks(বাধা বা অসুবিধাসমূহ) of your home district?

Home district

My home district is in Chittagong. It is on the southeast corner of Bangladesh. It has a very large population and also the main sea port of Bangladesh. The second largest city Chittagong is also located in this district which is also the commercial capital of Bangladesh.

I often go to my home district. Most of my relatives live there. Whenever I get a vacation, I go there. I also go there for family occasions. Generally, I go there by bus or by train. It takes five to six hours by bus and longer by train. It is also reachable by

plane. All sorts (সব্ৰট্‌স্ - সৰ্বপ্ৰকাৰ) of transportation are available in my home district. The principal one are bus, rickshaw and C.N.G. People use the transport according to their need and ability.

There are some drawbacks in my home district. The foremost (ফৌৰমোস্ট - প্ৰধানতম) among them is the construction of the Karnaphuli Bridge which has been pending for a long time. In addition, the numbers of roads are very few. Also, the drainage system needs to be upgraded. Wherever there is a heavy rain in the city, it creates a flood like situation. We need more roads in our district to improve communications. In addition, there are shortage (শৰ্টেইজ্ - অভাব) of schools and colleges.

Leisure Interest

- * What is your leisure interest(অবসৰ বিনোদন)?
- * What do you do?
- * Why is the activity interesting to you?

Leisure Interest

By leisure interest we mean something that we like to do in free time. We are very busy these days in our everyday live. Very few of us have the luxury of free time. Different people have different types of leisure interest. It could vary because of economic condition of location. As for myself I like to watch movies and cultural programs. Whenever I have free time, I would like to watch (ওয়াচ্ - উপভোগ কৰা) movies and other types of programs. I enjoy watching american and indian movies. Also, I would to watch the national geographic and discovery channel.

The reason I like to watch movies from other countries is that they are of very high quality. The quality of acting is also very good. In addition, from discovery and national geographic channel, I can learn many things about other cultures and people. Many interesting programs are shown in those channels. I can learn about diversity in humans and different animals.

Book

- * Name some of the books of Bangladesh.
- * Name the writers.
- * What type of books do children like?
- * What is the importance of books?

Book

There are various types of books in Bangladesh. They could be divided in to different categories such as novel, short stories, poetry etc. People read books according to their taste. Bangladesh is a country with a long tradition in literature. She has produced many famous poets, writers and novelists.

Some books that are famous in Bangladesh are Gitanjali, Choker Bali, Kabar, Halud Himu Kalo Rab, Agni Bina. The writers are Rabindanath Tagore , Kazi Nazrul Islam, Jasimuddin, Humyan Ahmed. Children generally prefer to read fairy tales, cartoons, ghost stories. They enjoy reading these books. They can amuse (অ্যামিউজ - মজা করে সময় কাটানো) themselves and grow the reading habit. Books are source of knowledge. We can learn many things from books. Book is the best friend a man can have. It is also a good way to pass the leisure time.

Equipment (ইকুইপমেন্ট - সরঞ্জাম; উপকরণ)

- * Tell me about the equipment you mostly use at home (mobile, computer, audio player)
- * What is it?
- * How do you use it?
- * Why is this important to you?
- * At what time do you use it?

Equipment

There are various types of equipments I most use at home. Among them I want to talk about is computer. It is a must having equipment for anyone who can afford (অ্যাকর্ড - সামর্থ থাকা) it. The equipment is a desktop computer. It was given to me by my father after I finished my college education. It can be used to do different things.

I generally turn the computer on by pressing a button. I can use it to prepare drafts for access the internet or listen to music. It is important for several reasons. By accessing internet I can get information about everything which is very helpful to me. Also, I can listen to different types of music which help me to relax. In addition, I can play

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games. I generally use it in the evening or during the weekend when I have free time. I can also use it to communicate with my friends who live abroad. It is a very useful thing to have around.

Weather

- * Mention (উল্লেখ করা) any one extreme (য়েক্সট্রিম্ - প্রতিকূল; কঠোর) weather.
- * What should be the preventions (প্রিভেনশন্ - প্রতিরোধ) against weather?
- * What can the general people (সাধারণ জনগণ) do?
- * What is the role (ভূমিকা) of the governments in this case (এই বিষয়ে)?

Weather

Extreme weather can come in different forms. It could be rain, flood, drought, cyclone etc. We recently faced hurricane Sydor which is one form of extreme weather. Several things could be done to take precaution (প্রিকিঅবশন্ - পূর্বসতর্কতা) against extreme weather. We cannot prevent extreme weather. The best we could do to take precaution. In order to do that we need a good advance forecasting system. For cyclone or hurricane, we can give advance warning so that people can take shelter in safe places.

General people can pay attention to the weather service. They can also listen to radio or watch television to get the latest information about weather. The government should try to upgrade (আপগ্রেইড্ - উন্নতস্তরে উন্নীত করা) the satellite system by investing more money. They also need to build many cyclone shelters.

Invention

- * Describe an invention that you find particularly useful. (একটা আবিষ্কার যা তুমি বিশেষ উপকারী/প্রয়োজনীয় হিসেবে পেয়েছ তার বর্ণনা দাও।)
- * What change has it made to your life?
- * What would your life be like without it? (ইহা ছাড়া তোমার জীবন কেমন হত?)

Invention

People invent to make our lives easier. Every invention up to this time has served this purpose. The invention that I find particularly useful is mobile phone. Although the mobile phone was invented about two decades it only became available in Bangladesh about twelve years ago. Although, we take it for granted life without mobile phone is unthinkable. Now-a-days, almost everyone has one all phone. At the

beginning, the price was very high and so was call rate. Now, both of them has come down. We can reach anybody anywhere. The change the mobile phone made to my life is unbelievable. I can't imagine my life without it. It made life so much easier. The world feels much smaller. We can do many things with mobile phone such as checking calling e-mailing sending S.M.S playing games etc. We can also call abroad using the mobile phone.

If I didn't have mobile it would be much more difficult. Because, if someone is not at home without mobile it would next to impossible to reach that person.

Old person (বয়স্ক লোক)

- * Describe an old person that you know.
- * How long have you known the person? (কতদিন ধরে তুমি তাকে চিন?)
- * How did you meet him? (তার সাথে কিভাবে দেখা হয়েছিল?)
- * Why is the person special? (ব্যক্তিটি কেন অসাধারণ?)

Old person

By old person we mean people who are over sixty or older. In our country, the proportion of old people is increasing. I know many old persons. Among them I like to describe my next door neighbour. His name is Md. Abubakar. He used to work for the geology department of Bangladesh government. He had a long and distinguished (ডিস্টিংগুয়িশ্‌ড - সম্মানিত বিশিষ্ট) career in government service. After retiring from his job, he used to teach at a university part time. I have known him about 10 years. He is my next door neighbor. He lives my next door. That's how, I met him. He is very generous and ready to give advice about everything. As he is retired from job he has plenty of free time. Whenever I need some suggestion about any matter he is always available. The reason he is special because of his many qualities. He is hardworking, honest and generous. Also he has a vast amount of knowledge about many things. He is always very outspoken (আউটস্পোকেন - স্পষ্টভাষী) in his opinion. As he has been through many things in his life he is very experienced about practical life.

Newspaper

- * Describe the newspaper that you normally read. (তুমি সবসময় পড় এমন একটি সংবাদপত্রের বর্ণনা দাও।)
- * Why do you read that newspaper?
- * What are your favourite articles (আর্টিকল - প্রবন্ধ)?
- * What parts of the newspaper and magazine do you find most useful?

Newspaper

There are several types of newspaper in the country. They could be categorised as daily, weekly, biweekly. Among the newspaper, the one I normally read is daily Prothom Alo. It is a well-known national daily. It started publication about ten years ago. It has a large group of readers. There are several reasons that I read this newspaper. Firstly, it publishes news truthfully without taking any side. Secondly, it is very thorough in its investigation before publishing the story. Finally, it has various sections which are very helpful to learn about many things. My favorite articles are about politics and national issues. Generally, they are printed on the front page. I can learn many things about important matters affecting our country, and different countries of the world. I find the sports page most useful. Because I am an avid sports fan I always want to know the results about different sports.

Special Meal

- * Describe a special meal (মীল - ভোজ; একবারের খাবার) that you have had.
- * Who was present?
- * What was the occasion (উপলক্ষ)?
- * What made it special?

Special meal

I have taken many meals on different occasions. They are all unique in their own way. The meal I want to describe is my cousin's wedding meal. There were lots of guests at the wedding. In the meal there were varieties of food. It first started with refreshment (রিফ্রেশমেন্ট - হালকা খাবার দাবার) to increase the appetite then the real, course arrivals rice fish, chicken curry, mutton and vegetable dishes were part of the meal. Since it was a marriage ceremony there were quite a lot of guests. Many of my relatives and neighbours were there. Also, there were many guests from the brides family. The occasion was my cousin's wedding. He lives abroad and he came back to get married. It was a very wonderful meal.

The reason it was special because it was a wedding ceremony. With all the relatives and everybody else getting together. It was a wonderful occasion.

Happy Occasion

- * Describe a happy occasion (আনন্দমুখর ঘটনা).
- * What was the occasion and when did it take place? (কোন উপলক্ষে এবং কখন ইহা ঘটেছিল?)
- * What happened during this time?
- * What made it a happy event for you?

Happy Occasion

People can have different types of happy occasion. It could be graduation, birth day, marriage day etc. I have memories of many happy occasions in my life. The one I like to describe is my high school graduation.

A few years ago I finished my high school. After going to school for 10 years I appeared at for the high school exam and my result was very good. My parents were very happy and they arranged for me a graduations party. It took place a few days after the result got published. At the party many of my friends and relatives were invited. Some of my high school classmates were also there. Many of my relatives brought present for me. A musical band was also invited where they played music. The reason the event was special to me is that I got to meet many of my relatives who I haven't seem for a long time. Also, the presence of my friends made the occasion much more enjoyable. Over all, it was a wonderful occasion for me.

Friendship (বন্ধুত্ব)

- * Who is your best friend (সর্বোত্তম বন্ধু)?
- * How did you become friends with him/her?
- * Tell me about some of his/her qualities? (তাহার কিছু গুণাবলী সম্পর্কে বল?)

Friendship

Friendship is a vital factor in human life. Life without friends is inconceivable (ইন্কন সিহ্‌ইবল্ - কল্পনাতীত). We can discuss almost anything with our friends. I have many friends and among them Rashid is my best friend. We have known each other since our childhood. We became friends from the time we were children. We used to live in the same neighborhood and played different sports together. Also, we attended same high school and college together.

My best friend has many good qualities. Among his qualities the one I like most he is always honest with me. On any matter, he always gives honest advice. We also share same type of interest on many subjects. Since we have been friends since our childhood we can always depend on each other.

Teacher

- * Describe a teacher who has greatly (গ্রেইটলি - অত্যন্ত) influenced (প্রভাবিত করা) you in your education
- * Where you met the teacher.
- * What subject he/she taught (teach অর্থ শিক্ষা দেওয়া এবং এর past tense taught).
- * And explain why this person influenced you so much.

Teacher

Teachers are called makers of good citizens. They have a great influence on their students. I had many teachers in my student life. I learned many things from them. Among them one teacher influenced me the most is Faruk Ahmed.

Mr. Ahmed was my math teacher. I met him in my high school. He taught math in the 9th and 10th grade. Mr. Ahmed was my math teacher. He taught the subject with great dedication (ডেডিকেইশন্ - কোন মহৎ লক্ষ্যে উৎসর্গ). He always tried to inspire his student. The reasons this person influenced me so much are several. First of all, I had a great fear about math. But, because of his teaching method and dedication, he was able to get me confident about the subject. Secondly, he was honest and dedicated in his approach. Finally, as a result of his approach I secured (সেকিউর্ - পাওয়া) very high mark in my math exam.

Movies

- * What sort (ধরণ) of movies do you like?
- * What is the difference (পার্থক্য) between past (আগেকার দিনের) movies and recent (ইদানিংকালের) movies?
- * After 10 years will you like the same (একই রকম) movies as now?
- * Do you often go to cinema?

Movies

Movies are a form of story telling. People went to watch movie so that they can get away from reality (রিঅ্যালিটি - বাস্তবতা) for a while. It is also a very good form of entertainment. There are several types of movies. They could fall in several categories, such as comedy, romance, science fiction, musical etc. People watch movies according to their taste. I generally prefer comedies. These kinds of movies make me laugh and I can relax. There are quite a bit of differences between past movies and present ones. The most obvious (অব্ভিঅসি - স্পষ্টত প্রতীয়মান) one is special

effects and use of computer graphics. These things were not available in earlier movies. On the other hand, the quality of acting and storyline were much better in the past movies. It may depend on the quality of the movies. If the storyline is good and acting is great, of course, I would like to watch same movies ten years from now. Yes, I often go to cinema. During weekends and holidays I go to the cinema.

A person who lives near you.

- * When did you first meet him or her?
- * How often (কতবার) do you go to his house?
- * What is his impact (প্রভাব) on your life?

A person who lives near you

We are social being. No one can live alone. We all need some one to talk to. As we are very busy the only people we see regularly are our neighbours. In my neighbourhood there are many people. Some of them live very close to me. Among them I like to talk about a person. His name is Karim Ahmed. He lives next door to me. He works at a private firm. I first met him when he moved into the building about five years ago. He is a very kind and honest man. He lives with his family. Since he is a service holder, he is very busy during the week. I often go to his house during the weekend and on holidays. We discuss many things. He always gives me honest opinion about everything. He has a great impact on my life. Whenever I need some suggestions on anything, I can always consult with him. He is always honest and forthright (ফোরথ্বাইট - স্পষ্টভাষী) in his suggestions. As he has vast (ভাস্ট - বিপুল) experience he can give me suggestion on many matters.

Shops

- * What kind (প্রকার) of shops do you like (big or small)?
- * Why do you like such shops?
- * Where is the shop?
- * How many times (কতবার) do you go there?

Shops

Shops are places where we go to purchase things. There are various kinds of shops. They could range (রেইঞ্জ - প্রসারিত হওয়া) from local grocery store to large supermarket. There are some shops which only sale particular items such as rich stone on book

store. The choice of shops also depends on the financial ability of people. I generally prefer to buy things from large supermarket.

There are several reasons I prefer large supermarket. First of all, it is the price. The price in large supermarket is much cheaper in comparison that in local grocery store. Secondly, if I buy a large volume of product the price even goes down further. Finally, the quality of the products in supermarket is much better than ordinary stores. Also, the fruits fish and vegetable are always fresh in the supermarket. The supermarket where generally I shop is situated at Shantinagar in Dhaka. It is a large store with various items. I usually go there during weekends.

A school Friend

- * When did you met him/her?
- * How long were you with him (তার সাথে কতক্ষণ ছিলে)?
- * What is his specialty (বিশেষত্ব)?
- * How did he influence (প্রভাবিত করা) you?

A school friend

No body can live without friends. When I was in high school, I had many friends. Most of these friends were bright students and they all achieved success in their life. Among them a friend who I remember fondly is a friend whose name is Rahim. We attended same class from fifth grade. I was with him from class five till high school graduation. We used to sit next to each other in class. We played different types of sports together. His specialty was that he could make me laugh. He was also a good student. We used to do home works together. In addition, he was always honest and sincere in his approach to other people.

He had a great influence on me. We both decided during our student life what we want to do with our life and we discussed the approach to it. We both achieved our dreams and because of his honest opinion it was possible for me to discuss any matter with him.

Computer

- * What is a computer?
- * How long have you been using this?
- * In which sector do you use it?
- * Are you satisfied with the development of computer education in Bangladesh?

(বাংলাদেশের কম্পিউটার শিক্ষার উন্নতির ব্যাপারে তুমি কি সন্তুষ্ট?)

Computer

Among all the inventions of 20th century computer has the most profound effect. The first computer was invented in 1946. Although we take it for granted, it is hard to imagine our life without it nowadays. Computer is a modern invention which has made our life much easier. It is an electronic device (ডিজাইন্স - যন্ত্র) which allows us to do many things quickly and easily. It is also a source of communication with others and outside of our country. Hardly any modern office can be found without a computer. It is a machine where huge amount of information can be stored. I have been using a computer for last five years. It allows me to do many things. For example, I can use internet to check many things and listen to music or play games.

Generally, I use computer to search the internet. In my line of work I need to know about many things which are not available in local books. I can find out about them from internet. I also use computer to draft letters. No, I am not satisfied with the development of computer education in Bangladesh. We need to do a lot to make the computer education available to everyone and make it cheaper to use. A lot of investments needed in this sector.

Old person

- * What are the advantages of being an old person (বৃদ্ধলোক)?
- * At the present time, how do we treat (ট্রীট্ - কারো প্রতি আচরণ করা) old persons?
- * What do you think about old homes (পুরাতন বাড়ী)?

Old person

In our country we consider a person old who is sixty or over. As the longevity of life increases so are the number of old people. There are several advantages of being an old person. First of all, they get respect from everyone. Because they are old, they are treated with dignity (ডিগ্নিটি - মর্যাদা).

Secondly, they can have a lot of free time which they can use for various purposes. They have time to play with grand children and visit many places. Finally, since they are very experienced they can give advice on anything. In my country, generally old people are treated with respect and are cared for by their family. Although there could be some exception to this, it is very rare in Bangladesh. It is a tradition in our culture to care for our parents when they get old.

I think old homes are symbol of time about how people used to live. The design of homes changes with time. In my opinion old historical homes should be preserved so that people can learn about them. Old homes are linked to our past. It tells us about the preference (প্রেফারেন্স - প্রধান্য) of people in building design. Most of the old homes are quite spacious (স্পেসিওস - প্রশস্ত).

Handwriting

- * Why is handwriting (হাতের লেখা) necessary?
- * How can we improve our handwriting?
- * How can we judge (গণ্য করা) a person through his handwriting?

Handwriting

There are several reasons why handwriting is necessary. First of all, it is used to prepare documents. We need handwriting to make drafts for these documents. Another reason is verbal instruction can be changed on challenged, but hand written documents can't be challenged. We also need handwriting to prepare for exams. We can improve our handwriting by practicing and following instruction how to do it.

We can get impression about a person through his handwriting. We can tell his social background and educational background. Also, we can check the authenticity (অথেন্টিসিটি - স্বীকৃতি) of a document by matching the handwriting.

Favourite Country (প্রিয় দেশ)

- * Describe any country you want to visit (ভিজিট - দৃশ্য দর্শন, প্রমোদ ইত্যাদির জন্য গমন করা) and why?
- * What are the places you want to visit?
- * With whom (কার সাথে) would you like to go there?
- * Can you give some idea about what type of people live there? (সেখানে কি ধরনের লোক বাস করে সে সম্পর্কে কি কোন ধারণা দিতে পার?)

Favorite Country

There are many countries in the world. Each of these has beautiful places and things to see. Among these countries I want to visit is the United States. There are several reasons for that. First of all, it is economically (ইকোনোমিক্যালী - অর্থনৈতিকভাবে) and

scientifically the most advanced country in the world. It has many old places and historical things to see. The United States is also the home of many famous presidents. Also, some of the most advanced educational institutions are situated there.

There are many places that I want to visit. First of all, I want to visit the statue of liberty. It is the symbol of freedom for all humanity. The other places I like to visit are New York City, Boston, Los Angeles, Dallas. All of these cities have many famous and historical landmarks that I would like to visit. I would like to there with my friend. We can see these wonderful places and can have a good time. The people who live in America are hard working, honest and very generous. They are also very creative who have made a huge contribution to the world of science and literature. It is also the main spot of the world. People from all over of the world have went there to live. It is also the symbol of freedom and democracy.

Future residence (ভবিষ্যৎ বাসস্থান):

- * Which area should be appropriate (এছোপ্রিএইট্ - যথাযথ) for your house?
- * What should be the external (বাহ্যিক) conditions(অবস্থা)?
- * at should be the internal (অভ্যন্তরীণ) conditions?

Future residence

Owning a home is a dream for every body, although it is not possible for most of us. I live in Dhaka city which has a population about 14 million. There are many residential areas in Dhaka. Among them the area where I want to build a house is at Gulshan. It is the most fashionable (ফ্যাশনেইবল্ - আদুনিকতম উপায়ে সজ্জিত) part of Dhaka city. Many wealthy people live there. It is a wonderful place to build a home and raise a family.

I want to have large open space in front of my house. The reason I want that because the children can play over there. The house should be two storied building with a beautiful garden beside it.

In the inside there should be five rooms on each floor with three bathrooms. Also, there should be two balcony any so that people can sit there and relax. Among these rooms one should be used as a library. All the other rooms should be well furnished (ফার্নিশড্ - সজ্জিত). In addition, there should be proper ventilation so that wind and sunlight can come through.

Friend:

- * When did you first meet him/her?
- * Why is he so intimate(অন্তরঙ্গ; ঘনিষ্ঠ) with you?
- * Tell me something about an activity(কর্মকাণ্ড) which you have done with him?
- * What is the importance(গুরুত্ব) of friendship?

Friend

I have many friends. Some of them I met in my school and some in college. Among these friends I want to talk about my friend whose name is Faruk. We know each other from our childhood. The reason I am so intimate with him because we grew up in the same neighborhood. We have done many things together. Both of us went to the same school and college together. We also share same type of interest.

After finishing our high school we took a trip together. We went to Cox's bazaar and St. Martin Island. We spent five days there and it was a lot of fun. Friendship is very important to us. We can't imagine our lives without friends. We can discuss almost anything with our friends. A good friend is a very precious (প্রশাস্ - মূল্যবান) thing.

Electronic device:

- * Which device is the most useful in your personal life?(তোমার personal life-এ কোন device (ডিভাইস্ - কোন বিশেষ কাজের জন্য উদ্ভাবিত যন্ত্র বা উপকরণ যেমনঃ ইলেক্ট্রনিক্) -টি সবচেয়ে বেশী প্রয়োজনীয় বা উপকারী?)
- * From when do you use it?
- * What is the importance of this in your life?

Electronic device

I use many electronic devices in my life. They are all important in their own way. Among them the device that is most useful to me is mobile phone. I can't imagine my life without mobile phone now. It made possible for me to keep in touch with people even when I am not at home.

I have been using the mobile phone for the last five years. Sometimes I think how I lived my life without it. The importance of mobile phone in my life is huge. I can always get in touch with a person even when I am not at home or when I am far away. I can also talk with people abroad using the phone.

A cloth or jewellery(স্বর্ণালংকার) worn(পরিহিত) in an occasion:

- * On what occasion did you wear(ওয়্যার - পরিধান করা) it?
- * What did you wear?
- * Why did you wear that?

A cloth or Jewellery in an occasion

People always wear nice cloths and jewellery in an occasion. Generally, I wear nice cloths on special occasion. A few months ago my cousin's weeding took place. On that occasion I wore a very special type of cloth.

I wore a designed Punjabi on my cousin's weeding. The Punjabi was hand designed in front which made it very special. The color of the Punjabi was red. The reason I wore Punjabi in a weeding because all the relatives from the groom's side wore Punjabi. It made us feel part of the group.

A positive change (ইতিবাচক পরিবর্তন) in your life:

- * What is the change?
- * When did the change occur (অকার - ঘট)?
- * What was the after-effect (পরবর্তী পরিণতি বা ফলাফল) of this change in your life?

A positive change in your life

People experience change in their life. Some of them could be positive and other could be negative. I like to talk about a positive change in my life. The positive change was a getting a well paid job. It made quite a big change in my life. Previously, I was working in a different firm. My salary wasn't very high. I wasn't too happy in my job. So I was looking for a better paying job. After trying for few months I was able to get a job that pays well.

The after effect of this change in my life is quite positive. It lifted my morale (মোরেইল - মনোবল) and boosted (বৃস্ট - বাড়িয়ে দেয়া) my confidence in myself. I feel that if I am dedicated enough I can achieve almost anything.

A thing made by you:

- * What did you make?
- * Why did you make it?
- * Where did you make it?
- * Why is it important to you?

সব ধরনের ই-বুক ডাউনলোডের জন্য

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A thing made by you

In my high school we have do science project. As part of this project I had to create. miniature mechanical boat. I really enjoy working on that project. The project was to manufacture a boat that could sail by itself. I had to make this boat as part of this project. It was a science project for class ten students.

Me and my friend worked on this project after school at home. We bought some materials from market and began to work on it. The reason it is important for me because this is the first time I worked in a science project. I learned a lot about teamwork.

Describe a school that you visited in your young time: (কৈশোরে দেখতে গিয়েছিলে এমন একটি স্কুলের বর্ণনা দাও।)

- * What was the name of the school?
- * How big was it?
- * When and why did you go there? (কখন এবং কেন সেখানে গিয়েছিলে?)

Describe a school you visited

I had the opportunity to visit many schools when I was young. I want to talk about a school which I visited. The name of the school was government laboratory high school. It is the best high school in Bangladesh. The school was established in 1961. It is situated at Dhanmondi in Dhaka. The numbers of students were about 2000.

I went to the school when I was in class five. The purpose of my visit was to take the admission test. There were about 400 people taking the test.

Describe your own room (নিজের কক্ষ):

- * Which room is it?
- * What is the room like?
- * What do you have in that room?
- * Why do you particularly(বিশেষভাবে) like this room?

Own Room

There are five rooms in my house. One of them is my own room. It is the corner room of the house. The room is quite large. It has a painting in the wall and a clock. There are many furniture in the room. I was it to study and to relax.

The room has a bed, chair table and a sofa. Beside the bed there is a T.V set and a D.V.D player. Sometimes I water T.V. When I have free time. The reason I like this room because it is my own room I can do my own thing and can keep the privacy.

In what way do you like to travel:

- * What is it?
- * How often do you use it?
- * What are the advantages (সুবিধাসমূহ) and disadvantages (অসুবিধাসমূহ) of it?

What way do you like to travel

There are different ways one can go from one place to another. My preference is bus in traveling. I can go almost anywhere by bus. I generally, use bus almost everyday. I use it for both long distance and short distance traveling.

There are certain advantages in bus. Firstly, it is cheaper than rickshaw and C.N.G. Secondly, it is quicker than other mode (মৌড় - ধরণ) of traveling. Finally, I can travel almost anywhere by bus. On the other hand, disadvantages are it is always overcrowded. In addition, they are not available all time.

Sports person (ক্রীড়াব্যক্তিত্ব):

- * What is the name of the local player you admire (অ্যাড্‌মায়্যার - প্রশংসা করা)?
- * Why do you like him?
- * What is his achievement (অ্যাচিভ্‌মেন্ট - অর্জন; কৃতিত্ব) as a player?

Sports person

There are many local players who have achieved a lot in their playing career. Among them the player I admire is Mohd. Asraful. He is a cricket player who plays for the national team. He is also the team captain.

The reason I like him are several. First of all, he is the youngest player to score a century in test match. Secondly, he is one player who can turn the game around. The team can always count on him. As mentioned earlier he is the youngest test player to get hundred in a test match. He scored a century against Australia in one day match and Bangladesh won that match. He is an inspiration to the young players and to other young people.

Describe your favourite house:

- * Where is it situated (সিচুএইটেড্ - অবস্থিত)?
- * What is the outdoor (বাহ্যিক) decoration (ডেকোরেইশন্ - সাজসজ্জা)?
- * What is the indoor (আন্তরীণ) decoration (ডেকোরেইশন্ - সাজসজ্জা)?

Describe your favorite house

Future residence এ যা ছিল তাই হবে future tense এর জায়গায় Present tense হবে।

Advertisement:

- * What is your favourite advertisement (অ্যাড্ভার্টাইস্‌মেন্ট - বিজ্ঞাপন)?
- * Why is it your favourite (প্রিয়)?
- * What is the lesson (লেসন্ - শিক্ষা) you got from the advertisement?
- * What makes it memorable (স্মরণীয়) to you?

Advertisement

By advertisement we mean publicity of a product to introduce (ইন্ট্রোডিউস্ - উপস্থাপন করা) it to customers. It is also a method to increase sales. There are different kinds of an advertisement on TV and newspapers. Many of them are very interesting and eye catching. Among these the one that is my favorite is an advertisement for a mobile phone company named Banglalink.

In this ad it shows a fisherman whose father was also in the same profession. But compared to his father his economic condition is much better. Thanks to the use of mobile service from that company. The reason it is my favorite because it is inspiring for everybody. If people work hard then they can change their fortune. Also, the people who acted on this ad were very good actors. The lesson I got from this advertisement is hardworking people can change their luck. Time is also changing and people should change with that. The message of the advertisement makes it memorable to me.

Zoo

- * Describe a zoo(চিড়িয়াখানা) or a wildlife park(বন্যপ্রাণীদের থাকার জন্য সংরক্ষিত এলাকা) you * have visited that has impressed(ইম্প্রেস - মনে রেখাপাত করা) you.
- * Where is it situated?
- * When you went there?
- * How you felt(অনুভব করিয়াছিলে) about it?

Zoo

Zoo is a place where wild animals are kept so that people can see them. There are many zoos in Bangladesh. I have visited most of them. Among these zoos the one impressed (ইম্প্রেস - মুগ্ধ করা) me the most the zoo in Dhaka. I really enjoyed visiting the zoo.

The zoo is situated at Mirpur in Dhaka. The area is very large and different kinds of wild animals are kept there. Many of them are extinct (য়েক্সটিংক্ট - বিলুপ্ত প্রায়) that mean they are not seen in the wild. After finishing my high school exam we had some free time. Me and some of my friends went there. We spent couple hours there and the visit was quite interesting. I really enjoyed visiting the zoo. I learned quite a bit about the animals and their food habit. Also, the importance of protecting their habitat (হ্যাবিট্যাট - আবাসস্থল) was learned by us.

Talk about a subject you would like to study at some time in the future. (ভবিষ্যতে যে কোন সময়ে পড়তে পার এমন একটি subject সম্পর্কে কিছু বল।)

- * You should say:
- * What the subject is
- * Why you are interested (আগ্রহান্বিত) in it
- * Where you could possibly (সম্ভবত) learn about it.

Talk about a subject I would talk to study

Students want to study subject according to their interest and job potential. I am interseed to pursue M.BA specializing in international trade.

There are several reasons I want to study M.B.A. First of all, in these days of globalization a degree in business studies is very essential. Secondly, it will increase the job prospect. Finally, I can make a career with the degree.

There are different places where I can learn this subject. It is possible to do it in Bangladesh or I can earn this degree abroad.

S@ifur's Viva Question Bank & Solve

A medical advance that has benefited mankind (মানবজাতি):

- * What is the advancement (অগ্রগতি)?
- * How did it help the poor?
- * Do you think it has advantages?
- * Why or why not?

A medical advance that has benefited mankind

Medical advance has made a huge development in the last hundred years. It has made our life much more comfortable. The advancement I want to talk about is the invention of penicilin. It has saved thousands of the lives.

Before the invention of penicilin, many people used to die from simple infection. During the world war, thousands of soldiers lost their life from infection and related illness. Since the advent of (অ্যাডভেন্ট - আবিষ্কার) penicilin it has really reduced (রিডিউস - কমানো) the death toll. The price of peniciline is also very cheap. So it is really accessible to poor.

Yes, I think it has many advantages. It is very cheap to produce drugs containing penicilin. Besides, it doesn't have any side effects.

A person you have helped in your life:

- * Who is that person?
- * How do you know him/her?
- * What did you do to help him?
- * How did you feel (উপলব্ধি করা) at the end?

A person you have helped in life

People who are blessed in life with good fortune should try to help the under privileged. I also have been blessed by good fortune. I had the opportunity to help a poor student. He is from our village.

I know him from his childhood. His father was a poor man with a large family. He could barely able to put food on the table. His son was a good student. But, he didn't

have money to pay for high school exam fee. I paid his high school exam fee and he appeared at the exam and passed with good result.

I feel very good about helping him because if I hadn't paid his fees, he wouldn't have been able to take the exam. Today, he is working in a big private firm.

A river or lake (হ্রদ) that you have visited:

- * Where is it?
- * With whom (কার সাথে) did you go there?
- * How did you go there?
- * Why did you like it?

A river or lake you have visited

Bangladesh is a land of rivers and lakes. There are many beautiful rivers in Bangladesh. Also, there are some beautiful lakes. I had the opportunity to visit one of these lakes. It is Kaptai Lake in Chittagong Hill tracts.

After the H.S.C exam, me and some of my friends went there. We stayed there for a few days.

We took a bus from Dhaka to Chittagong. From Chittagong we took another bus to Kaptai. We stayed there in a motel. The reason I liked it because the scenery was breath taking (ব্রীথটেকিং - নজর কাড়া) and strikingly beautiful. There was also a hanging bridge over the lake. It is a major tourist spot for both local and foreign visitors.

A future travel plan:

- * Where do you want to go?
- * Why do you want to go there?
- * When did you decide (সিদ্ধান্ত নেওয়া) to go there?
- * With whom do you want to go there?

A Future travel plan

We all like to travel to different places. I also enjoy traveling. In near future, I plan to travel to the United States. It is a very beautiful country with a lot of nice places to see. I plan to visit New York city and Los Angeles.

There are several reasons I want to go there. New York city has many beautiful places to see including the Statue of Liberty. Also Empire State Building and Metropolitan

museum of art. Los angeles in also very beautiful with many beautiful places. I plan to visit United States daring next summer. I want to stay there for few months. I want to go there with my friend. We also have some friends who live there. So we can visit them and see the places.

Describe a place where you have lived and which you particularly liked

- * You should say:
- * Where you lived
- * When you lived there
- * What was most memorable about the place

Describe a place where you have lived and which you particularly liked

I have lived in different places throughout my life. All of them are quiet special in their own way. I want to describe a place I particularly liked. It was Sylhet, which is situated in the north eastern part of Bangladesh. I stayed there for two weeks and visited many areas.

I was there just a few months ago. Me and my friend visited there. Sylhet is a very beautiful place with a long history. It is home to many famous saints and also has many beautiful tea gardens. It also produces many varieties of fruits.

Describe a job that you would like to do in the future.

- * You should say:
- * Why you are attracted (যুক্ত) to this job
- * How much training (প্রশিক্ষণ), if any, would be necessary:
- * What kind of personal qualities (ব্যক্তিগত গুণাবলী) it would require (রিকোইয়ার - প্রয়োজন হওয়া).

Describe a job I would like to do

There are different kinds of Jobs available in Bangladesh. For example, banking manufactiny textiles etc. I like to work in a bank. There are several reasons for that. First of all, bankers earn a lot of money. It is also an attractive career to make. In addition, it is also a respectable (রেস্পেকটেইবল - সম্মানজনক) profession. In order to be a banker, we need at least post graduate education, preferably in accounting or finance. Also, getting a MBA degree would be a further advantage.

In order to be a banker one has to be hardworking, dedicated, honest and willing to put long hours. It is a profession with bright propect and rewarding future if one wants to put the time and effort in it.

Describe your ideal study room (আদর্শ পড়ার কক্ষ).

You should say:

- * Where it would be.
- * What equipment (উপকরণ) and furniture (আসবাবপত্র) it would contain (ধারণা করে).
- * How it would be decorated (সজ্জিত).

Ideal study room

Study room is a place where one goes to study. It should be generally situated in the corner of house. It should be very tranquil (ট্র্যানকুইল - শান্ত) and spacious.

Generally, study room should have chair desk, book selves and other stationary item. The decoration of the study room should be pretty (খ্রুটি - খুব; বেশ) simple. People use study room for educational purpose. So, the furniture should reflect the purpose. There should be clock on the wall and may be a computer so it could be used for necessary purpose. Overall, the simplicity of decoration is required.

A child

- * Who is your favourite child (শিশু)?
- * Why is he/she your favourite?
- * How often do you meet him/her?
- * What do you do when you meet him/her? (তার সাথে সাক্ষাৎ হলে তুমি কি কর?)

A child

Children are most precious thing to us. It is a blessing from God. Many of my relatives have children. Among them I like my nephew the most. He is only child of my elder brother. He is about four years old.

The reason he is my favorite because he is very sweet child. He doesn't make much nuisance (নুস্যান্স - বিরক্তিকর কাজ; বিরহনা) around the house. He is very playful and is very friendly with other children.

I see him regularly as he lives in the same house. I sometimes I bring. Whenever I meet him I hug him and sometimes I take him outside for a walk. In addition, I also take him to park.

Song

- * What type of songs do you like and why?
- * How often do you listen to songs?
- * Who is your favorite singer(গায়ক)?
- * Why is he/she your favourite?

Song

There are several kinds of music. People listen to music according to their taste. I generally prefer to listen several different kinds of music. They are Rabindra Sangeet, modern songs etc. The reason I like Rabindra Sangeet it is very soothing (সুখিৎ মনে শান্তি দেয় এমন) to listen to, whenever I listen to Rabindra sangeet it calms me down. Besides I like to listen modern songs. Modern songs reflects the current trend in music.

I generally, listen to songs whenever I have some free time and during the weekend.

My favorite singer is James. He is known to follow the latest tradition in music. He has also performed home and abroad. Lately, he has sung for movies which have become big hits. The reason I like James is his songs are bit different from other singers. In addition, there are varieties of rhythm and beat in his music.

Weather

- * Which is your favourite season (ঋতু)?
- * Why is it your favourite?
- * What do you specially do during that season? (ঐ ঋতুতে তুমি বিশেষভাবে কি কর?)
- * Do people of your country do the same things in that season?

Weather

Generally, weather of Bangladesh is warm most part of the year with a mild winter. We generally get four different types of seasons in our country summer, rainy season, spring and winter. Among these seasons, winter is my favourite.

There are several seasons It is my favourite season. First of all, the weather gets mild during the winter. Secondly, it is very comfortable to take vacations during winter. Finally, many different types of foods are available here.

During winter I generally go for a trip. Because, it doesn't rain during winter so the trip becomes very enjoyable (য়েন্জয় এইবল্ - উপযোগ্য). Yes, people in my country also do the some thing during winter. In addition, many people go to picnic during winter.

Player

- * Who is your favourite player?
- * Why is he your favourite?
- * What are the roles (ভূমিকা) of players in your life?

Player

There are many local players who have achieved a lot in their playing carrier. Among them the player I admire is Mohd. Asraful. He is a cricket player. Who plays for the national team. He is also the team captain.

The reason I like him are several. First of all, he is the youngest player to score a century in test match. Secondly, he is one player who can turn the game around. The team can always count on him.

As mentioned earlier he is the youngest test player to get hundred in a test match. He has scored a century against Australia in one day match and Bangladesh won that match. He is an inspiration to the young players and to other young people. Players are very good role model for us. They are inspiration for me to achieve success in my life.

Equipment (যন্ত্রপাতি):

- * What type of equipment do you need most?
- * Why do you use it?
- * What are the changes do you expect (য়েক্সপেক্ট - প্রত্যাশা করা) after 10 years?
- * What is the importance of a modern equipment?

Equipment

We all use different types of equipments in our everyday life. They could be electronics equipment or different types. Generally, I need the electronic equipment the most. I have to use it in everyday life.

Electronic equipments have become a part and parcel of our everyday life. We can't imagine our life without them. It has made our life much easier.

I expect quite a bit of change in the use of equipment after 10 years. The quality of these products will definitely go up.

There are some importances of modern equipment. It has made our life much easier and simpler. Besides, doing household work has become much more easier with it.

T.V. Programs:

- * What kind of T.V. programs do you have in your country?
- * What is your opinion (মতামত) about these programs?
- * What are the benefits (উপকারিতা) your society gets from these T.V. programs?

T.V programs

There are many T.V chaneels in our country. All of these chanel's show different types of programs. They could be classified as sports program, drama musical program and talk shows.

I have mixed opinion about these programs. Some of these programs are very high quality and we can learn a lot about the situation in our country and abroad. On the other hand, the quality of some of these programs are not up to the mark. In addition, Uthese programs can be very monotonous (ম-ন-ট নাস - একঘেয়ে) us.

Different sections of the society watch different types of programs. Generally, house wives watch drama serials and young people watch sports. People generally watch these programs for recreational purpose. By watching this program, they can relax and enjoy themselves.

Books which influence (প্রভাবিত করা) you:

- * Name the books.
- * When do you read these books?
- * How do you read these books?
- * How do you feel after reading them?
- * How did these books influence you?

Book which influences you

I have read many books. Many of these books have influnced me in different ways. Some of these books are gitanzali, shesher kabita, Agnibina, Kabar etc. I read these after finishing by H.S.C exam. I had few months off after my exam and then I read these books.

I went to my neghbuorhood library and borrowed the books from there. I really enjoy reading these books and gained a lot of knowledge about many matters. These books influenced me about human emotions, relations and people's feelings.

Describe a trip which you once had:

- * Where did you go?
- * For what purpose (উদ্দেশ্য) did you go there?
- * Did you enjoy there?
- * What did you do for your enjoyment (উপভোগ)?

Describe a trip which you once had

I went to visit Kaptai lake for a vacation. After finishing my H.S.C exam I and some of my friends went there. For my enjoyment we visited the lake and neighboring areas. The trip was quite relaxing (রিল্যাক্সিং - আরামদায়ক).

Bangladesh is a land of rivers and lakes. There are many beautiful rivers in Bangladesh. Also there are some beautiful lakes. I had the opportunity to visit one of these lake. It is Kaptai lake in Chittagong till tracts. We took a bus from Dhaka to Chittagong. From Chittagong we took another bus to Kaptai. We stayed there in a motel.

The reason I liked it because the scenery was breath taking and strikingly beautiful. There was also a hanging (ঝুলন্ত) bridge over the lake. It is a major (ম্যাজর্ - বড় আকারের) tourist spot for both local and foreign visitors.

Family:

- * What kind (প্রকার) of families do you mostly see in your country?
- * What kind of family do you have?
- * Do you like it?
- * Why?

Family

In my country we mostly see traditional families. By traditional family I mean father, mother and children.

I have a traditional family with my father, mother, siblings. Yes, I do like it. The most important reason is family is very vital for us. Without having both parents, it is very difficult to have good upbringing (অপ্‌ব্রিংইং - শিক্ষাদীক্ষা).

Memorable time:

- * Describe a memorable period of your life.
- * What was the specialty (স্পেশালিটি - বিশেষত্ব) of that period?
- * Why is it memorable to you?
- * Who were present with you? (তোমার সাথে কারা ছিল?)

Memorable time

Everybody has a memorable period in their life. In my case the memorable period is my student life in high school. I went to same school from class five till class ten. I made many friends during my school years who have remained my friends till today. The speciality (স্পেশালিটি - বিশেষত্ব) of that time is we were carefree. I didn't have to worry about anything beside my studies. The reason it is memorable to me because of the innocence of that period. Life seems so simple then. I still remember that time with fondness. My friends were present with me.

Trip (প্রমোদসফর)

- * Where did you go?
- * Why did you take that trip?
- * What sort (ধরন) of transport did you use?
- * Why do you remember it so well?

Trip

Bangladesh is a land of rivers and lakes. There are many beautiful rivers in Bangladesh. Also, there are some beautiful lakes. I had the opportunity to visit one of these lake. It is kaptai lake in Chittagong hill tracts. After the H.S.C exam me and some of my friends went there. We stayed there for few days. After finishing my H.S.C exam we had some free time. That's why, we decided to take the trip.

We took a bus from Dhaka to Chittagong. From Chittagong, we took another bus to Kaptai. We stayed there in a motel. The reason I liked it because the scenery was charming and strikingly (স্ট্রাইকিংলি - বিস্ময়করভাবে) beautiful. There was also a hanging bridge over the lake. It is a major tourist spot for both local and foreign visitors. The reason I remember the trip because me and my friends had really good time over there.

Holidays:

- * Describe a holiday (ছুটির দিন) in our country.
- * What is the importance of holidays?
- * How do you remember (স্মরণ করা) it so well?

Holidays

All the countries in the world have holidays of their own. There are different kinds of holidays in my country. They could be categorized in two broad terms religious and cultural. For example, Eid, language day, Independence Day, Bengali new year day etc. Among the above mentioned holidays the one that is my favourite is the Bengali New Year day. The reason it is my favorite because it brings all sections of people together and renews the cultural spirit of the nation. Generally, the New Year day fall in the middle of April. On this day, we get up early in the morning and take a shower. Afterwards we take a light breakfast of traditional dish and wear the traditional clothes. Later on, we go to the Ramna Batamul and enjoy the cultural function. Artists play many Bengali songs. In the evening, we attend different cultural shows. The importance of this festival is it is the start of a Bengali New Year. This festival reflects our culture and tradition. The other reason is since it is the beginning of the Bengali New Year it gives us a sense of new beginning. There are several importances of holidays. First of all, we can remember the occasion for which we have received the holiday. Secondly, we can relax on holidays. The reason I remember it so well because we celebrate (সেলিব্রেইট - উদযাপন করা) this holiday every year.

Describe something which you intend to have in future. (তুমি ভবিষ্যতে পাওয়ার ইচ্ছা কর এমন কোন কিছু বর্ণনা কর)

- * What is it?
- * Why is it important to you?
- * What change will be there in your life with it? (ইহা দ্বারা তোমার জীবনের কি পরিবর্তন হইবে?)

Describe something which you intend to have in future

Everyone wants something to acquire in future. It could be house, car or any other types of items. I also want to have something in future. I like to buy a luxury car. It is BMW brand seven series car. It is very comfortable car to drive around.

The reason it is important that it is very convenient (কন্ভেনিয়েন্ট - সুবিধাজনক) to have a car in Dhaka city. If you don't have a car, you always have to depend on bus which is very inconvenient. It is also a very important symbol of status. If I am able to buy that car, it would change my life significantly, Not only would it make my life comfortable but also save time when moving around.

Jobs

- * What is the main thing you want in a job – money, environment or designation (ডেভিগ্‌নেইশন্ - পদবী)? (একটি চাকুরী থেকে তুমি প্রধান কোন্ জিনিসটি চাও- টাকা, কাজের পরিবেশ, বা পদবী?)
- * Why do you choose (ছন্ - পছন্দ করা) this?
- * How can you develop your career (পেশা) with the above requirements (রিকোইয়ার্মেন্ট - প্রয়োজনীয় জিনিস)?

Jobs

People want different kinds of things from job. Some want money. Other wants designation or environment. As for myself, I want the job environment.

The reason I prefer job environment over other because it is vital to have a friendly and fair atmosphere at work. Without a good relationship with colleagues you can't have a good working environment. By having a good environment, I can advance my career. If I have good working relationship with my boss and co-workers, it would definitely increase my career prospect (প্রস্পেক্ট - সম্ভাবনা).

Job

- * What sort (ধরণ) of jobs do you want?
- * In which designation would you like to see yourself?
- * What type of environment do you want?
- * What would be the working hours (চাকরিতে মোট যত ঘন্টা সময় কাজ করতে হয়)?

Job

There are different types of jobs available. People take job according to their preference, and salary demand. For myself I prefer to work in an educational institute. I want to get myself employed as a faculty. The reason I want that type of job because I think I would really enjoy working as a teacher. Also, it would fit my intellectual capability. I want an good academic enviourment at my work place. Having a good relationship with my co-workers is also very important. The ideal working hours for me should be from 10am to 4 pm. The reason I want this working hours so that I am free to pursue (পার্সু - কোন কিছু পিছু ছোটা) other things in free time.

Sports (ক্রীড়া প্রতিযোগিতা)

- * What type of games (গেইম্‌স্ - খেলাধুলা) do children like?
- * How can they play these games?
- * Where do they play?
- * What will be the future games for children?

Sports

Sport is something we play for recreation and for physical activity. Children prefer different types of games such as football, cricket etc. They can play these games by getting together with children from the neighbourhood.

They generally play these games in front of their house. Or they play in the nearby field. I think in future they might like different types of sports. They might be interested in computer games.

Tourism

- * What do you understand by tourism?
- * What should be done in order to develop our tourism sector?
- * How can tourism (সরকার কর্তৃক প্রমোদশ্রমণের ব্যবসায়) be beneficial (হিতকর) to a country?

Tourism

By tourism we mean going to a place to visit. It could either at home or in foreign country. Generally, tourists come to visit sea beaches, famous buildings etc. In order to develop our tourism sector, government can take several steps. First of all, they should build more hotels and motels. Secondly, they should improve the

communication system and improve the order system. Finally, they should start a publicity campaign to attract foreign tourists.

Tourism can be very beneficial for (বেনেফিশিয়াল - উপকারী) a country. It can bring valuable foreign exchange. In addition, it can create at many jobs related to tourism. Also, it can help in exchanging culture.

Garden

- * Give the difference between a garden and a park.
- * Which one do you like?
- * Why do you like it?

Garden

Garden is a place with different types of plants and trees. Park is a place where people go for a walk or to relax. Generally, garden are created by people and park is created by local government.

I prefer garden because anybody with an open space can make a garden. It is also a place where I can go to relax. In addition, we can grow many fruits and vegetable in a garden.

Animal

- * What is the difference between wild (ওআইল্ড - বন্য) animals and domestic (গৃহপালিত) animals?
- * What type of animals do we keep in our house?
- * Why do we keep these animals?

Animal

There are some differences between wild animals and domestic animals. Domestic animals are kept at home and it gives us certain benefits. On the other hand, wild animals are animals that stay in jungle. Wild animals can't be kept at home. The other difference is some of the domestic animals can be used as food. Generally, we keep cow, goat, dog, cat in our house.

The reason we keep these animals because we get some benefits. For example, if some one keeps a cow he can get milk. In addition, by keeping a dog we can protect our house. Besides, domestic animals can be used as a source (সোর্স - উৎস) of meat.

T.V. Program

- * What is your favourite T.V. Program?
- * Why do you like it?
- * What is the importance of this program in our society?

T.V program

There are different kinds of programs shown on T.V. these days. They could be classified as drama, sports program, music program, news etc. Among these programs, I prefer the news at seven on ATN channel. ATN is a privately owned t.v station. They show news and views program couple times a day.

There are several reasons I like to watch that program. First of all, after coming home after a hard days work I can sit and watch the program. Secondly, They show varieties of news such as political news, national matters, business, sports news etc. Finally, they present the news without taking any sides. So that we can get the real story.

The program has great importance in our society. Since the program is shown at different times, most of us are able to watch it. In addition, since the channel is politically neutral they are able to show news without any bias (বাইআস্ - পক্ষপাত). Also, this program keeps us informed about many things that are taking place in the country.

Success

- * How did you succeed (সফল হওয়া) in your life?
- * What were the difficulties (সমস্যাসমূহ) you faced (কোন কিছু মুখোমুখি হওয়া)?
- * How did you overcome (কাটিয়ে উঠা) these difficulties?
- * How did this success motivate (মতিভেইট্ - অনুপ্রাণিত করা) your life?

Success

The most common way to succeed in life is through hard work and determination. I also followed the same path. From my childhood, I made up my mind what I want to do in my life. I was very focused on my aim.

I faced many difficulties in fulfilling my aim. First of all, I had to get admitted in a very good school. Because, school life is the foundation of a successful career. By hard work and determination, I was able to achieve it. After finishing my high school I faced (ফেইস্ - সম্মুখিন হওয়া) another problem. The problem was to find a good college to get admitted. I also overcame (ওভারকাম্ - কেটে ওঠা) this problem by passing an admission test. After finishing college, I faced the most difficult task how to get admission in a good university. The number of seats are limited. There were many good students. But, I was determined to get admitted in a good university. Finally, my hard work paid off and I achieved my aim.

This success has a great motivation in my life. If I am determined enough and willing to work hard, I think I can achieve anything in life.

Toys

- * What kind of toys (টয় - খেলনা) do children like now?
- * Compare toys 10 years back with today's toys. (বর্তমানকালের খেলনার সাথে ১০ বৎসর আগের খেলনার তুলনা কর)
- * What kind of toys will children like in the future?

Toys

Toys are something that children play with. The variations in toys have changed with time. The kind of toys children like now is much different than previous time. Now a days, children prefer toys with electronic gadgets. Such are robots, toy car and toy computer.

Ten years ago children preferred toys with much simpler designs. But, now a days the designs of toys have become much more electronics oriented.

In future, children will prefer toys with much more upgraded design with the advancement in computer design the style of toys will change.

Season

- * Name the seasons (ঋতু) of your country
- * Do you have the same type of food for all seasons?
- * Describe some of the foods of different seasons. (বিভিন্ন ঋতুর কিছু খাবারের বর্ণনা দাও।)

Season

Bangladesh is a land of many seasons. They could be classified as summer, rainy season, winter and spring. No, the type of food is varied (ভ্যারি - ভিন্নতর হওয়া) from season to season. The fruits and vegetables generally change from season to season. Each season brings special kind of vegetables. During the summer, we get mangoes, jackfruit, lichi and during winter we get apple and oranges.

Children's toys

- * What kind of toys do you support (সমর্থন করা) for children?
- * Name some toys which the children should not play with.
- * What are the disadvantages (অসুবিধাসমূহ) of those toys?

Children's toys

Children love to play with toys. Generally, I support educational toys for children. so that they can learn something. There are some toys children should not play with. They should not play with toy guns, vides games, mobile games etc. The disadvantage with these toys are by playing with there toys they can learn violence (ভাইওলেন্স - হিংস আচরণ) and also damage (ড্যামেইজ - ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত করা) their eyesight. Some of these children can replicate (রেপ্লিকেইট - পুনরাবৃত্তি করা) in life the things they see on these games.

Best friend

- * Who is your best friend?
- * Why is he/she your best friend?
- * When and how did he become your best friend?
- * What role does his friendship play in your life?

Best friend

Friendship is very important part of our life. We all need friends to share things. A good friend is a blessing. Friendship is a vital factor in human life. Life without friends is unthinkable. We can discuss almost anything with our friends. I have many friends and among them Rashid is my best friend. We have known each other since our childhood

We became friends from the time we were children. We used to live in the same neighborhood and played different sports together. Also, we attended same high school and college together. My best friend has many good qualities. Among his qualities the one I like most he is always honest with me. On any matter he always gives honest advice. We also share same type of interest on many subjects. Since we have been friends from our childhood, we can always depend on each other.

Journalism:

- * How do you feel about this profession (পেশা)?
- * What are the advantages of being a journalist (সাংবাদিক)?
- * What is world journalism (সাংবাদিকতা)?
- * What are the disadvantages (অসুবিধাসমূহ) of being a journalist?

Journalism

Journalism is a very well respected profession. Journalists occupy (অকিউপাই - দখল করা) a high place in society. We can see the world and our country through the eye of journalist. There are many advantages of being a journalist. They can earn a good living. Also, they have the advantages of traveling and meeting many famous people. They can also play a role in shaping (শেইপ - রূপ দেয়া বা গঠন করা) people's opinion.

World journalism means journalists who cover world affairs. World journalists cover important topic from different countries. There are some disadvantages of being journalist. In some thirld world countries, some of the journalists have been killed or threatened (থ্রেটেন - হুমকির সম্মুখিন হওয়া). Also, some journalist have also been imprisoned and some of them have been expelled (য়েক্সপেল - বহিস্কার করা) from some countries.

Modern Age:

- * What are the facilities we are receiving at this time? (বর্তমান সময়ে আমরা কি কি সুযোগ সুবিধা গ্রহণ করছি?)
- * Do you think modern age (আধুনিক যুগ) has any disadvantages?
- * What are the advantages?
- * How can we overcome (ঔভার্কাম্ - কাটিয়ে উঠা) the problems(সমস্যাসমূহ)?

Modern age

Modern age is the age of invention. Our lives have been totally transformed through these inventions. We are computer, airplanes, car and other electronic gadgets.

Yes, modern age have also some disadvantages. By having free access (অ্যাক্সেস্ - প্রবেশাধিকার) to internet people can get materials that are harmful (হার্মফুল্ - ক্ষতিকর) for the morale. Also, use of vehicles has increased pollution. Global warming can also been blamed (ব্লেইম্ - দায়ী বা কারণ হওয়া) on modern age.

There are many advantages in modern age. It has made our life comfortable and increased the life span (স্প্যান্ - আয়ুকাল) of people. Progress in medical field has eradicated (ইরেডিকেইট্ - মূলোৎপাটন করা) many diseases. Although there are some problems in modern age they can be overcome through proper planning and co-ordination in use.

Disease:

- * What is the recent most fearful (ফিয়ারফুল্ - ভয়ংকর) disease in your country?
- * What are the causes?
- * How can we prevent (প্রতিরোধ করা) the disease (রোগ)?

Disease

Bangladesh is a third world country with varieties of disease. Among these diseases, cholera and diarrhoea are the most fearful (ফীআরন্ - ফুল ভীতিকর) disease in our country. Many people die each year from these diseases.

The main cause for this disease is drinking polluted water. These are mainly water born (বোর্ন্ - বাহিত) diseases. We can prevent these diseases by having access to clean

drinking water. Also, people should use sanitary latrine. Deep tube well should be used for drinking pure water, since most of the people live in rural area.

Cooking

- * Why is cooking (রান্নাবান্না) necessary for all?
- * What is the best way of learning (শিক্ষা) cooking?
- * What can you cook (রান্না করা)?

How did you learn it?

Cooking

We have to cook food in order to make it tasty to eat and also make it easy to digest. Through cooking we can also get rid of many germs.

The best way of learning cooking is through attending a course at a culinary institute. We can learn hand on how to cook. The other method is buying a cookbook and follow the recipes. Also, there are some cooking shows on t. v. which show procedures to cook many different types of dishes. I can cook many different types of dishes? mostly local cuisine (কৃষিন্ - বিভিন্ন item এর খাবার). I enjoy making rice, lentil, chicken curry, vegetable dishes and many varieties of fish. I learned to cook dishes by attending a cooking school. Also, I watched cooking show on T.V and followed the method shown there.

Party

- * What is the best party (পার্টি - ভোজসভা; নিমন্ত্রিত ব্যক্তিবর্গ) you ever had?
- * What are the advantages of parties?
- * What are the disadvantages of parties?
- * What sort (ধরণ) of parties do you like?

Party

I had the opportunity to attend many parties in my life. Many of them were marriage parties. Others were birthday or graduation. There are some advantages of parties. The foremost among them is having a good meal. In parties, meals are served with

various types of foods which are very delicious (ডেলিশাস্ - সুস্বাদু). In addition, we get to meet many people and enjoy varieties of programs.

On the other hand, there are also some disadvantages. Some times, drinks and drugs are used in a party which are very harmful for our bodies. Generally, I like to attend marriage parties or birth day. It is really enjoyable with these kinds of accommodation. The best party I had the opportunity to attend was my cousin's wedding. It took place last year. Many relatives and friends attended the wedding.

Museum

- * Why do people go to museums (জাদুঘর)?
- * What are the lackings (ল্যাकिং - ঘাটতি) of our museums?
- * What can be done to improve (ইম্প্রুভ্ - উন্নত করা) the museums?

Museum

People go to museums to see various types of objects. Many of these objects are old and represent the history and culture of our country and others. Museums are keeper (কীভার - ধারক) of time.

Our museums have some lackings (ল্যাकिংস্ - ঘাটতি বা সীমাবদ্ধতা). They are not properly funded. Also, they have shortage (শরটেইজ্ - অভাব) of staffs. Many of the art effects are not properly maintained. The government can take several steps. Firstly, they can increase the budget of museums. Secondly, they can hire more staffs. In addition, they could try to increase the revenue by promoting (প্রমোট্ - বৃদ্ধি করা) museums and encourage people to visit museums.

Colour:

- * What is your favourite (প্রিয়) color?
- * Why is it your favourite (প্রিয়)?
- * What is the significance (সিগ্নিফিকেন্স্ - গুরুত্ব) of this colour?
- * How does this colour affect (অ্যাফেক্ট্ - প্রভাবান্বিত করা) you?

Colour

There are many colours in nature. Among these colours, my favourite color is green. There are many reasons why green is my favourite color. It is the color of nature. Bangladesh is the country of many forests. Green is the represented by nature. Also, it is the colour of freshness.

Green signifies nature and youth. It also means a new beginning. The color green has a positive impact on me. Wherever I look at something green, it always refreshes my mind.

Sports:

- * Why are sports important?
- * What type (ধরন) of sport do you like?
- * What is the importance (গুরুত্ব) of this sport in your country?

Sports

Sports are important for several seasons. First of all, it is good for our health. Secondly, it refreshes both of our mind and body. Finally, people who take part in sports live a long and healthy life. There are various type of sports. Among them, I prefer football and cricket. I generally play these sports with my friends during weekend and holidays.

Both of these sports are very popular in Bangladesh. Football is the most popular sport in our country. Many people participate (পার্টিসিপেইট্ - অংশগ্রহণ করা) in this sport. Cricket has also gained a huge following (Supports) in Bangladesh. In the last few years the national team has achieved (অ্যাচীভ্ - অর্জন করা) a lot of success.

Jobs:

- * What type of jobs (চাকরী) do you like?
- * Why do you like such jobs?
- * What changes (পরিবর্তন) would you make in your office?

Jobs

There are various types of jobs available in Bangladesh. For example, banking, garment, manufacturing these are all available in Bangladesh. Among these types of jobs, I prefer to work in a bank.

There are many reasons I would like to work in a bank. First of all, it is a very rewarding carrier. People who work in a bank can earn a very good living. It is also a very honorable profession. In my office I would like to make some changes. I would like to have a computer on the desk. Also, many different types of furnitures in the office.

Photograph:

- * What is your favourite photograph (আলোকচিত্র)?
- * What is the importance of this photograph?
- * How can we develop our photography sector (আলোকচিত্র বিদ্যার ক্ষেত্র)?

Photograph

I have many photographs in my house. Among these photographs, the one that is my favourite is the old picture of my grand father. The picture was taken thirty years ago. The photograph is very important to me for several reasons. I loved my grand father very much. He passed away long time ago. Whenever I look at this photograph, it reminds (রিমাইন্ড্ - স্মরণ করিয়ে দেয়া) me of him. There are several steps that can be taken to improve our photography section. We can start new courses on photography in school. Also, many latest books should be imported.

Your city

- * What are the specialties (বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ) of the city from which you come?
- * What are the drawbacks (অসুবিধাসমূহ) of your city?
- * What can be done to overcome these problems?

Your city

I came from Dhaka which is a mega city. It has a population of 14 million. It is also the political and business capital of Bangladesh. Many famous educational institutions and business establishments are situated in Dhaka. People from all walks of life come to Dhaka in search of (ইন্সার্চ্ অফ্ - খোঁজে) job or for a better education. Dhaka has also some drawbacks (ড্রব্যাক্ন্স্ - অসুবিধাবলী; সীমাবদ্ধতা). The most important is its over population. Since it has a huge population, it is always overcrowded. Always many civic facilities are not available for most residents; Another problem is the traffic jam. It takes a long time to go from one place to other and waste a lot of time. To over come these problems, government can take some steps. First of all, Some of

the offices should be moved outside of Dhaka. Also, many schools, colleges need to be established outside of Dhaka. That will reduce (রিডিউস - কমিয়ে দেয়া) the population pressure. Also the government should try to build many roads to ease traffic congestion (কন্জেশন).

Academic Subject:

- * What is your favourite academic subject?
- * How did you get interested (আগ্রহান্বিত) in this subject?
- * How will this subject help you to build (গঠন করা) your future?
- * What is the quality of education on this subject?

Academic Subject

I like many subjects. Among the subjects geography is my favourite subject. Geography is the subject that deals with different region of the world and its structure. I first became interested in geography when I was in high school. In my ninth and tenth grade I studied this subject. My geography teacher was very interesting and made the subject very easy to understand.

Geography has a very bright prospect in Bangladesh. There is a shortage of people with background in geography. People with geography background can work in high school and college as a teacher. Also, they can make a carrier in the weather department. The quality of education on geography is not satisfactory. There is a shortage of teacher and materials to teach the subject.

An invention (ইন্ভেনশন্ - আবিষ্কার) before computer age:

- * What is it?
- * How did people use it?
- * Why did they use it?
- * What are the advantages and disadvantages of that invention?

An invention before computer age

There are many inventions before computer age. Among these, the one that is most noteworthy (নোটেওয়ারদি - উল্লেখযোগ্য বা বিখ্যাত) is the invention of telephone. Although we take it for granted, now a days it is unthinkable of our life without it.

Telephone is a very simple instrument to use. There are certain digits on the set. All we have to do to dial these numbers. The reason this invention came about is to talk to a person without visiting him. Before telephone if we have to talk to somebody we have to be present in front of him physically. But, telephone has removed the barrier. Telephone has many advantages. First of all it has removed the physical barrier. We can talk to anybody anywhere anytime in the world. Also, there are certain disadvantages. Telephone can be misused. It should be used only when necessary. Sometimes, it is used without being required. Also, young people spend a lot of time using it. It can be harmful (হার্মফুল - ক্ষতিকর) for them.

A film you have seen about a historical event (ঐতিহাসিক ঘটনা):

- * What is the name of the film (চলচ্চিত্র)?
- * When did you see it?
- * What is the film about?
- * How did it affect (প্রভাবিত করা) you?

A film you have seen about a historical event

I have the opportunity to see many movies. Many of these movies are various types. Among these movies, I want to talk about a movie I saw about historical event. The name of the movie is Ten Commandments. The movie was based on Moses taking his people from Egypt.

I saw this movie about five years ago. The film is about Moses and ruler of Egypt. Small who was very cruel. Egypt was full of misrules and Moses protested against his misrule. So, the ruler forced him to escape from Egypt and the ruler was drowned in the river Nile. I was very much impressed about it. It shows the fight between. Good evil good will always.

A job you would like to do in the future:

- * Which job is it?
- * Why do you choose (পছন্দ করা) it?
- * What can be the disadvantages?

A job you would like to do in the future

Every person has a choice about what they like to do in future. I also have a job that I like to do in future. I want to be a diplomat. Diplomat represents their country abroad. They are the representatives of their country and protect its interest there.

There are some reasons why I choose to be a diplomat. First of all, it is a very rewarding carrier. Secondly, we can represent our country abroad and bring in needed investment from foreign countries. Finally, we can serve our country and make a good living doing it. There are also some disadvantages. We have to stay away for our country for few years. In addition, if we are sent to a country with poor relation, it can make the job much more difficult.

A quiet (কোয়াইয়ট্ - শান্ত; নিরিবিলি) place you enjoy visiting:

- * Which is the place?
- * Where is it?
- * What kind of environment (য়েন্ডাইরন্মেন্ট - পরিবেশ) does it have?
- * Why do you like it?

A quiet place you enjoy visiting

There are many places in Dhaka city which is peaceful and quiet (কুআইয়েট্ - শান্ত). Among these places I enjoy visiting is a park called Ramna park. The park is situated close to the Roads and highway building. It covers a large area with a large lake. There are also many benches to sit and relax.

The environment of the park is very nice with lots of places to take a walk and sit down. Many people go there to take a walk or to sit down and relax. With a lake in it the view (ভিউ - দৃশ্য) is quite (কুআইট্ - খুব) beautiful. Many people take a boat to ride in the lake. The reason I like it because the place is very tranquil and the air is fresh in the morning. I can refresh my mind and body by visiting the place.

A politician (রাজনীতিবিদ) you admire (প্রশংসা করা):

- * Who is the person?
- * How did you know about him?
- * What are his good qualities (গুণাগুণ)?
- * What did he do for the country?

A politician you admire

There are many politicians in Bangladesh. Among these politicians only a few are admirable (অ্যাড্‌মাইরেইবল্ - প্রশংসারযোগ্য). Among these politicians, the person I admire most is the founder father of our. He is Bangabandu Sheik Mujibor Rahaman.

We know about him from the history books and from our elders. Although the younger generations have not seen him, they are still inspired by his contribution to

our country. He was blessed with many qualities. The most important was that he could inspire the people and connect with the masses (মাস্ - জনগণ). He spent a big part of his life in prison to lead the independence movement. Without his contribution, the independence might have been delayed. His guidance and struggle during the war is unmatched (আন্ম্যারএইব্ল - অতুলনীয়).

A Book you read at school:

- * What is the name of the book?
- * What is the book about?
- * How did it create (ক্রিয়েইট্ - সৃষ্টি করা) influence (প্রভাব) on you?

A book read at school

I had the opportunity to read many books in my student life. Among these books, I like to talk about one particular book. The name of the book is 'war and peace'. The book was written by famed novelist Leo Tolostoy.

The timeline of the book is set during the invasion of Russia by Napeolean. It depicts (ডেপিক্ট্ - বর্ণনা/তুলে ধরা) the damage done to the country and relation between humans and sentimental feeling between some people. I was very much influenced by reading this book. The depth of writing was amazing (অ্যামেইঝিং - বিস্ময়কর). The creativity of the writer was unbelievable. I also learned a lot about the history of that particular time.

Your view on computer games:

- * What is your opinion (মতামত) about it?
- * Why do you think like that?
- * Did it create (ক্রিয়েইট্ - সৃষ্টি করা) any impact (প্রভাব) in our country?-
- * How?

Your view on computer games

Computer games are games that are played on computer. Generally, mostly young people play computer games. It is a nice way to pass time and use the analytical skills. The reason I like that it is a nice way to spend time and it doesn't cost much money. Anybody can play these games and it is quite enjoyable.

It has created a positive impact on our country. Most people who have computer can play these games. It also sharpen (শার্পেন্ - শাণিত করা) our skills as we have to use our brain to play these games. Although it is not harmful for anybody, it is a nice way to spend time.

Competition:

- * Is it necessary in life?
- * What is the advantage of competition (প্রতিযোগিতা)?
- * What is the disadvantage?

Competition

By competition we mean rivalry among people for something. It could be job or sport or for anything else. We all have to face competition from tender age.

From getting admitted to school to getting a job, we all have to face competition in our life. Yes, it is necessary in life. There advantage of competition. Only the best and the brightest come out of competition. We can choose the best person for any post on anything else from competition. Without it anybody can get ahead. There are also some disadvantages in competition. If the competition is not fair, then the right person may not win. Besides, it can put pressure on young children by having to face competition in such an early age.

Equipment

- * What kind of equipment (সরঞ্জাম) is necessary for daily life?
- * How is it useful? (ইহা কিভাবে উপকারে আসে?)
- * How long have you been using it?
- * What are the importance of a modern equipment (আধুনিক যন্ত্রপাতি বা সরঞ্জাম)?

Equipment

We all have to use different kinds of equipments in our daily life. Equipments have made our life much more comfortable. I use various types of equipments everyday. Among these equipments, I want to talk about mobile phone. It has become part of my everyday life. Mobile phone has various advantages. It has removed the distance between people. We can reach almost anybody anytime. It is also much cheaper than land phone.

I have been using the mobile phone for last five years. It has made my life much easier and simpler. Modern equipments are important for several reasons. It has removed hard work and waste of time. It has also made our life much more comfortable.

Song:

- * Describe a song you like.
- * What type of song is it?
- * When did you first hear that song? (তুমি কখন সেই গানটি প্রথম শুনেছিলে?)

Song

I enjoy listening to various types of songs. They could be modern music, folk song or rabindra sangeet. Today, I like to describe a song I particularly like. It is a rabindra sangeet. The title of the song is *Zakan parbe na mor payer chinaa aye bate*. It means when I am no longer will be in this world, but my memory will remain. It is an emotional song. It is written by Rabindranat Tagore. Wherever I listen to that song, I get quite emotional. It brings out the connective feeling with other people. I first heard that song about ten years ago. I really enjoy listening to that song.

Child's Toys

- * What kind of toys did you have in your childhood (বাল্যকাল)?
- * Who gave (দিয়েছিল) you those toys?
- * What did you do with those toys (খেলা)?

Child's toys

I got different types of toys during my childhood. They were of various types. It could be classified as small cars, trains on different kinds of sports equipments. My parents and other relatives gave me these toys. Some of them were birthday gifts. Most of toys are damaged or lost. I played with those toys.

Apartment (অ্যাপার্টমেন্ট - কোন অট্টালিকার স্বয়ংসম্পূর্ণ কক্ষ)

- * Where do you think apartments should be built? (কোথায় apartment তৈরী করা উচিত বলে তুমি মনে কর?)
- * What should be the internal facilities (আভ্যন্তরীণ সুযোগ-সুবিধাসমূহ)?
- * What should be the external (বাহ্যিক) facilities?
- * With whom would you want to stay there? (তুমি কার সাথে সেখানে অবস্থান করতে চাইতে?)

Apartment

Apartment is a place where we live. They could be built almost anywhere. In my opinion the ideal place to build an apartment is the part of the town with good communication facilities. The reason for it is that we can go anywhere from our place very easily.

There should be several internal facilities in the apartment. For example, there should be at least three or four rooms. Most of these rooms should be spacious (স্পেসি়াস - চওড়া). Besides, there should be also two bathrooms at least and a balcony where people can go and sit. There should be some external facilities. For example, the building should have an elevator. Also, the building where the apartment is located should have security system and a playground. I would want to stay there with my family.

Close friend (ঘনিষ্ঠ বন্ধু):

- * When did you meet him/her?
- * What do you do when you are together? (তোমরা একত্র হলে কি কর?)
- * What kind of responsibilities (দায়-দায়িত্ব) does your friend have towards the other friends? (তোমার বন্ধুদের অন্যান্য বন্ধুর প্রতি কি ধরনের দায়িত্ব আছে?)

Close Friend

I have many friends. Among them the one who is closest to me is my friend Rashid. He is my friend since my childhood. We went to the same school and college and also like same type of things.

When we are together, we go to the park or movies or talk about many things. I can discuss almost anything with him. He always gives me his honest opinion about anything. My friend is also very friendly with my other friends. Whenever my other friends are in need of something or have some kinds of problems, they can always talk with my close friend, He always tries his best to help them.

Garden:

- * Describe a garden you often visit. (একটি বাগানের বর্ণনা দাও যেখানে তুমি প্রায়ই যাও)
- * Why do you like to go there?
- * With whom do you go?
- * What is the importance (গুরুত্ব) of that garden?

Garden

There are many nice gardens in Dhaka city. Among these gardens the one I visit most is Balda Garden. It is situated at Wari. It is very old garden. The reason I like to visit the garden is that they have many rare plants and flowers in that garden which are not

available anywhere else. It also refreshes my mind and body. Whenever I have some free time, I like to visit the garden.

I like to go there with my friend. The garden is only place in Bangladesh where some rare plants and flowers are available. The location of the garden is also very convenient. As it is a very old garden, it also has a long history.

House:

- * Do you live in a house or apartment?
- * What are the things you have outside/around your house? (তোমার বাড়ীর বাহিরে/চারপাশে কি কি জিনিস আছে?)
- * What do you have inside (ভিতরে) your house?
- * Do you like to stay in your house? Why? (তুমি কি তোমার বাড়ীতে থাকতে পছন্দ কর? কেন?)

House

I live in a house. It is situated at Kamalapur. There are many things outside our house. We also have some apartment buildings beside our house. Also, there is a play ground beside the building. In addition, there is a garden outside the house. Inside the house, there are five rooms and two bathrooms. Also, there is a balcony in the house. We have many furniture's inside the house. In the drawing room, there is a showcase and some sofas.

Yes, I like to stay in the house because it is really comfortable living there. Also, the location is very convenient. I can go almost anywhere in Dhaka from my house within a short time. The bus station and train station are nearby. Dhaka is a mega city. Many of the people have their own house living in an apartment. In the dining room, we have a T.V. Also we have three bed rooms in the house. All of the rooms are well furnished.

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